Aeneas programme
Programme for financial and technical assistance to third countries in the area of migration and asylum

Overview of projects funded 2004 - 2006
1. Introduction

Since 2001, the Commission has undertaken to incorporate issues related to migration and asylum systematically in its political dialogues with third countries, to propose comprehensive approaches on migration and to mainstream these questions in its development cooperation strategies. As regards cooperation, and in parallel to the contribution through the geographical instruments, the Commission implemented between 2004 - 2006 a specific thematic instrument (the “Aeneas” programme), which succeeded the preparatory actions financed from the budget heading B7-667 between 2001 and 2003, with a view to assisting third countries in their efforts for better managing migratory flows.

The duration of the Aeneas programme, initially created to cover the period 2004-2008, was finally shortened to three years (2004-2006) during which migration related projects for an amount of about € 120 million have been financed.

The general objective of the AENEAS programme was to provide financial and technical assistance to third countries that is specific and complementary in relation to other programmes with a view to support these countries’ efforts to better manage migration flows in all its aspects. The programme provided a crosscutting Community framework that strengthen cooperation between EU actors, third countries and the international actors involved in migration issues, with a view to encouraging a greater understanding of the challenges and joint efforts to find balanced and mutually satisfactory solutions.

More specifically, as defined by the Regulation (EC) n.491/2004 of 10 March 2004 which has established the Aeneas programme, the latter was aimed at promoting the cooperation between the Community and third countries by contributing in the third countries concerned, and in partnership with those countries, principally to the following objectives:

(a) the development of their legislation in the field of legal immigration, in particular as regards admission rules, the rights and status of persons admitted, equal treatment of legal residents, integration and non-discrimination as well as measures to combat racism and xenophobia;

(b) the development of legal migration, in accordance with an analysis of the demographic, economic and social situation in the countries of origin and in the host countries and of the host countries' reception capacity, as well as the raising of public awareness of the advantages of legal migration and the consequences of illegal migration;

(c) the development of their legislation and national practices as regards international protection, with a view to their complying with the provisions of the Geneva Convention of 1951 on the status of refugees and of the Protocol of 1967 and other relevant international instruments, to ensuring observance of the principle of 'non refoulement' and to improving the capacity of the third countries concerned which receive asylum seekers and refugees;

(d) the establishment in the third countries concerned of an effective and preventive policy in the fight against illegal migration, including the fight against trafficking in human beings and smuggling of migrants, and the development of relevant legislation;

(e) the readmission, in full respect of the law, and durable reintegration, into the third country concerned of persons who have illegally entered or remained on the territory of Member States or of persons who have unsuccessfully applied for asylum in the European Union or benefited from international protection there.

All these different strands were developed in a balanced manner within the framework of the implementation of the Aeneas programme, through supporting 107 projects which were
presented by different types of applicants, covering a broad range of regions and countries. Here follows an overview of all projects financed during this period, with a summary description of each project.

An evaluation of the Programme will be carried out by a team of experts external to the European Commission in the second half of the year 2008.

Additional information on the overall Aeneas programme or through specific projects can be found at the following website:


or by contacting

Marlene.Vermorken@ec.europa.eu
1. African and Mediterranean migratory routes

| Title: | MIGR/2005/103-417
| | Accompagnement à l’amélioration des conditions d’accueil et de protection des mineurs de 14 ans regroupés en provenance du territoire de la Communauté de Madrid (Espagne). |
| Programme | Aeneas |
| Year of funding | 2004 |
| Overall budget | € 3.104.978 |
| EC contribution | € 1.999.999 |
| Implementing Partners | Dirección general d'immigration de la coopération pour le développement et du volontariat de la communauté de Madrid |
| Location | Morocco |
| Sub-sector | Return and reintegration |
| Project Duration | 24/12/2005 - 23/12/2008 |
| Beneficiaries | L’Entraide Nationale |

Project Summary

Objectives
La mise en place et l’institutionnalisation de mécanismes de retour qui impliquent la réadmission et le regroupement de manière immédiate et dans le respect du droit des mineurs de 14 ans ainsi que la consolidation des conditions locales d’intégration familiales et sociales.

Activities
- Sensibilisation on the topic in Madrid
- Establishment of working return mechanism (detection, minors brigade, reception, family reunification, documentation)
- Action Plan and cooperation with all relevant authorities in Morocco
- Counselling for Moroccan families so that they accept the return of the minor
- 2 specialised reception centres in Morocco for minors not accepted by families
- Educational and reinsertion work in centres
- Training of staff of centres and ‘Entraide Nationale’
- Publication for dissemination

Results and lessons learned
- Un mécanisme de retour dans lequel les familles interviennent et sollicitent le regroupement familial est établi.
- La réadmission s’effectue de manière immédiate
- Le nombre de mineurs regroupés augmente de plus de 100% par an (par rapport à 2004 où 25 mineurs ont été regroupés).
- Les deux centres spécifiques d’accueil de mineurs regroupés sont préparés et s’intègrent dans le réseau existant des centres de protection des mineurs et assurent une intervention spécifiques auprès des mineurs regroupés.
- Les mineurs regroupés soient réinsérés dans le système éducatif formel, non formel ou professionnel.
- L’Entraide Nationale et l’IMMF continuent l’intervention conjointe initiée dans ce projet.
- Le projet génère des conclusions et recommandations afin d’améliorer les mécanismes de protection et de réintégration des mineurs non accompagnés
Project Summary

Objectives
This project – in the framework of the EU-Libya dialogue – aims at enhancing the cooperation between Libya and Niger in border control and fight against illegal migration, with special reference to irregular migratory flows from Sub-Saharan Africa transiting the two countries to reach the coasts of Southern Italy and then other European countries. The project’s specific objective is to contribute to the enhancement of policies and practices to prevent and combat illegal migration, trafficking and smuggling of (transit) migrants in Libya and Niger.

Activities
- To conduct a survey on illegal migrants transiting Niger and Libya (modalities, routings, main features of criminal groups dealing with migrants' trafficking); and to assess the organization of the national services in charge of immigration and borders in Libya and Niger.
- Information sharing; Based on the result of the survey, to organise a technical seminar, with the participation of representatives and experts from Italy, Libya, Niger and IOM. The seminar will assess the outcomes of the survey, and the result should be an overview of illegal migration in the target region, as well as on specific needs and priorities in terms of capacity building and training.
- Based on the outcome of the survey and the technical seminar, to conduct training and capacity building activities focussing in particular on: a) Border control techniques and detection of false documents, b) Fight against trafficking in human beings and smuggling of migrants, assistance and protection of victims, c) Illegal migration management and d) Search and Rescue maritime operations.

Results and lessons learned
- Better knowledge of illegal migration dynamics in respective territories acquired by authorities and administrations in charge of migration management and border control in Libya and Niger
- Background information available to possibly integrate/amend legislation in force with a view to future improvement of legal framework
- Management and organizational capacities improved
- Basic technical equipment to counter criminal activities linked to illegal migration available
- Bilateral cooperation developed to improve mutual knowledge of reference organization and services and effectiveness of control along common border
- Qualified trainers trained, in a multiplier effect perspective.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Title:</th>
<th>MIGR/2005/103-456 Program de renforcement et de soutien au dialogue et la gestion des migrations irrégulières et de transit au Maghreb en provenance de l’Afrique de l’Ouest</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Programme</td>
<td>Aeneas</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Year of funding</td>
<td>2004</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Overall budget</td>
<td>€ 1.977.245,56</td>
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<tr>
<td>EC contribution</td>
<td>€ 1.561.245,56</td>
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<tr>
<td>Implementing Partners</td>
<td>International Organisation for Migration</td>
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<tr>
<td>Location</td>
<td>EU, Maghreb, Cameroun, Ghana, Mali, Niger, Nigeria, Sénégal</td>
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<tr>
<td>Sub-sector</td>
<td>Irregular migration</td>
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<tr>
<td>Project Duration</td>
<td>14/12/2005 – 14/12/2008</td>
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<tr>
<td>Beneficiaries</td>
<td>Relevant government services from the participating states</td>
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</table>

**Project Summary**

**Objectives**

Lancement d’un processus multirégional au niveau politique et initiation d’un mécanisme pilote au niveau technique, se traduisant concrètement par le lancement d’un dialogue multirégional réunissant 21 pays appartenant à trois ensembles géographiques distincts (5 pays maghrébins, six pays Africains sub-sahariens et 10 pays Européens); la tenue de 6 réunions techniques regroupant soit l’ensemble des experts de tous les pays ou ceux des pays de transit et d’origine pour la mise en place d’un système décentralisé de collecte, traitement et échange d'informations; la mise en œuvre de 5 programmes de formation et renforcement des capacités institutionnelles des cinq pays de transit Maghrébins et six pays d’origine sub-sahariens; la conduite d’une campagne d’information ciblée à destination des communautés concernées au sein des six pays d’origine; la production et mise à disposition des gouvernements et responsables de cinq outils de référence pour l’aide à la prise de décision et/ou formation, ainsi que d’un ensemble de supports média pour l’information et sensibilisation des migrants potentiels.

**Activities**

- Organisation d’une conférence avec la participation des représentants des pays d’origine, de transit et de destination pour l’échange d’expériences et la sensibilisation de toutes les parties concernées quant à la nature des défis en présence et la nécessité d’une réponse globale et concertée.
- Organisation d’une réunion technique entre experts des pays d’origine, de transit et de destination.
- Elaboration d’un Rapport analytique global dressant un état des lieux de la situation migratoire dans l’ensemble des régions concernées.
- Programme pour la mise en place de mécanismes et procédures innovatrices d’identification des migrants irréguliers et de coordination entre pays de transit et pays d’origine.
- Programme pour la mise en place de mécanismes de coordination entre pays de transit et pays de destination en vue de l’identification, l’étude, et l’analyse des tendances du phénomène migratoire irrégulier en provenance d’Afrique sub-saharienne.
- Programme de formation et renforcement des capacités institutionnelles des pays de transit en matière de gestion des migrations irrégulières via le Maghreb
- Programme de formation et renforcement des capacités institutionnelles des pays d’origine d’Afrique sub-saharienne, en matière de ressources humaines et techniques en charge de la gestion des migrations, notamment les migrations irrégulières et de transit.
- Campagnes d’information ciblées auprès des migrants potentiels au sein des pays d’origine

**Results and lessons learned**

- Renforcement du dialogue et des mécanismes de suivi et de coordination
- Coopération technique en matière de renforcement des capacités institutionnelles des pays de transit et d’origine
- Campagnes d’information auprès des migrants potentiels au sein des pays d’origine
Title: MIGR/2005/103-484
Strengthening Protection and Durable Solutions for Asylum Seekers and Refugees in Egypt.

Programme: Aeneas
Year of funding: 2004
Overall budget: € 654,947
EC contribution: € 524,058
Implementing Partners: United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees
Location: Egypt
Sub-sector: Asylum
Project Duration: 02/05/2006 – 31/12/2007
Beneficiaries: Relevant government officials, NGO personnel, the media, the judiciary, refugees and asylum-seekers.

Project Summary

Objectives
- The overall objective is to supporting institutional capacity-building, so as to allow the gradual transfer of refugee status determination and assistance to the Egyptian government.
  - Promoting a national legislative framework on asylum through advocacy and institutional capacity-building.
  - Increasing the active involvement of NGOs and other interested actors in effectively supporting refugees and asylum-seekers and establishing a protection network.
  - Enhancing public awareness to foster a positive and respectful attitude towards refugees and active tolerance.
  - Strengthening the ability of refugees to attain a greater level of self-reliance that will facilitate their eventual integration into the social, economic and cultural fabric of the host society.

Activities
- Asylum Capacity Building
- Judicial Capacity Building
- Strengthening NGO Capacity and Partnership for Protection
- Strengthening Public Opinion and Community Relations
- Empowering Refugees for Protection and Solutions

Results and lessons learned
- The knowledge and skills of officials from relevant government departments, the judiciary, and NGOs on international refugee protection standards and durable solutions have been strengthened.
- Public information campaigns have promoted an environment conducive to the reception and humane treatment of asylum-seekers and refugees.
- Building up a network of human rights NGOs and other civil society actors that will be able to speak out when international standards are not respected has helped to improve standards for refugees.
- Increased access to education, vocational training, and job placement opportunities for refugees will lead to a greater level of self-reliance.
- Local NGOs have increased knowledge, technical expertise and management skills to provide effective service delivery to refugee populations.
- By empowering refugee community organisations through capacity building activities, the project has assisted them to become more self-sufficient and better meet the needs of their members through appropriately targeted, professional and sustainable services.
**Title:** MIGR/2005/103-526  
Title Programme for the Enhancement of Transit and Irregular Migration Management in Libya (TRIM)

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<th>Programme</th>
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<td>Implementing Partners</td>
<td>International Organisation for Migration</td>
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<td>Location</td>
<td>Libya</td>
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<tr>
<td>Sub-sector</td>
<td>Irregular migration</td>
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<tr>
<td>Project Duration</td>
<td>1/04/2006 – 31/07/2008</td>
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<tr>
<td>Beneficiaries</td>
<td>Stranded irregular migrants in Libya and the officials and staff of the Libyan ministries/agencies with migration management functions.</td>
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</tbody>
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**Project Summary**

**Objectives**
To support the government of Libya in taking timely and effective action to respond, in a humane and orderly manner, to the growing challenges posed by the increased irregular migration to and via Libya, while laying the groundwork for a sustainable, long term approach to migration management, in cooperation with the concerned countries of origin, transit and destination.

**Activities**
- Enhancement of reception conditions for stranded irregular migrants in Libya;
- Assisted Voluntary Return programmes for 2000 irregular migrants, including social and economic reintegration assistance in three key origin countries;
- Information campaigns in origin and transit countries;
- Dialogue with relevant origin, transit and destination countries.

**Results and lessons learned**
- 2,000 stranded migrants who have opted to return voluntarily will have been assisted to return to their countries of origin, with those from three selected countries assisted through tailored reintegration schemes.
- 100,000 migrants and potential migrants, both in Libya and in targeted origin countries, will have been provided with information on the risks of irregular migration and, for the Libyan group, information about assisted voluntary return options.
- Mid to high level Libyan officials are better positioned to manage reception according to international standards.
- Policy, legal and regulatory frameworks for reception centres have been reviewed and drafted to better approximate international standards, including in the provision of health services for irregular migrants.
- Selected officials with migration functions have upgraded skills on temporary reception centre management issues.
- The most cost-effective means of returns to various sites have been identified, with the capacity for up-scaling to much larger return populations if needs be.
- Database to register data and information on migratory trends in the region have been set up and serving both at local and international level for statistical and analysis purposes.
- Reintegration referral networks have been established in selected countries of origin.
- Further dialogue and cooperation have been supported between countries of origin and destination, and scope for information sharing based on a common understanding of migration management challenges have been upgraded.
Title: MIGR/2005/103-534
Project Réseau Afrique/Migration : renforcement de l’engagement opérationnel et de la collaboration régionale des acteurs de la société civile sur la gestion des flux migratoires de transit dans le Maghreb

Programme
Year of funding 2004
Overall budget € 1.637.804
EC contribution € 1.307.131
Implementing Partners Comitato, Internazionale per lo Sviluppo dei popoli (CISP)
Location Algeria, Morocco, Tunisia and Libya
Sub-sector Migration management
Project Duration 16/12/2005 – 16/12/2008
Beneficiaries Institutions impliquées dans la gestion du phénomène de la migration, les ONG locales, les organisations de la société civile, les organisations communautaire de base.

Project Summary

Objectives
Le projet veut contribuer à l’amélioration des capacités de gestion du phénomène de la migration de l’Afrique sub-saharienne de la part des gouvernements et, plus en général, de la société des pays du Maghreb. Le projet veut aussi renforcer l’engagement opérationnel et la collaboration régionale des acteurs de la société civile en matière de gestion des flux migratoires, en particulier la migration illégale et le trafic des êtres humains.

Activities
• Formation des organisations partenaires impliquées dans la mise en place des services auprès des migrants.
• Formation des opérateurs au travail de proximité.
• Mise en place/élargissement des services en faveur des migrants.
• Création et renforcement des liens avec les institutions publiques locales en lien avec les activités fournies aux migrants.
• Récolte des données sur la réalité de la migration clandestines sub-saharienne dans le Maghreb.
• Organisation de la publication du « Rapport annuel sur la migration clandestine » associé à l’organisation de 3 « Universités d’été » sur la thématique de la Migration de transit et ses enjeu.
• Elaboration des supports d’information et diffusion des supports en faveur des populations locales.
• Activités d’échange et rencontres de réflexion en faveur des institutions publiques et société civile.
• Appui à l’organisation d’activités formatives et d’animation
• Organisation d’un système informatique centré sur la création d’un portail web et des services annexes

Results and lessons learned
• Un ensemble de services en faveur des immigrés illégaux est actif grâce aux organisations partenaires
• Perception et informations accrues sur la réalité de la migration par l'opinion publique et les autorités locales des pays du Maghreb
• Le réseau Afrique Migration renforcé et élargi en nombre de membres et en capacité opérationnelle
Title: MIGR/2005/103-558
Enhancing civil society participation in human rights management of migration and asylum in the Southern Mediterranean and Middle East

Programme: Aeneas
Year of funding: 2004
Overall budget: € 669,499
EC contribution: € 535,598
Implementing Partners: Euro-Mediterranean Human Rights Network (EMHRN)
Location: Morocco, Algeria, Tunisia, Egypt, Jordan, Syria, Palestine, Lebanon, Libya
Sub-sector: Migration and asylum management
Project Duration: 2/12/2005 – 2/12/2008
Beneficiaries: NGOs in the Southern Mediterranean and the Middle East

Project Summary

Objectives

The overall objective of this program is to provide specific assistance to NGOs in the Southern Mediterranean and the Middle East by:

- Developing regional dialogue on asylum and promoting regional and sub-regional civil society collaboration on human rights based management of migratory flows;
- Strengthening the available expertise among NGOs regarding human rights based approaches to the management of migration, refugees and asylum seekers.

Activities

1) Creating a NGO Forum on Migration and Refugees and developing Networking through the build-up of a Working group;

2) 4 Field Studies on:
   - The experience of forced migrants and asylum seekers in travelling through the Mashrek and coming to Europe;
   - NGO presence and activities in relation to forced migrants and asylum seekers in Lebanon, Syria, Jordan and Egypt as well as analysing the legal environment in which the NGOs act;
   - Violence against women in migration, women in economic or political migration (emigration, displacement, and refugees), i.e. different forms of violence faced both in the country of origin and in the country of residence;
   - Survey on economic and social rights

Results and lessons learned

The project will have improved the direct beneficiaries’ capacity to act locally and regionally on migration, refugee and asylum seeker issues by strengthening their access to expertise, experience, and knowledge on a regional level; their possibility to meet and formulate joint projects with partners in Europe or in the South; and their access to networks and modes of understanding benefits of networking; as well as their access to information and debates beyond the national level.

- 4 reports from the WG meetings
- 4 reports based on field studies
- 14 newsletters
- Minimum 4 policy briefs
- An estimated minimum of 40 NGOs having strengthened capacity in the field of migration and refugees
- A minimum of 1,000 subscribers being regularly up-dated on migration and asylum seeker issues within the region
- A measurable number of joint or individual projects being initiated as a result of the project
Project Summary

Objectives

- Développer l’immigration légale de travailleurs directement embauchés au Maroc depuis Cartaya par les employeurs des municipalités partenaires. Pour cela un système transnational de collecte, de traitement et d’échange de données sera mis en place pour coordonner le processus de prise de contrat.

- Mettre en œuvre un système intégral de gestion du flux migratoire des travailleurs embauchés, qui s’appuiera sur la concertation et coopération continue des partenaires. Ce système prendra en compte les principes de la responsabilité sociale corporative (norme internationale SA8000) pour développer de nombreux services pionniers à l’attention des travailleurs.

- Prévenir l’immigration illégale vers les municipalités partenaires en incluant travailleurs et employeurs dans un processus de gestion intégral prévenant les pratiques illégales, protégeant les travailleurs, et garantissant leur retour au Maroc.

Activities

- La mise en service d’un nœud “Centre du Saisonnier” au Maroc où seront installés les trois départements suivant : information et documentation, gestion de l’emploi et communication, assistance et formation.

- La mise en service d’un nœud “Centro del Temporero” à Cartaya intégrant les services pionniers déjà créés à l’attention des travailleurs saisonniers par la municipalité de Cartaya. Les services proposés seront : information, gestion de l’emploi et communication, formation, assistance et médiation.

- La création d’un serveur Internet pour la transmission des offres et des candidatures par les employeurs et candidats respectivement. Ce page permettra la saisie, l’échange et le traitement de données entre les deux nœuds du système de gestion.

- La création d’une Fondation Non Lucrative (FNL) pour promouvoir la responsabilité sociale corporative et assurer le développement durable du programme.

Results and lessons learned

- Le nombre de travailleurs se déplaçant vers la zone au nombre d’emplois sollicités par les employeurs a été ajusté.

- Les personnes ayant les meilleurs profils et/ou expérience préalable dans la région ont été sélectionnées. Une relation de confiance se renforçant de saison en saison de façon durable établi.

- La création de contrats de travail depuis le Maroc et garantir le retour au Maroc après la saison. Un système de gestion de la documentation pour tous les travailleurs sélectionnés mise au point.

- Les personnes embauchées à préparer leur voyage aidés et garantir à chacun un logement adéquat pendant la saison.

- La capacité d’intégration des travailleurs saisonniers améliorée et leur proposer des modules de formation, notamment des cours d’Espagnol.

- Les moyens de communication entre les saisonniers et leurs familles améliorés.
### Project Summary

**Objectives**

- To promote regional collaboration and dialogue on the management of migratory flows, including transit and migration, illegal immigration and trafficking in human beings.
- Encourage interregional cooperation on border management and controls
- Development of training for staff dealing with migration issues
- Evaluate, and possibly improve, the capacity to implement border controls, and improve the management of border controls including by means of operational cooperation.

**Activities**

- Organise Annual meetings Europe-Africa fostering coordination, dialogue, sharing experience and information between the specialised services of the national administrations;
- Spanish Authorities will visit the African countries concerned to facilitate the success and preparation of the international meetings;
- Training courses on illegal immigration (train the trainers);
- Specific training courses for Maritime Service of Mauritania;
- Initiation of a network of Liaison Officers;
- Undertake Joint Patrols with Moroccan Services.

**Results and lessons learned**

- Capacity of national administrations improved including management and co-operation capacity between the Institutions with competence in the field of asylum and migration management at national and international level;
- Awareness raised on the importance of migration, for boosting their own development;
- Dialogue and collaboration between third countries and the European Union on migration question stepped up;
- Capacities for collating and processing data on migratory flows and the capacities of staff in charge of migration management improved;
- Expertise further developed;
- Collaboration and information exchanges between the relevant administrations of the third countries and the EU Member States improved;
Promotion d’une migration responsable à travers les circuits légaux dans la Région de Tadla Azilal - Maroc

Programme Aeneas
Year of funding 2004
Overall budget € 1.085.268
EC contribution € 868.214,40
Implementing Partners Progettomondo Movimento Laici America Latina (MLAL)
Location Morocco
Sub-sector Legal migration
Project Duration 11/12/2005 – 10/12/2008
Beneficiaries Adolescents âgées de 12 à 16 ans élèves des collèges et des écoles de l’éducation non formelle, jeunes lycéens âgés de 17 à 25 ans, jeunes âgés de 17 à 25 qui fréquentent des maisons de jeunes dans la région, jeunes femmes

Project Summary

Objectives
Lutter contre les flux d’émigration clandestine vers l’Europe dans la région de Tadla Azilal – Maroc, grâce à la promotion d’une culture de l’égalité et de la citoyenneté et à travers la valorisation du potentiel individuel et de la prise d’initiative des jeunes pour le développement des parcours alternatifs à l’émigration.

Activities
La stratégie de l’action se fonde sur un travail de proximité et sensibilisation des adolescents et des jeunes afin de :

- Informer et sensibiliser sur les risques de l’émigration clandestine ;
- Fournir des conseils juridiques sur l’émigration léga le ;
- Promouvoir l’esprit d’initiative et d’entreprendre des jeunes, les mettre en liaison avec les institutions de la formation qualifiante et la recherche d’emploi au Maroc et dans leur région et les orienter sur les procédures d’émigration légale vers l’Europe ;
- Formuler, avec la participation des représentants des jeunes, de la société civile, des acteurs socioéconomiques locaux, des propositions alternatives à l’émigration clandestine

Results and lessons learned
C’est prévu que les élèves de 25 lycées, 56 collèges et les adhérents de 19 maisons de jeunes et les jeunes femmes membres de 17 foyers :

- prendront conscience des conséquences de l’immigration illégale et des modalités d’immigration légal e, des opportunités de la formation qualifiante et d’emploi au Maroc et surtout dans la région d’intervention.
- prendront conscience de leurs aptitudes et leur potentiel qui les qualifient à un avenir meilleur et de leur responsabilité dans le choix d’une formation qualifiante et la recherche d’un emploi.
- seront en mesure de prendre des initiatives et d’entreprendre des actions.
- prendront conscience du fait que l’émigration vers l’Europe n’est pas l’unique voie de la promotion sociale. D’autres alternatives sont possibles dans leur environnement socioéconomique.
Title: MIGR/2005/103-579
International Migration from Middle East and North Africa and Poverty Reduction Strategies

Programme: Aeneas
Year of funding: 2004
Overall budget: € 916,963
EC contribution: € 733,570
Implementing Partners: World Bank
Location: Algeria, Morocco, Tunisia (and possibly Egypt)
Sub-sector: Migration management
Beneficiaries: Policy makers, staff of relevant ministries, diaspora representatives, returned migrants

Project Summary

Objectives

The overall objective is to identify and support the implementation of win-win policies, regional arrangements, regulations, and institutional reforms that will help establish well-managed international migration regimes and lead to improved development and poverty outcomes for sending countries, receiving countries, the migrants, and the migrants’ households.

Activities

- Assess statistical and technical capacity for monitoring and analysing the nature, causes and consequences of migration flows;
- Study the poverty, social and labour market impact of migration;
- Identify good practices in the area of labour migration management and social protection arrangements for migrant workers and returnees;
- Develop learning activities on the functioning and roles of Diasporas and returned migrants, and identify programmes that have supported their contribution to economic and social progress of countries of origin;
- Activate a network of migration practitioners from EU and Maghreb countries, and establish a platform for debate on findings, needs, and policy options uncovered in the proposed action.

Results and lessons learned

- The debate on migration in European and Maghreb countries is better informed through the research and dissemination activities on the development impact of migration.
- Knowledge of policy makers improved on ways to enhance the integration of migrants in host countries, to reintegrate them in countries of origin, and to develop opportunities for would-be migrants.
- Potential migrants better informed through access to more accurate information on the costs of illegal migration, the benefits of legal migration, and the needs of European labour markets.
- Interventions identified on assistance to the efforts of migrants and returnees who wish to contribute to the economic and social development of their countries of origin
- Cooperation enhanced between Maghreb countries and EU member states allowing for a greater interaction between policy makers, researchers and migrant communities.
Title: MIGR/2005/103-626
Action collective de soutien à la réintégration des migrants de retour dans leur pays d’origine

Programme | Aeneas
---|---
Year of funding | 2004
Overall budget | € 1.347.403
EC contribution | € 1.076.000
Implementing Partners | European University Institute
Location | Algeria, Morocco and Tunisia
Sub-sector | Return and Reintegration
Project Duration | 20/12/2005 – 20/12/2008
Beneficiaries | Migrants

Project Summary

Objectives

L’objectif majeur de l’action consiste à soutenir la réintégration durable des personnes en retour en Algérie, au Maroc et en Tunisie. Pour cela, elle se fixe les quatre objectifs opérationnels suivants :

Objectif 1 : Construction d’une base de données sur les personnes en retour
Objectif 2 : Production de rapports analytiques sur le retour et la réintégration
Objectif 3 : Organisation de rencontres consultatives sur le thème de la réintégration
Objectif 4 : Présentation de propositions ad hoc

Activities

- Rédaction de dossiers pays sur la migration de retour
- Mise en œuvre des enquêtes de terrain
- Analyse des données et rédaction de rapports
- Organiser 3 rencontres consultatives (Algérie, Maroc, Tunisie)

Results and lessons learned

En premier lieu, l’action envisage :
- De produire les instruments adéquats à l’observation du retour;
- D’en tirer l’analyse nécessaire à une meilleure gestion du retour.

En second lieu, elle propose :
- De jeter les bases d’un dialogue régional sur les enjeux socio-économiques et de développement liés à la réintégration des différentes catégories de personnes en retour;
- De donner les moyens nécessaires (base de données, rapports) aux décideurs afin qu’ils puissent exploiter, de manière autonome, les résultats et envisager l’adoption de mesures ad hoc visant à :
  o apporter une valeur ajoutée aux programmes de mobilité temporaire de la main-d’œuvre, en leur fournissant les outils permettant de suivre la réintégration effective des migrants ayant bénéficié de ces programmes, et leur contribution effective au développement ;
  o capitaliser sur le savoir-faire et le réservoir de compétences que constituent les migrants de retour, dans le cadre des programmes de développement et de création d’emplois ;
  o offrir aux migrants de retour des garanties leur permettant de jouer un rôle important et adapté à leur potentiel humain et financier.
Title: MIGR/2005/103-632
ALBAMAR™ integrated support towards returning migrants in Albania and Morocco

Programme: Aeneas
Year of funding: 2004
Overall budget: € 1.668.216
EC contribution: € 1.334.572
Implementing Partners: Associazione Cooperazione Internazionale
Location: Morocco and Albania
Sub-sector: Return and Reintegration
Project Duration: 15/12/2005 – 15/12/2008
Beneficiaries: Albanian and Moroccan migrants

Project Summary

Objectives
To define, develop and implement a sustainable and integrated programme to support returning migrants. The programme will cover all the factors related to the return (psychological, social and economical), taking into account that the reintegration in home countries is a process that starts in host countries and should be supported in all the different phases from pre-departure preparation until return.

Activities

- Training of social workers in Italy
- Counselling of potential returnees on the option of return
- Dissemination of informative material to returnees in Italy
- Vocational training of future returnees (i.e. detainees) in Italy
- Selection and recruitment of local staff (social workers and consultants) that will work in the centres
- Provide centres with equipment and start up
- Production of informative material (flyers).
- Creation and management of a database of employment and training opportunities in Albania and Morocco
- Returnees placement in the labour market;
- Training of returnees according to the specific needs given by his/her job placement
- Counselling for the identification of potential business ideas and support in the contact with the micro-finance partner institution
- Psychological and legal counselling of returnees
- Awareness and capacity building

Results and lessons learned

- Social workers dealing with potential returnees in Italy trained on the problematic of return;
- Potential and future returnees are sensitised on the possibility of an assisted return;
- Centres for the assistance of returnees created in Albania and Morocco;
- Forcedly or voluntarily repatriated migrants (re)placed in the job market of their countries of origin;
- Forcedly or voluntarily repatriated migrants (re)integrated in the social life of their countries of origin;
- Associations of returnees created with the aim of supporting other returnees;
- Young people in Albania and Morocco are sensitised on the issues of illegal migration;
- A network of entities assisting returnees in third countries is established
- Italian and third countries authorities are informed and sensitised on the definition of sustainable policies for the implementation of assisted return programs.
Informer et sensibiliser la jeunesse scolarisée (16 à 20 ans) aux risques encourus par les migrants pour une migration légale ou illégale

Programme Aeneas
Year of funding 2005
Overall budget € 768.721,17
EC contribution € 614.976,94
Implementing Partners Red Cross Belgium
Location Democratic Republic of Congo
Sub-sector Irregular migration
Project Duration 15/11/2006 – 30/12/2008
Beneficiaries Les directions scolaires et les enseignants de 200 écoles, les 10.000 volontaires de la CRRDC à Kinshasa

Project Summary

Objectives
- Conscientiser la jeunesse kinoise aux conséquences néfastes de la migration légale ou illégale dans le cadre d’une approche globale des flux migratoires et en étroite collaboration avec le pays tiers ;
- Freiner l’influence des informations sublimant les avantages et les richesses de l’Eldorado européen.

Activities
Création d’un outil pédagogique : une BD collective
- Etude de faisabilité (déjà réalisée en octobre – novembre 2005) ;
- Identification du collectif des 6 bédéistes ;
- Constitution d’un Comité de pilotage ;
- Mise en œuvre des ateliers artistiques ;
- Evaluation interne : test dans les écoles-pilotes ;
- Impression de 125.000 exemplaires.

Formation à l’outil pédagogique
La Directrice de programme et les formateurs de la CRRDC, les directions scolaires, les enseignants et les 10.000 volontaires de la CRRDC.

Sensibilisation des bénéficiaires finaux
Les élèves du dernier cycle secondaire et les étudiants en formation pédagogique (effet démultiplicateur).

Reprise / remise par la partenaire locale
Auprès des bénéficiaires finaux pour évaluer la pertinence de l’outil (tant sur le fond que sur la forme) et permettre le réajustement – accord des Ministères concernés (Education/Droits humains).

Results and lessons learned
- Impression de 125.000 exemplaires de la bande dessinée collective;
- Formation des directions scolaires et des enseignants à l’outil;
- Sensibilisation dans les établissements de l’enseignement secondaire et les formations pédagogiques des 24 communes de Kinshasa;
- Autonomisation de l’action par la CRRDC, les enseignants et les futurs enseignants.
### Project Summary

#### Objectives

Contribuer à la promotion d’une migration légale, compatible avec l’analyse de la situation démographique, économique et sociale dans les pays d’origine et le pays hôtes, ainsi qu’une meilleure information de la population sur les avantages de la migration légale et les conséquences de la migration illégale.

#### Activities

- **Phase 1** – Analyse des contextes socioprofessionnels de référence;
- **Phase 2** – Information sur les procédures de migration légale;
- **Phase 3** – Structuration auprès des organismes partenaires tunisiens du Guichet unique pour les Services sociaux (GUSS);
- **Phase 4** – Campagne de communication et de sensibilisation;
- **Phase 5** – Activités de Théâtre informel
- **Phase 6** – Dissémination des résultats

#### Results and lessons learned

- Environ 25 fonctionnaires du Gouvernement central préposés à la gestion de la migration et personnel qui travail dans le secteur de placement des travailleurs seront formés;
- Environ 25 personnes provenant des Conseils Locaux de Développement et des Conseils Municipaux qui seront formés;
- Environ 50 opérateurs des organisations et des associations de la société civile et du Syndicat UGTT impliqués dans la Formation;
- Environ 10.000 tunisiens et 2000 personnes (de la Région du Maghreb) seront les bénéficiaires finaux du projet.
- A peu près 2000 tunisiens, y compris les résidents dans la Région du Maghreb impliqués grâce au Réseau Med Espace Femmes, enclin à émigrer.
**Title:** MIGR/2006/120-132  
Système d’observation, d’analyse et de veille en matière migratoire dans la région Afrique du Nord et Méditerranée Orientale

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<td>European University Institute</td>
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<td>Location</td>
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<td>Sub-sector</td>
<td>Migration management</td>
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<td>Project Duration</td>
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<td>Beneficiaries</td>
<td>Gouvernements des pays concernés : services en charge de l'émigration, des relations avec la communauté nationale établie à l'étranger, de l'immigration légale, et de la lutte contre l'immigration illégale.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Project Summary**

**Objectives**

- Production en partenariat d’une information standardisée et consultable sur les aspects quantitatifs, juridiques et politiques de la migration en provenance, à destination, ou en transit par les pays d’ANMO.
- Production de recherches sur une sélection de thèmes considérés comme prioritaires par les gouvernements concernés et l’Europe.
- Organisation d’un cadre de consultation régulière des experts.

**Activities**

- Activité n°1 : base de données migratoires
- Activité n°2 : études et recherches
- Activité n°3 : veille en matière migratoire
- Activité n°4 : rencontres entre experts et décideurs politiques
- Activité n°5 : rencontres techniques et de programmation
- Activité n°6 : ateliers scientifiques
- Activité n°7 : site web

**Results and lessons learned**

- Think tank rassemblant l’expertise d’Afrique du Nord et Méditerranée Orientale en matière migratoire;
- Base de données migratoires (tenue à jour et développement);
- Deux volumes du rapport annuel Migrations en ANMO;
- Vingt-cinq études de cas;
- Deux rencontres régionales entre experts et décideurs politiques;
- Deux ateliers par an à la conférence annuelle « Med Meeting » ; site web (tenue à jour et développement).
Title: MIGR/2006/120-179
Project SEAHORSE NETWORK

Programme: Aeneas
Year of funding: 2005
Overall budget: € 2,502,577,68
EC contribution: € 1,999,043,07
Implementing Partners: Guardia Civil, Spain
Location: Morocco, Mauritania, Senegal and Cap Verde
Sub-sector: Irregular migration and border management
Project Duration: 19/12/2006 – 19/08/2008
Beneficiaries: Police Forces of the countries involved in the project

Project Summary

Objectives
Establish in the third countries concerned an effective policy to prevent illegal migration including efforts to stop trafficking in human beings and smuggling of migrants.

Activities
The project has an initial phase where technical studies for the foundation of the network are developed, including some visits to the concerned countries.

The second phase consists of carrying out and establishing the network, either in the Atlantic Border Cooperation Centre (SABCC), a new entity based in Las Palmas (Canary Islands) or through local contact points of the concerned countries.

A maintenance system is included by a wide satellite band for a minimum of five years in order to guarantee the project continuity.

These activities will contribute to develop the transnational coordination of the Central Services for fight against illegal immigration in view of encouraging coordination, dialogue and exchange of experience and information between the specialized Services of the National Administrations.

It will continue and improve the development network of liaison officers for maritime borders in the Region. And it will develop the capacity of Authorities and responsible organizations to collect and analyse data related to migration with the final objective to fight against smuggling of human beings and illegal immigration.

Results and lessons learned

- Third countries capacities of their administrations are improved including management and cooperation capacity between the Institutions with competence in the field of asylum and migration management at national and international level;
- Dialogue and collaboration between third countries and the European Union on migration question are stepped up;
- Capacities for collating and processing data on migratory flows and the capacities of staff in charge of migration management are improved. Expertise is developed;
- Collaboration and information exchanges between the relevant administrations of the third countries and the Member States improve and expand.
Title: MIGR/2006/120-192
Renforcement des capacités nationales d’asile et de gestion des flux migratoires.

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<th>Programme</th>
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<td>EC contribution</td>
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<td>Implementing Partners</td>
<td>Asylum and protection</td>
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<tr>
<td>Location</td>
<td>Mauritanie</td>
</tr>
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</table>
| Sub-sector         | UNHCR, Ministère mauritanien de l’Intérieur, des Postes et des Télécommunications,
                    | l’Association pour la Lutte contre la Pauvreté et pour le Développement ALPD (ONG nationale),
                    | L’Association pour la Protection de l’Environnement et l’Action Humanitaire APEAH (ONG nationale),
                    | La Ligue Mauritanienne des Droits de l’Homme LMDH (ONG nationale) |
| Project Duration   | 16/12/2006 – 16/12/2008        |
| Beneficiaries      | Les demandeurs d’asile, réfugiés et, parmi les migrants, les personnes nécessitant protection au regard du droit international |

Project Summary

Objectives
- Consolider un espace d’asile en Mauritanie, conforme au droit international et en harmonie avec les intérêts nationaux, en étroite coopération avec toutes les parties concernées par l’amélioration du droit mauritanien relatif au séjour des étrangers, ainsi qu’à travers une active promotion des conventions de 1951 et de 1969 relatives au statut de réfugié.
- Renforcer, en coopération avec toutes les parties concernées, l’application et le respect du droit national relatif à l’entrée et au séjour des étrangers, et à la mise en œuvre des conventions internationales relatives aux réfugiés, ainsi que la connaissance et la compréhension des conventions internationales dont le droit national s’inspire.
- En coopération avec toutes les parties concernées, renforcer les capacités institutionnelles, au niveau central et régional, de gestion des flux migratoires, de mise en œuvre d’une politique d’asile, d’une procédure nationale d’éligibilité et de la protection des réfugiés.

Activities
Les activités comportent un volet de renforcement des capacités nationales (gouvernement et ONG nationales) en matière de gestion de l’information et d’administration, ainsi qu’un volet humanitaire visant en particulier les femmes réfugiées et leurs enfants.

Results and lessons learned
La formulation d’une politique nationale d’asile et de gestion des flux migratoires conformes aux normes énoncées dans les conventions internationales relatives aux réfugiés, aux victimes de passeurs et de trafiquants (en particulier les femmes et les enfants), aux droits des travailleurs migrants notamment ceux en situation irrégulière et/ou de grande vulnérabilité.
Project Summary

**Objectives**
- Strengthen the capacity of Tanzanian government institutions and officials to protect refugees;
- Improve arrangements for ensuring security in refugee camps and host communities;
- Promote voluntary repatriation for Burundian refugees;
- Enhance access to resettlement for Congolese refugees;
- Ensure the continuous registration of refugees in camps, and
- Engage Tanzanian civil society as advocates for refugee rights.

**Activities**
- Refugee protection training programmes for Tanzanian officials and development of a training capacity in public institutions;
- Training programmes on refugee protection and specialised issues for police officers deployed in refugee camps and host areas;
- Promotion of voluntary repatriation by providing objective reliable information by radio and other mass communication means;
- Formation of a dedicated team to identify and process Congolese refugees in need of resettlement;
- Creation of a Project Profile Information Technology (IT) unit to support the continuous registration of refugees in Tanzania; and
- Development of a Tanzanian civil society network to advocate for refugees and promote public awareness of their rights.

**Results and lessons learned**

UNHCR’s objective is to ensure admission to safety and improve the quality of asylum enjoyed by refugees in Tanzania by strengthening the administrative capacity of government officials and institutions to deliver effective protection and ensure the safety and well-being of refugees. Through the project, UNHCR will also reinforce its own capacity for resettlement, increasing the number of refugees able to achieve this durable solution; and for registration, in order to facilitate better individual protection and more effective programmes and service for refugees. The project will also empower Burundian refugees to make well-informed decisions regarding voluntary repatriation and promote greater awareness of refugee protection issues within Tanzanian civil society, leading to the creation of an effective advocacy network.
Title: MIGR/2006/120-199
Sharing learning for a better migration life.

Programme: Aeneas
Year of funding: 2005
Overall budget: € 649,166,50
EC contribution: € 519,333,20
Location: Egypt and Morocco
Sub-sector: Labour migration
Beneficiaries: Officials and operators working with data collection from the Ministries responsible for migration

Project Summary

Objectives
Overall objective: Improving the system of legal migration for labour purposes between North African countries – Egypt and Morocco - and Italy.
Specific objective: Reinforcing labour migration management capacities, trough the creation of a stable multilateral framework, training activity addressing public officials as well as counselling activity on implementation structures

Activities
- The creation of a Multilateral network aimed at reaching a mutual understanding of the management migration systems and at allowing an exchange of knowledge and cooperation on migration policies issues.
- Training activities provided to public officials, to be held in the North African countries.
- Internships provided to officials to be held in the Italian public administration and in two Italian Regions (Toscana and Veneto). This programme is based on practical experience and will be followed by a brainstorming activity in order to assess and consolidate the acquired competences.
- ICT counselling activity provided to target countries with information communication technology tools on managing, updating and improving instruments of managing migration, such as databases and workers lists of labour manpower.
- Dissemination of the lists of workers in the Italian labour market.
- Elaboration and dissemination of a Handbook in Arabic, English and French, on the Italian legislation and entry procedures and on migrants’ rights and duties.
- Project’s final report of evaluation, to analyse the strengths and the weaknesses of the collaboration.

Results and lessons learned
- An institutional network of multilateral collaboration established.
- Public officials from each target country trained.
- The organisation of local systems of survey, elaboration and data collection of potential migrants improved.
- The lists of candidate workers of target countries standardised.
- The lists disseminated in the Italian labour market.
- Strengths and weaknesses of the cooperation evaluated through a final report.
Title: MIGR/2006/120-219
Countering Document Fraud

Programme: Aeneas
Year of funding: 2005
Overall budget: € 2,439,056.43
EC contribution: € 1,832,463.10
Implementing Partners: Ghana Immigration Service
Location: Ghana
Sub-sector: Irregular migration
Beneficiaries: Ghana Immigration Service, Related Ghanaian agencies

Project Summary

Objectives

Overall objective:
An action programme that helps to meet the objective of the Ghanaian authorities and the EU Member States to control illegal immigration by preventing and combating document fraud in Ghana.

Specific objectives:

• To improve the IT-structure needed for operations as well as for information exchange;
• To improve communication between all parties involved;
• To improve communication with Missions of EU Member States with regard to the background for requiring documents;
• To improve capacity to detect document fraud;
• To improve the document issuance process;
• To improve the security of papers and documents;
• To improve cooperation on a tactical level.

Activities

• Equipment
• Training
• IT-structure
• Improve security features on documents
• Create structures for exchange of information
• Communication in cooperation with Embassies
• Establish a data and information analysis section
• Target specific procedures

Results and lessons learned

• Equipment installed;
• Staff trained;
• Network and databases installed;
• Structure for information exchange exist;
• SOPs for issuing documents;
• Bulletin with regard to fraudulent documents developed;
• More secure documents issued.
**Project Summary**

**Objectives**

**Objectifs globaux:**
Assurer la prévention de la migration irrégulière à travers le développement, le renforcement ciblé et l’organisation des capacités de gestion de la migration de la RDC.

**Objectif spécifique:**
- Renforcement des capacités institutionnelles de gestion de la migration;
- Appui technique pour la mise à jour et le renforcement du cadre législatif gérant la migration;
- Lutte contre la corruption;
- Campagne d’information pour favoriser la migration ordonnée.

**Activities**
- Institutionnaliser un CFNGM avec curricula et ouvrages de référence;
- Formation en gestion de la migration et en langues étrangères, informatique ou en gestion du personnel et ressources humaines, ainsi que sur l’inspection des documents de voyage;
- Développer, piloter et assurer la formation d’un système informatisé de contrôle des voyageurs avec banque de données connectée aux listes d’alertes internationales sur les documents de voyage;
- Renforcement de l’infrastructure pour quatre postes-frontières, la DGM et le MAE;
- Exécuter un plan de travail pour la lutte contre la corruption;
- Développer et soumission au gouvernement du nouveau cadre législatif pour la migration, ainsi que des procédures opérationnelles types en résultant;
- Campagne de sensibilisation pour informer sur les dangers de la migration irrégulière et les opportunités d’une migration régulière vers l’Europe.

**Results and lessons learned**
- Fonctionnaires congolais sont formés en gestion de la migration;
- La capacité du gouvernement de la RDC à enregistrer les mouvements des voyageurs est renforcée;
- L’infrastructure opérationnelle de 4 postes frontières de la DGM, ainsi que des bureaux de la DGM et du MAE, est améliorée;
- Le cadre législatif migratoire est révisé.
Title: MIGR/2006/120-231
Strengthening asylum within the wider migratory movements in the Southern Africa region

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<td>Sub-sector</td>
<td>Asylum</td>
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<td>Project Duration</td>
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<tr>
<td>Beneficiaries</td>
<td>The national authorities, with direct responsibility for refugee protection and Refugee Status Determination (RSD); ii) border officials; iii) Judiciary and national Human Rights Institutions; iv) NGOs and others in civil society.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Project Summary

Objectives

National authorities of the countries concerned are able to deal in an appropriate and timely manner with the asylum component of mixed migratory flows, including determining who amongst these persons are in need of international protection.

Activities

• Review the national legal frameworks;
• Review current RSD systems in place, identify the obstacles which prevent the system from being effective, fair and sustainable;
• Establish an Action to address the obstacles identified;
• Promote further understanding of and respect for refugee protection principles to a wider audience;
• Train and equip the national authorities to assume responsibility for individual registration of asylum-seekers and refugees;
• Strengthen the regional dialogue by convening (sub) regional meetings;
• Gather more detailed information on the scope of mixed flows in/through the countries concerned

Results and lessons learned

• National refugee laws and other relevant national legislation have been reviewed.
• National asylum systems strengthened, and authorities are equipped to deal in a timely manner with new asylum requests.
• Capacity of national governments to issue individual documents in a timely and appropriate manner.
• Regional dialogue and cooperation with respect to asylum management strengthened.
• Ensure that asylum-seekers and refugees who arrive as part of wider migratory movements, have access to protection, and that migration control measures take into account states’ obligations for refugee protection.
**Title:** MIGR/2006/120-243  
**Barcelona – Tangier Programme” Programme of co-operation and co-development with Morocco for the training of minors who have embarked, or are considering embarking, on an unaccompanied migration process.

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<td>Beneficiaries</td>
<td>Minors resident in other areas of Morocco who are contemplating an unaccompanied migration. Moroccan professionals in the field of social and youth work Moroccan institutions and organisations which work in fields related to migration and youth</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Project Summary**

**Objectives**

- Improve the management of migration flows between Morocco and Catalonia, especially in the prevention of the illegal migration of minors.
- Promote social and economic integration of young people resident in Tangier, as an alternative to emigration, and that of returnees from Catalonia to Tangier.

**Activities**

- Carry out awareness raising activities with the families of minors;
- Sign agreements with the Moroccan Police to allow the action to proceed;
- Organise a reception centre for unaccompanied returned minors;
- Strengthen network of social organisations that work in the field of youth and migrations active in Tangier;
- Organise vocational training for young people in computer studies, hostelry, textiles, construction and social intervention;
- Sign agreements with Catalan businesses to create work placements and a work availability list of graduates of vocational training courses;
- Train a team of monitors and youth workers;
- Raise awareness among the general population, particularly among target families, of the Family Code.

**Results and lessons learned**

- A professional team will be facilitating the voluntary return of unaccompanied minors from Catalonia to Tangier
- A training centre will be proportioning vocational training to young people who have returned to Tangiers from Catalonia and for young people who are considering unaccompanied migration
- A work placement service will be promoting the insertion of young people in Tangier in the labour market
- A training of trainers team will have strengthened the capacity of local organisations and institutions in Tangier in the field of youth work and migrations
- A social awareness campaign will be supporting the social development of young people in the Tangiers region
<table>
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<tr>
<th>Program</th>
<th>Aeneas</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
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<td>Stichting Intent, IntEnt Surinam Foundation, Ghanaian Investment Promotion Centre</td>
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<td>Location</td>
<td>Ghana and Surinam</td>
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<tr>
<td>Sub-sector</td>
<td>Migration and Development - Remittances</td>
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<td>Project Duration</td>
<td>22/12/2006 – 22/06/2009</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Beneficiaries</td>
<td>Migrants from Ghana and Surinam residing in The Netherlands, Banks (with the ambition to become) active in financing migrant SME’s in Ghana or Surinam</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Project Summary**

**Objectives**

1. Promoting efficient money transfer systems for remittances and productive investment of remittances
2. Enhancing the role of Diaspora in macro economic development of the countries of origin, by promoting productive investment and brain circulation.
3. Improving remittance transfer systems by implementing a financial system to use remittances from the EU for provision of local loan financing / seed capital to migrant entrepreneurs in Surinam and Ghana.
4. Supporting local banks in Ghana and Surinam in the field of remittances and loan provision to migrant entrepreneurs

**Activities**

- To promote the website geldnaarhuis.nl amongst the migrant population from Surinam and Ghana;
- To involve the migrant population from Ghana and Surinam in macro economic development processes in the country of origin. The IntEnt entrepreneurship development programme activity promotes productive investment, stimulates brain gain and circular migration and enhancing the role of Diasporas in development of their country of origin, by assisting migrants to set up a business in Ghana or Surinam;
- Implement a new finance scheme, that makes the provision of international bank guarantees possible by mobilising family savings in The Netherlands;
- Training in loan financing for migrant SME’s;
- Organisation of a workshop.

**Results and lessons learned**

1. 105,000 migrants from Ghana and Surinam have become aware of costs of remittances; 60,000 migrants start to transfer money more efficiently; 480 migrants will consider using their remittances more productively and start their business plan preparation.
2. 42 new businesses started-up, accounting for a total investment of over € 2.600.000 in Ghana and Surinam creating employment for 176 people.
3. Newly designed Savings/loan/guarantee scheme is operational
4. European publication on Family Savings for Business Fund.
5. Banks (in Ghana/ Surinam and the Netherlands) have demonstrated interest in working with the Fund, at least 8 bank staff are trained, at least 1 local bank provides loans; and a workshop is organised with IntEnt and local banks to evaluate the programme and discuss possible improvements.
Title: MIGR/2006/120-280
Lutte contre l'immigration illégale et le trafic des êtres humains à travers la participation des familles victimes de l'émigration clandestine, des association organisée de la société civile et des institution locales

Programme Aeneas
Year of funding 2005
Overall budget € 1.081.779,95
EC contribution € 865.423,96
Implementing Partners MLAL Progettomondo, Faculté des Sciences et Techniques de Beni Mellal de l'Université Cadi Ayyad, CRI Tadla Azilal, ACPP – Asamblea de Cooperacion por la Paz
Location Morocco
Sub-sector Irregular migration
Project Duration 1/03/2007 – 28/02/2010
Beneficiaries Associations locales des jeunes

Project Summary

Objectives

Lutter contre l'immigration illégale et le trafic des êtres humains originaires du Maroc en direction de l'Europe, notamment Italie et Espagne, à travers la participation des associations organisées de la société civile et des institutions locales à l’élaboration et la mise en place des mesures préventives en matière de lutte contre les migrations illégales, incluant la lutte contre la traite des migrants.

Activities

- Réalisation d’un programme de vigilance communautaire et mise en place d’un centre d’écoute et première assistance pour les victimes de l’émigration clandestine,
- Sensibilisation et information pour les MRE des régions cibles européennes,
- Mise en place d’un observatoire étudiant l’impact des Investissements des MRE dans des projets de développement durable dans leurs régions d’origine
- Ouverture de 15 médiathèques et formation au plaidoyer pour les associations locales des jeunes émergées dans le cadre du projet.

Results and lessons learned

- Un réseau d’associations des familles victimes de l'immigration clandestine actif, porteur d’un programme de vigilance communautaire en matière d’immigration illégale et trafic des êtres humains dans les Province de Khouribga et Beni Mellal et en communication avec les institutions locales et les medias nationaux,
- Communautés d’immigrés marocains résidant dans les deux pays européens sensibilisées au problème de l’émigration clandestine et du trafic des êtres humains ; formées et sensibilisées à un plus correct rapport avec leurs communautés d’origine au niveau de l’information sur la réalité de l’émigration clandestine et incités à un plus grande solidarité vis-à-vis du développement local de leurs régions d’origine,
- Coopération permanente instaurée sur la gestion des flux migratoires légaux entre les administrations locales et les centres de promotion d’emploi favorisant la coopération économique des 4 régions cibles européennes et les régions marocaines de Chaouia Ouardigha et Tadla Azilal,
- Associations des jeunes renforcées, sensibilisées aux risques de l’émigration clandestine et actives dans la promotion d’alternatives économiques et professionnelles sur le territoire.
**Project Summary**

**Objectives**

Dans la région de Rabat-Salé:

- L’accès aux droits fondamentaux des migrants subsahariens est amélioré afin de garantir le respect de la dignité humaine.
- Des services médicaux, psychosociaux et éducatifs accessibles assurent de meilleures conditions de vie aux migrants subsahariens.
- Les CARITAS d’Afrique du Nord sont sensibilisées et interviennent de manière opérationnelle auprès des migrants.

**Activities**

- Analyse de l’existant;
- Renforcement structurel du Centre d’Accueil Migrants;
- Aménager les locaux pour en faire un centre d’accueil accessible et fonctionnel;
- Mise en place d’un dispositif de formation continue;
- Le CAM améliore la prise en charge des migrants par une mission d’écoute et d’orientation;
- Garantir un dispositif d’accueil et d’orientation continu et de qualité;
- Sensibiliser nos partenaires associatifs et institutionnels dans le but de signer des conventions;
- Etablir des liens avec les associations/Caritas qui œuvrent dans la région Afrique du Nord/Moyen Orient sur cette problématique, dans le but d’échanges d’expériences et de définition d’une stratégie régionale d’intervention;
- Organiser deux séminaires avec les Caritas Afrique du Nord sur le thème de la migration;
- Création d’un site web, outil d’échanges et d’information;
- Capitalisation des échanges d’expériences et des stratégies nationales et régionales (publication des actes des séminaires régionaux).

**Results and lessons learned**

- Les migrants sont accueillis au Centre d’Accueil Migrants et orientés vers les services publics et structures associatives adéquats.
- Les structures médicosociales et éducatives sont sensibilisées, améliorant ainsi les conditions d’accueil des migrants.
- Le réseau de CARITAS Moyen-Orient/Afrique du Nord et leurs partenaires sont informés des besoins des migrants, ce qui contribue à l’amélioration des conditions d’accueil de cette population dans la région.
### Project Summary

#### Objectives

To assist the ECOWAS countries (Benin, Burkina Faso, Cape Verde, Côte d'Ivoire, the Gambia, Ghana, Guinea, Guinea Bissau, Liberia, Mali, Niger, Nigeria, Senegal, Sierra Leone and Togo) and Mauritania in building capacities and strengthening cooperation mechanisms among law enforcement and prosecution authorities to effectively prevent, investigate and prosecute smuggling of migrants, and to develop effective cooperation mechanisms with third countries to that end, while protecting the rights of smuggled migrants.

#### Activities

- Research activities on smuggling of migrants, perpetrators and criminal groups involved, including information about their *modus operandi* and smuggling routes.
- Assessments on the existing anti-smuggling capacities of the criminal justice systems.
- Assistance in national policy development and establishing coordination frameworks among the different actors on a national level.
- Development of training curricula and carrying out trainings for law enforcement and prosecution.
- Establishment of anti-smuggling law enforcement units.
- Activities to foster international law enforcement and judicial cooperation.

#### Results and lessons learned

- Enhanced knowledge on smuggling of migrants through and from Africa to Europe.
- Country assessment reports on existing law enforcement capacities.
- Effective national cooperation mechanisms and coherent plans of action developed.
- Law enforcement and prosecution in the target countries trained and respective training material elaborated and structures established.
- Specialized counter-migrant smuggling law enforcement units established.
- Improved regional and international operational cooperation in investigating and prosecuting transnational networks of smugglers through the development of formal regional networks and joint operative investigations.
| Title:                                                                 | MIGR/2007/130-386  
|---------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------
| **Strengthening the Criminal Justice System Response to Smuggling of** | **Smuggling of Migrants in North**  
| **Africain**                                                          | **Africain**    
| Programme                                                            | Aeneas        
| Year of funding                                                      | 2006         
| Overall budget                                                       | € 1.870.681    
| EC contribution                                                      | € 1.496.544,80  
| Implementing Partners                                                | UNODC, Europol  
| Location                                                            | Algeria, Egypt, Libya, Morocco and Tunisia  
| Sub-sector                                                           | Irregular migration  
| Project Duration                                                     | 1/12/2007 – 1/12/2010  
| Beneficiaries                                                       | Policy makers, relevant regional and national authorities, law enforcement agencies including border control and customs, prosecution, and the judiciary responsible for combating smuggling of migrants, and the media.  

**Project Summary**

**Objectives**

To strengthen the criminal justice system response to smuggling of migrants in Algeria, Egypt, Libya, Morocco, and Tunisia by establishing adequate legislative frameworks, building the capacities of law enforcement, prosecution and the judiciary, strengthening international and regional cooperation and fostering prevention through raising awareness among relevant authorities and the general public.

**Activities**

- Research activities on smuggling of migrants.
- Assessments on the existing anti-smuggling capacities of the criminal justice systems.
- Assessments and drafting of anti-smuggling legislation.
- Assistance in national policy development and establishing coordination frameworks among the different actors.
- Development of training curricula and carrying out trainings for law enforcement, prosecution and the judiciary; specialised trainings in generating criminal intelligence and proactive investigations techniques.
- Establishment of anti-smuggling law enforcement units.
- Activities to foster international law enforcement and judicial cooperation.
- Prevention activities to raise awareness of the criminal aspects of smuggling of migrants and its adverse effects.

**Results and lessons learned**

- Legislative frameworks in line with the UN Smuggling Protocol.
- Research report on smuggling of migrants through and from North Africa to Europe and country assessment reports on existing governmental anti-smuggling capacities.
- Effective national cooperation mechanisms and national plans of action.
- Improved skills of law enforcement, prosecution and the judiciary and respective training material elaborated and structures established.
- Specialized anti-smuggling law enforcement units established.
- Mechanisms set up to systematically collect, analyze, develop and use information, as well as to generate and share criminal intelligence within respective countries.
- Improved operational capacity in regional and international cooperation in investigating and prosecuting smuggling of migrants.
- Increased awareness among political decision-makers, relevant authorities and the general public of the fact that smuggling of migrants is a criminal activity that poses serious risks to the migrants and societies concerned.
Programme
Year of funding
Overall budget
EC contribution
Implementing Partners
Location
Sub-sector
Project Duration
Beneficiaries

MIGR/2007/130-328
Capacity building of governmental and non-governmental agencies to manage emigration in Egypt
Aeneas
2006
€ 1.120.000
€ 784.000
European Perspective development and education center, Greek Employment and Manpower Organisation (OAED), the Organisation for Vocational Education and Training (OEEK); Social Fund for Development (SFD), Egypt, and the Ministry of Manpower and Migration – Migration and Labour Force Sector, Egypt.
Egypt
Migration management
15/01/2008 – 14/01/2010
Personnel of state agencies involved in emigration issues as well as NGO personnel who work in this field and municipal authorities; would be emigrants.

Project Summary

Objectives
The main objective of the proposed project will be to improve the conditions for qualifying emigration from Egypt to EU and discourage departures doomed to illegality.

Activities
- Establishment of Emigration Information Bureaus (EIBs) in 6 big cities of the country.
- Establishment of the EUROACCESS system;
- Publication of a normative and training manual;
- Training the staff of the EIBs on the EUROACCESS system;
- Capacity Building for state and non state organisations;
- Training of personnel of state and non-governmental agencies;
- Field visit in Greece and Germany;
- 6 workshops for other public administration staff;
- Design and implementation of an awareness raising campaign;
- TV roundtables
- Radio spots for the existence of the Bureaus
- The publication of leaflets that will be available at focal points within big and smaller cities;
- Information awareness raising meetings in remote towns and villages;
- An International Conference will be organised at the end of the two-years project;
- Counselling of would-be emigrants on employment and training;
- Counselling in the EIBs;
- 60 One-day tailored-made workshops;
- Networking between immigrants abroad and the Emigration Information Bureaus;
- Establishment of a data base;

Results and lessons learned
The targeted results of the project will be the establishment of 6 advice centers for would-be-emigrants in Egypt, training for advisors who are going to work in these centers, for staff of Ministries dealing with migration, creation of database of CVs of would-be-emigrants, support for the concrete matching of labour demand and offers in cooperation with several EU MSs, based on the EUROPASS and EURES formats.
Title: MIGR/2007/129-966
ACROSS SAHARA II – REGIONAL COOPERATION AND CAPACITY BUILDING ON BORDER AND MIGRATION MANAGEMENT

Programme: Aeneas
Year of funding: 2006
Overall budget: € 1,240,000
EC contribution: € 989,520
Applicant: Ministry of Interior of Italy, Department of Public Security
Implementing Partners: IOM
Location: Libya (and Algeria)
Sub-sector: Border management
Project Duration: 1/05/2008 – 30/04/2009
Beneficiaries: Senior law enforcement staff of central and local services responsible for immigration/border management and counter-trafficking in human beings; Law enforcement officers in charge of training; Law enforcement personnel in charge of border control.

Project Summary

Objectives
To contribute to the prevention and fight against illegal migration, migrants’ trafficking and smuggling and to improve search and rescue operations in Algeria and Libya by promoting transnational dialogue and concrete activities on transit migration and border management.

Activities
1. Survey to collect updated information on illegal migrants transiting the two countries and organization of national services in charge of immigration and border management;
2. Information sharing through a Steering Committee with representatives from partners and target countries to ensure a participatory approach;
3. Capacity building and training activities to establish contact points, to promote networking among them, to exercise joint patrolling and search and rescue operations, to detect and assist vulnerable migrants;
4. Final seminar to measure outputs and to determine if this project is a valuable model of Euro-African cooperation.

Results and lessons learned
- Increased knowledge of illegal migration dynamics in these territories acquired by authorities and administrations responsible for migration management and border control in Algeria and Libya;
- Availability of background information to possibly inform any changes to the legislation in force with the objective to support future improvement to the legal framework;
- Improved management and organizational capacities, particularly through contact points;
- Law enforcement officers trained;
- Developed bilateral cooperation to improve mutual knowledge of reference organizations and services and to increase the effectiveness of control along the common border.
**Title:** MIGR/2007/130-038  
**Fit for Europe - Training for a positive migration**

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<td>Applicant</td>
<td>Oviedo Official Chamber of Commerce, Industry and Navigation</td>
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<td>Implementing Partners</td>
<td>IFOA: Training and Services Centre of Italian Chambers of Commerce, Chambers from Oviedo, Las Palmas, Santa Cruz de Tenerife (Canary Islands) in Spain, the Chamber of Commerce and Industry of Agadir, in Morocco, The High Council of Senegalese Chambers of Commerce and the Chambers of Commerce, Industry and Services of Barlovento and Sotavento in Cape Verde</td>
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<td>Location</td>
<td>Morocco, Senegal, Cap Verde</td>
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<td>Sub-sector</td>
<td>Legal migration</td>
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<td>Project Duration</td>
<td>5/12/2007 – 5/12/2010</td>
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<tr>
<td>Beneficiaries</td>
<td>Chambers of Commerce and training centres in the beneficiary countries</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Project Summary**

**Objectives**

To contribute to the development of legal migration, in accordance with an analysis of the demographic, economic and social situations of Senegal, Cape Verte, and Morocco and Spain and Italy, plus information to make the public more aware of the advantages of legal migration and the consequences of illegal migration.

**Activities**

- Study the legislative and regulatory framework and manpower needs in the countries of destination
- Create an information point for potential immigrants in every local CCI involved
- Organize study visits to the participant EU regions
- Transfer of learning methods. Provide train the trainers courses
- Provide pilot training for would be immigrants in several sectors (hotel and catering, construction, and metal)
- Provide pilot language courses to the trained would be immigrants
- Organize a selection and engagement process from employers form the partners regions
- Transfer of methods supporting investments and return of immigrants
- Extend the scope to the local Chambers information points covering technical assistance to migrants willing to return or invest in their local communities
- Monitor the project internally and 5.2 Evaluate to project externally
- Disseminate the project activities and results to the general public

**Results and lessons learned**

1. Improved advise and information given by the local Chambers to potential emigrants about the legislative and regulatory framework and manpower needs in the countries and regions of destination.
2. Increased capacity of local Chambers of Commerce and other training entities to provide professional and linguistic training adapted to the employers countries and regions of destination needs.
3. Approximately 240 (20 per course x 3 courses x 4 local partners) people that have qualified for legal migration receive appropriate vocation and language training adapted to EU partners region manpower needs. Moreover, approximately 50% of the trainees who finished the course successfully (120) will be offered a job in the participant regions. It is expected that the number of female and male trainees will be similar, as well as a gender balance in the final number of contracts signed.
4. Foster the use for productive and development purposes of the migrants’ remittances as to enhance the development of the third countries concerned and will also tighten the links between immigrant communities in the EU partners regions.
5. Increased awareness of the general public in third countries and in EU partner regions of the importance of migration, no only for the European Union, but also for boosting their own development.
Title: MIGR/2007/130-076
Promotion des principes et des valeurs humanitaires de lutte contre les actes de racisme et de xénophobie à l'égard des migrants

Programme
Aeneas

Year of funding
2006

Overall budget
€ 899,936,67

EC contribution
€ 719,949,34

Applicant
Fédération Internationale des Sociétés Nationales de la Croix-Rouge et du Croissant-Rouge

Implementing Partners
Le Croissant-Rouge Marocain (CRM), L'Association Marocaine d'Etudes et de Recherches sur les Migrations (AMERM)

Location
Morocco

Sub-sector
Migration management, protection

Project Duration
18/12/2007 – 18/12/2009

Beneficiaries
Les comités du CRM et ses volontaires, les jeunes, les médias partenaires du CRM, la société civile, les départements de l'état.

Project Summary

Objectives
Les objectifs de l'action visent à améliorer les conditions de vie des migrants :
- en promouvant les principes et valeurs humanitaires notamment en matière de lutte contre toutes les formes du racisme et de xénophobie;
- en soutenant les migrants par une action de santé communautaire, éducative, et d'appui psychologique.

Activities
- Enquête, mesure d'impact, en trois phases, avant la campagne de sensibilisation, à mi-parcours du projet, à la fin du projet après la dernière campagne de sensibilisation.
- Campagnes de Sensibilisation de lutte contre les actes de racisme et de xénophobie
- Formation, séminaire, table ronde sur les principes et valeurs humanitaires (P&V), les bonnes pratiques (Formation des formateurs et adaptation d'outils pédagogiques).
- Réaménagement et équipement des centres communautaires pour appuyer les activités des comités locaux, renforcement des centres de promotion des principes et valeurs humanitaires.
- Appui psychologique: soutien individuel dans le cadre de permanence d'écoute psychologique
- Développement de programmes adaptés à l'éducation.
- Renforcement de l'appui à l'apprentissage des femmes dans les centres communautaires du CRM.
- Promotion de la santé et de l'hygiène, implication des communautés à s'approprier les démarches de prévention. Communication et actions sur la visibilité du projet.

Results and lessons learned
- Trois enquêtes sont réalisées auprès des communautés ciblées.
- La Communauté accepte la différence, la perception des migrants est meilleure.
- Les bénéficiaires ont assimilé les principes et valeurs humanitaires et ont acquis les mécanismes de lutte contre la xénophobie.
- Les 4 centres communautaires sont réaménagés et équipés, prêts à accueillir les bénéficiaires.
- L'état psychologique des migrants et de la population vulnérable du quartier (femmes et enfants) est amélioré, 100% des bénéficiaires sont écoutés et orientés.
- 60 enfants démunis du quartier dont 10% des migrants, bénéficient d'appui éducatif, et reçoivent un repas par jour.
- Les migrants et les populations vulnérables ont acquis les connaissances leur permettant d'améliorer leur vie quotidienne.
- Les populations vulnérables dont les migrants ont acquis les bases d'hygiène et sensibilisées contre les IST, leur état de santé est amélioré, 100% enfants vaccinés.
- Le projet est visible, les acteurs impliqués sont informés des résultats, le réseau entre eux est renforcé.
Women Migration from Morocco to EU: a Warp Yarn for the Development.

Programme: Aeneas  
Year of funding: 2006  
Overall budget: € 702,733,20  
EC contribution: € 561,975,74  
Applicant: Soleterre – Strategie di Pace ONLUS  
Implementing Partners: IRS - Istituto di Ricerca Sociale (Milan), University of Milan, Province of Milan, Region Lombardy, University Hassan I (Settat), National School for Trade and Management (Settat), Morocco’s Ministry for Tourism, Craftsmanship and Social Economy (Morocco)  
Location: Morocco  
Sub-sector: Migration and Development  
Project Duration: 6/12/2007 – 6/12/2010  
Beneficiaries: Migrants’ Associations, Regional Authorities, Chamber of Trade and Craftsmanship

Project Summary

Objectives
To promote links between Moroccan immigrant communities (diasporas) in Italy and the communities of origin in Morocco and to promote circular migration and returned of skilled, with particular focus on migrant women.

Activities
- Action 1 - Trans-national research and survey activity about migration pathways of women from Morocco to Italy;
- Action 2 – Setting up of a trans-national corridor among Local Authorities and diasporas (at regional and municipal level in Lombardy and in Chaouia-Ourdigha), through development co-operation programmes and territorial partnerships;

Results and lessons learned
- Two Regional CDEs at Milan and Settat;
- 10 women entrepreneurship’s projects on trans-national scale;
- Job opportunities for 150 Moroccans women;
- The publication of the project’s study and research’s report.
Project Summary

Objectives
Amélioration et humanisation de la lutte contre les flux migratoires illicites de subsahariens à destination de l'Europe. Équiper 10 postes frontières de la direction de la police des frontières et former les policiers qui y travailleront. L'équipement portera sur la construction des postes et la dotation en matériel de communication et informatique.

Activities
- Aménagement des postes frontières
- Equipement radio
- Equipement en matériel informatique et photographique
- Achat de motocyclettes et d'un véhicule 4x4
- Formations régionales
- Formation par les policiers de la DCPAF française, par les policiers espagnols

Results and lessons learned
Mettre en place des contrôles efficaces aux frontières afin d'éviter l'entrée de ressortissants étrangers et de personnes en détresse sur le territoire de l'Union Européenne.
Title: MIGR/2007/130-435
MESURE DES FLUX MIGRATOIRES ET LUTTE CONTRE LA TRAITE DES MIGRANTS AU NIGER

Programme: Aeneas
Year of funding: 2006
Overall budget: € 1.200.000
EC contribution: € 960.000
Applicant: Service de Coopération Technique Internationale de Police (France)
Implementing Partners: MoFA, Direction General de la Cooperatoin International et du Developpement, Cooperation Danoise.
Location: Niger
Sub-sector: Irregular migration
Project Duration: 1/02/2008 – 31/01/2010
Beneficiaries: La Direction de la Surveillance du Territoire (DST) - police des frontières du Niger - et l’ensemble des acteurs de police et de justice de la lutte contre les migrations irrégulières et la traite des migrants.

Project Summary

Objectives

L'amélioration de la capacité des autorités nigériennes à mesurer et connaître les flux migratoires qui traversent le pays, à lutter contre la traite des migrants et l’émigration irrégulière, avec développement d'une coopération régionale en matière migratoire.

Activities

- Création et mise en réseau par satellite d’une application informatique;
- Fourniture de matériels informatique et de moyens de déplacement adaptés (motocyclettes);
- Formation à l’établissement de statistiques et au contrôle documentaire, de formateurs et de spécialistes en maintenance informatique;
- Sensibilisation des forces de sécurité et des magistrats nigériens;
- Organisation de séminaires, d’ateliers de travail à but réglementaire et d’actions de sensibilisation, internationaux.

Results and lessons learned

- Une meilleure connaissance des flux et routes migratoires dans la région;
- L’établissement de données statistiques exportables dans ces domaines;
- La disparition des pratiques portant atteinte à la vie, à la santé et à la dignité des migrants, notamment dans le désert saharien;
- Des accords de réadmission des migrants en situation irrégulière, entre les pays de destination, les pays de transit et les pays sources.
Title: MIGR/2007/129-654
Strengthening Protection Capacities in Tanzania – Supplementing the Regional Protection Programme Pilot Project

Programme: Aeneas
Year of funding: 2006
Overall budget: € 1.168.498,00
EC contribution: € 934.798,40
Implementing Partners: United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees
Location: Tanzania
Sub-sector: Asylum and refugee protection
Project Duration: 30/11/2007 - 30/11/2009
Beneficiaries: • Refugees and asylum seekers
• Tanzania government and public

Project Summary

Objectives

• Strengthen the capacities of Tanzanian officials and institutions to protect refugees;
• Ensuring access to protection for refugees and asylum-seekers in mixed migration flows;
• Enhancing equitable benefits and rule of the law for refugees;
• Support voluntary repatriation with mass information strategies and tools.

Activities

• Refugee protection training programmes for Tanzanian officials;
• Capacity-building for border and law enforcement officials on admission and protection of refugees and asylum seekers arriving in situations of mass influx;
• Training programmes/workshops for NGOs, lawyers, judiciary and national human rights institutions in border regions, aimed to facilitate admission and protection of refugees and asylum seekers and build constituencies for protection;
• Legal counselling, representation and related services, including interpretation, for refugees, and training to judicial officers on refugee protection;
• Promotion of voluntary repatriation by providing objective and reliable information by radio and other mass communication means.

Results and lessons learned

• UNHCR ensures access to safety and improves life conditions of asylum status enjoyed by refugees in Tanzania by strengthening both administrative capacity of government officials and institutions.
• Through the project, UNHCR also seeks to ensure access to protection for refugees and asylum seekers in the context of the growing phenomenon of mixed migration. The project will also provide legal assistance and other services which facilitate access to justice for refugees.
• The project enables refugees, when voluntary repatriation is considered, to get a proper view of home's conditions and thus empower them in order to take well-informed decisions regarding the return.
Title: MIGR/2007/129-659
Improvement of the reception conditions for asylum seekers in Yemen and enhancing the legislative and institutional framework for Somali refugees.

Programme
Year of funding
Overall budget
EC contribution
Implementing Partners
Location
Sub-sector
Project Duration
Beneficiaries

Aeneas
2006
€ 1.381.127,76
€ 1.104.902,21
United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees
Yemen
Asylum Refugee Protection
01/01/2008 - 31/12/2008
- Officials responsible for refugees affairs as well as those who encounter refugees in the discharge of their responsibilities (e.g. police, military, coastguard);
- Local communities which can benefit from expanded self-reliance opportunities for refugees.

Project Summary
Objectives
- Improved receptions standards of treatment of refugees and asylum seekers;
- Strengthened registration and documentation procedures;
- Improved accommodation for refugees;
- Enhanced means for refugees to become self-sufficient jointly with benefits to the hosting communities.

Activities
- Refugee protection training for Yemeni officials responsible for reception and security of refugees and asylum seekers;
- Improvement and expansion of registration procedures;
- Building of accommodation structures for refugees;
- Development of an integrated and comprehensive self-reliance strategy with projects implemented to affect that strategy.

Results and lessons learned
- A number of serious gaps in protection capacity are remedied such that reception conditions for refugees and asylum seekers are in line with international standards;
- Registration of refugees and asylum seekers is extended to provide continuous and updated information and to assist in the provision of appropriate protection and solutions responses;
- More refugees live now in acceptable conditions and are able to become self-reliant.
Title: MIGR/2007/129-665  
Support to Individuals, State and Non-State actors to manage Migration and Refugee flows across the Somalia/Yemen gap

Programme  
Year of funding 2006  
Overall budget € 2.000.000,13  
EC contribution € 1.600.000,10  
Implementing Partners Danish Refugee Council  
Location Somalia, Puntland, Bosasso with an outreach into Yemen, Aden and along the coast  
Sub-sector Asylum and Refugee protection  
Project Duration 01/02/2008 - 31/01/2010  
Beneficiaries Governments of Somalia and Yemen

Project Summary

Objectives

- Those individuals considering to seek asylum, irregular migration or to return to their country of origin have full access to information about their rights and obligations, the potential risks and the actual conditions in the place they are considering to go to;
- Strengthened awareness and capacities of government authorities, communities and other stakeholders on the issues of right to asylum, trafficking and irregular migration and leading to implementation of improved measures for effectively protecting human rights;
- Enhanced self reliance and hence capacity for (re-)integration of both displaced people and returnees;
- Young Somali Diaspora in Northern Europe are given the opportunity to commit their skills on a temporary basis for the development of Somalia.

Activities

- Information activities to people contemplating crossing the Gulf of Aden regarding their rights/obligations as well as conditions en route and in Yemen;
- Collection, management and dissemination of information among key assistance actors regarding movements of displaced people and migrants in Puntland and across the Gulf of Aden;
- Assisting the Puntland government in developing policies and practices to classify/react and manage the needs of a mixed migrant caseload combined with support to the Yemeni authorities to improve the reception of arrivals;
- Improvement in self-reliance capacity and (re-)integration through skills training of refugees/migrants in Yemen and Puntland;
- Support for the temporary return of young and skilled members of the Somali Diaspora in Denmark, who are able and willing to assist local organisations in solving concrete problems;
- Assessment of opportunities for establishing virtual networks between the Somali Diaspora in Denmark and business ventures as well as civil society organisations in their home country.

Results and lessons learned

- Improved information and understanding by beneficiaries, communities and governments in Yemen/Somalia, of the rights of Asylum seekers and Migrants;
- Improved capacities and practices of government authorities in dealing with Asylum seekers and migrants on the basis of international human rights standards;
- Improved skills and access to self-reliance for displaced people and migrants in Yemen and Puntland;
- Young Somali Diaspora given the opportunity to commit their skills on a temporary basis to the development of Somalia.
**Title:** MIGR/2007/129-730
**DIAS DE CABO VERDE - DIASpora for DEvelopment of Cape Verde**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Programme</th>
<th>Aeneas</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Year of funding</td>
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<td>Implementing Partners</td>
<td>Instituto das comunidades de Cabo Verde</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Location</td>
<td>Cabo Verde</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sub-sector</td>
<td>Labour Migration</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Project Duration</td>
<td>04/12/2007 - 04/06/2009</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| Beneficiaries | • Local communities in Cape Verde;  
• Cape Verdean entrepreneurs and the business sector in Cape Verde;  
• Cape Verdean diaspora benefiting from enhanced networks and participation. |

**Project Summary**

**Objectives**
- Strengthen the capacity and the competencies of the professionals working in key development sectors in Cape Verde;
- Promote the role of the diaspora organizations in Portugal, Italy and The Netherlands to act as development agents;
- Contribute to establish a communication network between diaspora members and institutional entities in Cape Verde as well as in the involved host countries;
- Improve the capacity of the Government of Cape Verde, to assess professional needs, disseminate information and manage migration for development projects

**Activities**
- Creation of a Steering Committee in Portugal;
- Development and implementation of an information campaign in Portugal, Italy, The Netherlands and Cape Verde;
- Development of a website and a database;
- Workshop on mapping of needs in Cape Verde;
- Mapping of professional needs in key sectors in Cape Verde;
- Organization of 30 short training missions;
- Organization of 6 Networking missions;
- Production and dissemination of a Final Report;

**Results and lessons learned**
- Information material for the information campaigns in Italy, The Netherlands, and Portugal available in Portuguese, Italian and Dutch;
- Media advertisements;
- A website for the matching of resources and skills, to be developed and initially run by IOM Portugal and handed over to the IC on month12;
- Interactive database for match-making purposes;
- 30 training missions (10 per participating country);
- 6 networking missions;
- Inquiry forms;
- Strategy planning paper for the promotion of business links;
Title: MIGR/2007/129-742
Rapprochement des systèmes pour une gestion partagée de la migration

Programme: Aeneas
Year of funding: 2006
Overall budget: € 661,338,08
EC contribution: € 529,070,46
Implementing Partners: Italian Republic – Ministry of Social Solidarity
Location: Tunisia
Sub-sector: Labour migration
Project Duration: 01/03/2008 - 31/08/2009
Beneficiaries: les citoyens tunisiens qui veulent émigrer en Italie

Project Summary

Objectives

• Favoriser la migration régulière pour raisons de travail;
• Renforcer les capacités de gestion de la migration pour raisons de travail.

Activities

• Mettre à jour une analyse de contexte, notamment en créant des occasions de rencontre et d’échange entre les deux pays, afin d’approfondir les besoins réciproques et les exigences liées au phénomène migratoire;
• Favoriser l’échange d’informations sur les besoins exprimés par le marché du travail italien et sur les profils professionnels disponibles en Tunisie, également au travers des rencontres du Comité de Gestion du projet;
• Fournir une assistance technique et informatique adéquate aux structures en charge de la gestion des migrations, afin de mettre à jour la banque de données incluant les profils professionnels des travailleurs tunisiens souhaitant travailler en Italie. Cela sera réalisé grâce à une activité de conseil destinée aux fonctionnaires et aux intervenants du secteur;
• Etablir la liste des travailleurs tunisiens pouvant entrer en Italie selon des critères qui soient lisibles et compréhensibles par les employeurs italiens;
• Diffuser cette liste sur le marché du travail italien, via le système italien « Borsa Continua Nazionale del Lavoro », le réseau en ligne de rencontre entre offre et demande de travail;
• Réaliser un programme de formation pour 100 travailleurs tunisiens. Les cours, organisés en Tunisie, prévoient l’enseignement de la langue italienne, l’orientation civique et culturelle et la mise à jour des compétences professionnelles dans les secteurs de la mécanique et de la construction. L’activité de formation a pour objectif l’insertion – dans un quota préférentiel - sur le marché du travail italien;
• Diffuser une information correcte sur les voies d’entrée légales et sur les mesures d’intégration et d’accès aux services sociaux en Italie, notamment par la mise à jour et la distribution d’un Manuel sur les conditions d’entrée et sur les dispositifs d’intégration.

Results and lessons learned

• Renforcement de la connaissance réciproque des deux systèmes;
• Assistance du point de vue technique et informatique les fonctionnaires et praticiens tunisiens responsables de la gestion des politiques migratoires et mise à jour de la banque de données contenant les profils professionnels;
• Réduction et diffusion de la liste standardisée des travailleurs tunisiens disponibles à travailler en Italie;
• Formation de 100 travailleurs tunisiens en vue de leur insertion dans le marché du travail italien;
• Diffusion entre les intervenants et les fonctionnaires tunisiens l’information.
**Title:**
MIGR/2007/129-774
Mise en place du Plan d’Action de la Conférence de Rabat

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<tr>
<th>Programme</th>
<th>Aeneas</th>
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<td>Implementing Partners</td>
<td>Fondation Internationale et pour l’Amérique Latine d’Administration etPolitiques Publiques (FIIAPP)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Location</td>
<td>Maroc, Sénégal, Mauritanie, Mali et Niger</td>
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<tr>
<td>Sub-sector</td>
<td>Legal migration</td>
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<td>Project Duration</td>
<td>07/01/2008 - 06/01/2010</td>
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<tr>
<td>Beneficiaries</td>
<td>Emigrants africains de la Route migratoire d’Afrique de l'Ouest</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Project Summary**

**Objectives**

- La promotion d’une migration légale compatible avec l’analyse de la situation démographique, économique et sociale dans les pays d’origine et les pays hôtes et de la capacité d’accueil des pays hôtes;
- Une meilleure information de la population sur les avantages de la migration légale et les conséquences de l’immigration;
- L’établissement, dans les pays tiers concernés, d’une politique efficace et préventive en matière de lutte contre les migrations illégales, incluant la lutte contre le trafic des êtres humains et la traite des migrants;
- L’élaboration d’une législation en la matière.

**Activities**

- Création d’un réseau de contacts interdisciplinaires au niveau gouvernemental, académique et de la société civile pour mettre en place le suivi du Plan d’Action et former des groupes techniques et des sessions académiques de suivi;
- Formation des trois groupes de travail pour la mise en place du Plan d’Action de Rabat;
- Célébration des réunions conjointes pendant les deux ans de la durée du projet par les équipes de travail formées pour promouvoir l’élaboration en commun des informations et des données sur les tendances migratoires actuelles et évaluer la corrélation entre les Migrations Internationales et le Développement;
- Mise en place des formations spécifiques à la demande des pays participants pour leurs fonctionnaires dans le domaine de la gestion des flux migratoires, des effets économiques de la migration, ainsi que des instruments légaux et de l’ordonnancement juridique relatif des migrations;
- Evaluation au niveau comparatif de différentes politiques migratoires ;
- Optimisation de l’échange d’informations et des bonnes pratiques, les réponses institutionnelles et stratégiques.

**Results and lessons learned**

- Un Réseau de Points de Contact et d’Analyse Conjointe (RPCAC) et une plateforme de coordination et de suivi, dotés de capacités de gestion opérationnelle et politique sont été mis en place, dans le but de donner les impulsions nécessaires à la mise en œuvre des actions et des objectifs du présent projet, y compris les activités des Groupes de Travail.
- Les capacités organisationnelles et opérationnelles des administrations africaines chargées de la gestion des migrations et de la lutte contre le trafic d’êtres humains sont été fortifiées et renforcées.
- Le rôle de la coopération bi-régionale euro-africaine permanente comme mécanisme principal pour la gestion du processus migratoire a été renforcé.
Améliorer les conditions pour la circulation qualifiante des travailleurs

<table>
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<tr>
<th>Title:</th>
<th>MIGR/2007/129-786</th>
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<td>Améliorer les conditions pour la circulation qualifiante des travailleurs</td>
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<td>Implementing Partners</td>
<td>Agence Nationale pour l'Emploi (ANPE)</td>
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<td>Location</td>
<td>Tunisie</td>
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<td>Sub-sector</td>
<td>Labour Migration – Legal Migration</td>
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<tr>
<td>Project Duration</td>
<td>01/03/2008 - 28/02/2010</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Beneficiaries</td>
<td>Des candidats à la migration, demandeurs d'emploi ou non, informés et accompagnés dans leur recherche d'emploi décent et qualifié en Europe, assurés de pouvoir développer éventuellement leurs compétences et aidés pour un retour en Tunisie.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Project Summary**

**Objectives**

- Renforcer un système de mise à disposition des informations adéquates concernant les procédures d'immigration, les conditions de séjours à l'étranger, les règles de travail, les profils requis et les offres disponibles aux candidats à l'immigration;
- Orienter et évaluer les candidats à l'immigration d'une façon de pouvoir apprécier le niveau des pré requis chez les candidats et de les orienter en conséquence vers les opportunités d'emploi les plus adaptées ou à défaut vers des accompagnements spécifiques;
- Construire des parcours professionnels vu à préparer les candidats sélectionnés pour la réussite de leur séjour professionnel à l'étranger mais aussi, dès l'amont, préparer leur possible retour pour une valorisation des éventuelles expertises professionnelles acquises à l'étranger au profit de leur insertion locale.

**Activities**

- Réalisation d'une observation action sur les forces et faiblesses des actions entreprises à l'international;
- Mise en place d'un dispositif dédié à la mobilité internationale en fonction des options retenues, en élaborant des outils ou en adaptant ceux déjà existants et en assurant leur intégration dans le domaine du placement à l'international;
- Elaboration et mise en œuvre d'un plan de formation des agents affectés à ce dispositif, pour le développement de la migration légale et qualifiante;
- Renforcement, au niveau national de l'Agence Nationale pour l'Emploi et le Travail Indépendant (ANETI), un système d'information sur le placement à l'international, consultable par les différents points d’implantation;
- Instauration d'une communication permanente sur le projet et de sa mise en œuvre;

**Results and lessons learned**

- Renforcement et spécialisation de l'ANETI dans le domaine du placement à l'international;
- Développement de l’information et de la documentation en matière de migration légale en Europe;
- Accompagnement et formation des candidats à la migration et au retour.
### Project Summary

#### Objectives

- Strengthen national administrations’ capacity to collect and analyse policy-relevant migration data and propose measures to improve gaps in data and statistics;
- Improve the utilization of migration data and policy analysis within and between selected countries of West and Central Africa for strategic policy planning by preparing systematic national Migration Profiles;
- Enhance governments’ and regional organizations’ capacity to promote a comprehensive and coherent policy approach to migration in the region in order to develop specific indicators and training tool-kit for developing national and regional strategies on migration, including reinforcing migration analysis in the Country Strategy Papers and Poverty Reduction Strategy Papers (PRSP) of concerned countries, and, to define adequate information tools on migration realities in concerned regions.

#### Activities

- Preparing and completing eight national Migration Profiles and propose a regional Migration Profile Template;
- Identifying mechanisms and instruments for sustainability of the national Migration Profiles and up-date of the regional template;
- Identifying capacity building needs and priorities to improve management of policy-relevant data and information on programmes related to migration;
- Developing training modules and material to enhance capacities of governments and regional organisations in analysing priority migration issues;
- Organizing Strategic Policy Planning workshops at the national and regional levels to promote greater migration policy coherence and the mainstreaming of migration into development and labour policy plans;
- Building on the Migration Profiles, policy options to manage migration for the benefit of national development, inclusive of the PRSP framework, identified, designed and promoted by the national technical groups in selected countries, in consultation with the inter-ministerial working groups, where appropriate;
- Regional workshop to promote a comprehensive migration policy at the regional level, in coordination with the Economic Commission for West African States (ECOWAS) Protocol of Free Movement of Persons.

#### Results and lessons learned

- Improved data and information on migration and its interaction with national and regional development;
- Strengthened government capacity to respond to information and data gaps;
- Enhanced utilization of research and data for comprehensive policy planning;
- Greater accessibility and availability of information and data on migration and development;
- Improved understanding of policy options to manage migration for the benefit of development;
- Enhanced capacity to develop coherent and comprehensive policies at national and regional level.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Title:</th>
<th>MIGR/2007/129-829</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Facilitating a coherent migration management approach in Ghana, Nigeria, Senegal and Libya by promoting legal migration and preventing further irregular migration</td>
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<tr>
<td>Location</td>
<td>Ghana, Senegal and Nigeria, and Libya.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Sub-sector</td>
<td>Labour migration; Smuggling and Trafficking in human beings</td>
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<tr>
<td>Project Duration</td>
<td>14/01/2008 - 13/07/2009</td>
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<tr>
<td>Beneficiaries</td>
<td>Potential and actual migrant workers (or economic migrants) in Ghana, Nigeria, Senegal, and Libya. Employers and potential employers of migrant workers in Libya.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Project Summary**

**Objectives**

- To enhance national capacities for labour migration management in West Africa and Libya;
- To contribute to the development of mechanisms for the insertion of workers into the EU labour market, through testing of pilot mechanisms with Italy;
- To strengthen networking and dialogue among governments on labour migration within an intraregional and interregional approach;
- To enhance efforts at reducing irregular migration from, into, and through West Africa and Libya, including to the EU;
- To promote and sustain voluntary return and reintegration to countries of origin.

**Activities**

- Establishment of working groups at the national level to collect information on labour migration policies and practices;
- Undertaking of a full-scale assessment of labour migration policies and practices, including data sources, legislation, and skills transfer using a common methodology, and roadmap;
- Provision of technical assistance and guidance Ghanaian officials on the development of labour migration policy options, the establishment of national structures, registration of profiles of candidate workers into a database and referral to an online network for the transnational matching of supply and demand in Italy; Assess possibilities for the further development of such mechanisms with Nigeria and Italy;
- Creation and distribution of information materials on labour migration schemes and the risks of irregular migration in targeted African countries;
- Provision of preliminary training and support to Libyan government officials in the development of a labour immigration framework, based on an assessment of policy objectives, legislation and mechanisms in place;
- Provision voluntary return and reintegration assistance to up to 300 returnees from Libya and EU Member States;
- Agreement on a regional workshop to develop a common regional approach to manage labour migration;
- Undertaking three Steering Committee meetings to set the parameters and evaluate progress in project implementation.

**Results and lessons learned**

- Roadmap and National Assessment of labour migration policies and practices set for Ghana and Nigeria and an upgrade assessment undertaken in Senegal;
- Mechanism to register candidate migrant workers established in Ghana, and tested to match Italian demand for foreign manpower, assessment undertaken in Nigeria to test potential replication;
- Increased awareness on regular migration avenues and risks of irregular migration through information provision to up to 200,000 migrants in Ghana and Nigeria;
- Assessed possibilities for the further development of labour migration in Libya, identified through the assistance of experts and based on extensive consultations with relevant stakeholders;
- Up to 300 stranded migrant workers assisted to return voluntarily from Libya and the EU and provided with reintegration assistance in Ghana, Nigeria and Senegal;
- A regional workshop on labour migration policies, practices, and legal mechanisms held among key labour migration management officials from participating African countries, Libya, and the EU and recommendations adopted;
Création d’un environnement favorable permettant de profiter des effets positifs de la migration pour le développement économique de la région de l’Oriental du Maroc.

Programme: Aeneas
Year of funding: 2006
Overall budget: € 1.499.417,02
EC contribution: € 1.199.533,62
Implementing Partners: Deutsche Gesellschaft für Technische Zusammenarbeit (GTZ) Gmbh
Location: Maroc, Région de l’Oriental, l’action concerne toutes les villes de la Région
Sub-sector: Migration Development
Project Duration: 01/04/2008 - 31/03/2011
Beneficiaries: La population de la région de l’Oriental (Maroc)

Project Summary

Objectives

- Augmentation de la capacité de rendement de la région de l’Oriental;
- Augmentation de la compétitivité de l’espace économique.

Activities

- Réalisation d’un diagnostic du climat d’investissement et définition d’une stratégie pour son amélioration; Formulation, exécution, adaptation et capitalisation d’un plan d’action;
- Analyse de la qualité et quantité des services d’accompagnement par rapport aux besoins spécifiques des PME; Développement d’outils et formation des acteurs ; Elaboration des produits spécifiques pour l’entrepreneuriat féminin et les intéressés potentiels Marocains Résidents à l’étranger (MRE);
- Appui-conseil et formation en vue du développement des capacités du Centres Régionaux d’Investissement (CRI) en matière d’identification des opportunités pour PME/MRE et en marketing régional;
- Renforcement des capacités des banques de réaliser une approche innovatrice PME et d’offrir des produits financiers adaptés aux PME;
- Mobilisation de l’implication de la diaspora en Allemagne; Elaboration d’une structure d’information, de communication et de travail entre les acteurs au Maroc et les organisations des MRE en Allemagne;
- Coordination et capitalisation dans le cadre du groupe thématique « Migration et Développement»; Réseautage avec les acteurs à l’échelle nationale et internationale.

Results and lessons learned

- L’Agence de l’Oriental et le CRI réalisent un plan d’action visant l’amélioration de l’environnement des affaires qui est basé sur un diagnostic participatif;
- Les structures d’accompagnement (CRI, Chambres du Commerce et de l’Industrie, autres prestataires...) adaptent leur offre de services aux besoins des PME et/ou MRE;
- L’Agence de l’Oriental et le CRI disposent d’un guide d’investissement qui indique les opportunités d’investissement pour les PME et MRE dans la région;
- Les banque(s) s’engagent à des opérations pilotes de financement des PME;
- L’Agence de l’Oriental et le CRI mobilisent, avec le concours de la Fondation Hassan II pour les MRE, les contributions potentielles de la communauté marocaine en Europe, particulièrement en Allemagne, (investissements, savoir-faire) à travers des relations de travail structurées avec les acteurs de la diaspora (associations, hommes d’affaires…);
- L’expérience du projet est accessible pour d’autres régions et l’ensemble de la diaspora.
Title: MIGR/2007/129-864
Protection and support to Migrants in Lebanon

Programme: Aeneas
Year of funding: 2006
Overall budget: € 1.155.000,00
EC contribution: € 924.000,00
Implementing Partners: Fondation Caritas Luxembourg
Location: Activities will be carried out in Lebanon throughout the country and in selected countries of origin or transit (mainly Sri Lanka, Philippines, Jordan, and Syria)
Sub-sector: Migration Development
Project Duration: 01/02/2008 – 31/01/2011
Beneficiaries: Final beneficiaries are migrants in Lebanon and potential immigrants from Asia, the Middle East or Africa.

Project Summary

Objectives

- The promotion of fair and equal treatment by an efficient judicial representation that enforces the application of existing protection laws and accession to international conventions;
- The ability of migrants to have an understanding of and to obtain protection of their rights;
- The possibility to engage different communities and governments actors to improve policies and regulations for migration.

Activities

- Provision of legal, social and medical services through assistance and counselling to vulnerable migrants and reinforcement of the cross cultural and sector networks of services;
- Follow-up of most vulnerable returnees in countries of origin;
- Empowerment and capacity building programs offered to migrants;
- Capacity-building and rights education for departing migrants in countries of origin;
- Lobbying for protective laws and trainings to law-enforcement on special treatment of migrant workers, trafficked persons and asylum-seekers;
- Awareness-raising activities including seminars and media campaigns to sensitize and promote respect of Migrant’s rights among the Lebanese population and governmental institutions.

Results and lessons learned

- The condition of migrants in Lebanon is improved through legal and social assistance;
- The accompaniment of migrants (and in particular female migrants) is increased;
- The rule of law regarding immigration in Lebanon is strengthened;
- The awareness in Lebanon about migrants’ rights is improved.
Title: MIGR/2007/129-868
Study on Protecting Migrants and Combating Trafficking: Building an information and knowledge base for policy support on international migration in the Gulf Council States

Programme: Aeneas
Year of funding: 2006
Overall budget: € 249.940,51
EC contribution: € 199.952,41
Implementing Partners: International Labour Organisation
Location: The research activities will be carried out in Bahrain, Kuwait and Dubai (UAE)
Sub-sector: Smuggling, Trafficking in human beings
Project Duration: 11/12/2007 - 11/12/2009
Beneficiaries: Women and men migrant workers; unskilled and vulnerable workers; migrant associations; migrant communities in countries of destination.

Project Summary

Objectives

- Promotion of basic migrant workers’ rights;
- Improvement of the capacities of collecting information on vulnerable men and women migrant workers in the Gulf for informing policy formulation;
- Building a research network in the region to collect and collate information on aspects of migrant workers’ lives and working conditions, to be made available to the academic and policymaking community.

Activities

- Development of a survey instrument;
- Recruitment and training of enumerators, data analysts to undertake the survey process;
- Data analysis and research (preparation of topical papers, 3 national studies and the final study;
- Workshop and seminars to deliberate and present the research findings.

Results and lessons learned

- Development and enhancement of knowledge for better protection of migrant workers
- Development of a research network;
- Development and promotion of a monitoring and evaluation survey instrument, collecting information on the life conditions migrant workers in the Gulf as a means to inform policy formulation;
- Government action in implementing international standards as basis for sound national policy and practice;
- Better awareness and understanding among all stakeholders of national and regional labour migration conditions, trends, migration policy and development issues through research and documentation and their wide dissemination.
Title: MIGR 2007/129-969  
The East Africa Migration Route: building co-operation, information sharing and developing joint practical initiatives amongst countries of origin, transit and destination.

Programme: Aeneas  
Year of funding: 2006  
Overall budget: € 1,094,945,98  
EC contribution: € 875,956,78  
Applicant: The United Kingdom Home Office Immigration and Nationality Directorate  
Implementing Partners: International Organisation for Migration (IOM), Intergovernmental Authority on Development (IGAD), African Union (AU), Italy, Malta and the Netherlands.  
Location: East Africa region  
Sub-sector: Migration Management  
Project Duration: 07/01/2008 - 06/04/2009  
Beneficiaries: Governments of Chad, Djibouti, Egypt, Eritrea, Ethiopia, Kenya, Libya, Niger, Somalia, Sudan, Tunisia, Uganda and Yemen

Project Summary

Objectives

- to improve inter-state and intra-regional cooperation in East Africa, and cooperation between these countries and EU Member States on migration management issues in general and in the fight against the illegal immigration in particular;
- to address policy and operational challenges associated with migration in East Africa with a view to building the capacity of the targeted African countries and the IGAD Secretariat to manage migration.

Activities

- The establishment of an IGAD Migration Resource Centre at the IGAD Secretariat to act as a clearing house for strengthened and harmonized migration management operations, and as the hub for a network of contact points in East Africa and to coordinate with the EU Joint Analysis Unit.
- Creation of a special unit of EU debriefing analysts that could be deployed in specific locations on the East Africa migration route to analyse debriefing material and train third country officials in debriefing and intelligence analysis.
- Organizing two technical consultative workshops on migration management issues including: a) inter-state and intra-regional cooperation on migration management; b) border management and irregular migration.
- Provision of preliminary technical assessments of strategically selected land borders and migration processes, and targeted recommendations for addressing key gaps in the region’s border and migration management structures, including professional training.
- To design and deliver publicity campaigns directed at potential irregular migrants, advising them of the dangers of irregular migration and legal alternatives.
- To undertake a feasibility study for the undertaking of a joint operation in an African country to disrupt illegal migration.

Results and lessons learned

- Sustainable foundations for regional migration management, through the creation of an IGAD Migration Resource Centre;
- Improved co-operation between EU Member States and the target countries in the field of migration;
- Increased skill and capacity on the part of the target countries to manage and analyse migration flows;
- Better trained migration officials with enhanced skills levels on migration management issues;
- Decrease in the flow of irregular and uninformed migrants from East Africa;
- Gaps in border management assessed and addressed;
- A Regional Consultative process (RCP) to enhance cooperation at the sub-regional level;
- the feasibility of a joint operations with an African country to disrupt irregular migration assessed.
Title: MIGR/2007/129-964
Capacity building to enhance migration management in Jordan

Programme: Aeneas
Year of funding: 2006
Overall budget: € 899,383,21
EC contribution: € 719,506,57
Applicant: International Organisation for Migration
Implementing Partners: 
Location: Jordan
Sub-sector: Border Management
Project Duration: 01/02/2008 - 31/07/2009
Beneficiaries: Senior and technical level Jordan Government officials with migration-related functions

Project Summary

Objectives

- To contribute to reformed migration legislation and policy incorporating key elements for improving migration management and border processing for approval by the Jordanian Congress;
- To review and develop standard operating procedures on border management for implementation;
- To develop and deliver national migration and border training curricula based on training needs assessment, using local human, technical and infrastructure resources; and to support the Government of Jordan in conducting border management equipment needs analysis;
- To establish and consolidate effective exchange of expertise on migration and border management between the Government of Jordan and EU Member States, including study tours in EU and Jordan for senior officials from both parties.

Activities

Component 1: Review of migration policy, legislative structure and SOP for modern migration and border management

- Review current policy, legislative and operational (SOP) migration and border management frameworks;
- Hold consultations with migration-relevant ministries and other authorities about needed changes;
- Discuss recommendations with the Government of Jordan, support Ministry of Justice by providing updated legislative framework;
- Propose action plan to implement policy recommendations agreed among concerned ministries;
- Arrange two study tour: one for senior Government Officials to EU, one for EU migration experts to Jordan;

Component 2: Comprehensive capacity building/training on migration and border management

- Conduct competency-based training needs assessment for each level of staff involved in migration management and border control;
- Develop training modules (in Arabic and English) for each of the identified competencies, including a "Training of Trainers" (ToT) for local trainers, through national and international migration experts; and mainstream training goals and methodologies into on-site government migration and border management training programmes;
- Develop and provide updated SOP for border management, supported by specific SOP training;
- Support the Government of Jordan in conducting a border management equipment needs analysis.

Results and lessons learned

- A proposal on reformed migration legislation and policy incorporating key elements for improving migration management and border processing presented for approval by the Jordanian Congress;
- Standard operating procedures for border management reviewed and developed for implementation;
- Training needs assessed of approximately 1,000 migration-relevant government staff and migration and border training curricula developed and delivered using local human, technical and infrastructure resources; and border management equipment needs analysis conducted;
- Exchange of expertise on migration and border management between the Government of Jordan and EU Member States established and consolidated, including two study tours for senior officials from both entities.
### 2. South-Eastern European migratory route (Western Balkans and Turkey)

| Title: | MIGR/2005/103-439  
Building an asylum structure in Serbia and Montenegro |
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Programme</td>
<td>Aeneas</td>
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<tr>
<td>Year of funding</td>
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<td>Overall budget</td>
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<td>EC contribution</td>
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<td>Implementing Partners</td>
<td>UNHCR</td>
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<td>Location</td>
<td>Serbia and Montenegro</td>
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<td>Sub-sector</td>
<td>Asylum</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Project Duration</td>
<td>1/07/2006 – 31/12/2007</td>
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<tr>
<td>Beneficiaries</td>
<td>Officials of the relevant Ministries (Interior and Justice of Serbia and of Montenegro); Border Police; Members of Parliament at both State Union and Republican levels; National Commissariat for Refugees in Serbia and in Montenegro; civil society; media; judiciary and legal practitioners.</td>
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</table>

#### Project Summary

**Objectives**

The overall objective of the project, as part of UNHCR’s global strategy of protecting refugees, is to assist Serbia and Montenegro in its current efforts towards the establishment and development of a consolidated fair and effective asylum structure.

**Specific objectives:**

- Following the adoption of relevant asylum legislation at the State Union level, the drafting and enactment of corresponding implementing laws at the constituting Member State/Republican levels; further development of legislative and institutional framework on asylum in both Republics; and the establishment of competent asylum bodies.
- The improvement of reception conditions for asylum-seekers and refugees in Serbia and Montenegro, the establishment of effective systems for referral of asylum claims at the border, and setting up of registration and identification/documentation mechanisms for asylum-seekers and refugees.

**Activities**

Strategic activities comprise targeted programmes of training and study visits for key actors in the asylum institution building process, the provision of legal expertise, technical and operational assistance in the setting up of referral and registration systems, reception centres and competent decision-making asylum bodies as well as in the process of drafting relevant implementing legislation.

**Results and lessons learned**

In the short term, the activities under this Project should contribute to the initial foundations for the establishment of a comprehensive institutional and legal framework and asylum structure in SCG. Relevant implementing laws on asylum and procedural guidelines and operational procedures governing all stages of the asylum process will have been drafted, as well as participation ensured in the national legal reform processes of related legislation. The Project will have assisted in the establishment of the competent asylum bodies at the Republican level and will provide technical and legal expertise on RSD procedures and procedural guarantees, which will enhance institutional and legal capacity/expertise and provide for the gradual transfer of responsibility for RSD to the Government. Likewise, a proper system for identification and referral of asylum claims at the border will have been established, preventing _refoulement_ and minimising the need for detention of asylum-seekers and refugees. The Project will also have provided for the establishment and improved implementation of appropriate conditions of reception and treatment of asylum-seekers and refugees.
Title: MIGR/2005/103-474
Training Action for the Balkans, three intensive seminars on Asylum and International Protection for 120 civil servants.

Programme: Aeneas
Year of funding: 2004
Overall budget: € 641,643
EC contribution: € 512,617
Implementing Partners: Europäische Rechtsakademie Trier (ERA)
Location: Trier, Germany (for Western Balkans)
Sub-sector: Asylum
Project Duration: 15/12/2005 – 15/12/2007
Beneficiaries: 120 officials from Serbia, Montenegro, Albania, BiH, Fyrom and Croatia

Project Summary

Objectives
- To carry out training seminars on asylum and international protection.
- To develop teaching material for training to be organised at national level.
- The establishment of a web portal with access to documents on asylum, international protection and migration law in general.

Activities
- The organisation of 3 rounds of training seminars (5 days each) focusing on asylum and international protection.
- The establishment of a web portal with the available training material for national training seminars and with access to the document centre on asylum, international protection and migration in general.

Results and lessons learned
Through a combination of seminars and workshops, the participants have received a better understanding and increased knowledge about the area of asylum and international protection. Exchange of information between civil servants in the partner countries has increased. Web portal has been established and access to relevant documentation has increased.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Title:</th>
<th>MIGR/2005/103-499 Building on Mechanisms to Effectively and Sustainably Implement Readmission Agreements between Albania, the EC and concerned third countries.</th>
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<tr>
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<tr>
<td>Year of funding</td>
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<td>Implementing Partners</td>
<td>The Greek Ministry of Interior, Public Administration and Decentralisation</td>
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<td>Location</td>
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<tr>
<td>Sub-sector</td>
<td>Readmission and Return</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Project Duration</td>
<td>20/04/2006 – 19/12/2008</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Beneficiaries</td>
<td>Relevant Albanian ministries and government agencies.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Project Summary**

**Objectives**

The overall objective of the action is to support the Government of Albania in return migration management through the successful implementation of the Readmission Agreement between Albania and the E.C., as well as the preparation of other bilateral Readmission Agreements, within the context of the Albanian National Strategy on Migration and the Priorities of the European Partnership.

The specific objectives of the action are:

- To strengthen the Government of Albania institutions in the formulation and implementation of return and readmission policy, the elaboration of the necessary legislative basis and the implementation of Readmission Agreements;
- To identify and elaborate best practices in the implementation of multilateral and bilateral Readmission Agreements with relevant administrations;
- To improve the measures for return, including the identification on the one hand and the reintegration on the other hand of Albanian and third country national returnees within the framework of readmission agreements;

**Activities**

The project has three main individual, but complementary, components: capacity building and training of return and readmission entities; the creation of co-operative approaches to information exchange between administrations and within a sub-regional approach; and the establishment of return mechanisms to and from Albania.

**Results and lessons learned**

- Return and Readmission Unit and selected relevant personnel within the Ministry of Public Order significantly strengthened to be able to receive and handle readmission requests from the E.C. and third countries;
- Inter-ministerial Committee created and functioning and prioritised list of countries with which readmission agreements are required, identified and elaborated;
- Albanian National legislation drafted on expulsion and return mechanisms, as well as on detention, in accordance with E.C. and international norms;
- Identification of numbers of Albanian and third country nationals potentially to be returned as part of the E.C./Albania Agreement through research into irregular migration;
- Best practices concerning return and readmission between Albania and Greece created;
- Experiences concerning readmission and voluntary return shared with countries of the South-Eastern Europe sub-region and recommendations for expansion across the sub region established;
- Joint recommendations on documentation facilitation and identification created;
- Return counselling, medical assistance, pre-screening assistance provided to identified irregular migrants and return assistance provided to up to 50 irregular migrants in preparation for the implementation of the E.C./Albania third country clause;
- Re-integration strategy implemented in employment offices in Vlora, Durres and Tirana, Kukes, Skodra, and Elbasan concerning the identification of labour market needs and match with the skills and needs of returning migrants.
Project Summary

Objectives
The overall objective is the socioeconomic reintegration of Albanian returnees through their insertion in the labour market or through micro-enterprises creation.

Activities
- Context research and Needs Analysis;
- Open communication lines and establish the protocol for the information exchange on repatriation;
- Define the Terms of Reference that will be followed in all cases of repatriation both in Italy and in Albania;
- Training to project’s staff and to the operators of Albanian social services involved in support to returnees: training of trainers;
- Establish training curricula for each different vocational training course;
- Evaluate the opportunities of employment within the industrial, handicraft and commercial set up in different towns of Albania, to be proposed to the sponsored beneficiaries at the end of their courses;
- Evaluate the attitude of the sponsored beneficiaries to become self-employed managers in any of the skills subject of training or within similar or compatible environment;
- Study and propose and carry out ad-hoc investments for the opening of small scale agricultural, handicraft or commercial business venues for the sponsored beneficiary that demonstrate the attitude to it;
- Promote local, national and regional exchange of experiences and dialogues on migration phenomenon and cooperation about cross border management and improved legislation.

Results and lessons learned
- Professional skills to allow the beneficiary to be introduce in a wider labour market;
- Improved handling, legislation and services to refugees by Italian and Albanian authorities
- Completion of vocational training for 200 direct beneficiaries
- Introduction to long term employment for 100 training participants
- Start-up of 20 small scale business activities
- Improved quality of life in their own Country;
- Accrued capacity to obtain further personal betterment;
- Personal economic self-sufficiency in sustaining their way of life for the future;
Title: MIGR/2005/103-578
Protection of Asylum Seekers in the Republic of Croatia and Region

Programme
Year of funding 2004
Overall budget € 1.274.842.27
EC contribution € 1.000.000
Implementing Partners Croatian Law Centre
Location Bosnia and Herzegovina, Croatia, Serbia and Montenegro
Sub-sector Asylum
Project Duration 29/12/2005 – 29/12/2008
Beneficiaries Asylum seekers, actors involved in the asylum issues, young people and NGOs in target countries

Project Summary

Objectives

- To enhance the application of international standards in legislation and law enforcement;
- To increase the level of knowledge and accountability of actors involved in asylum issues;
- To improve border monitoring;
- To contribute to the development of regional cooperation;
- To promote human rights standards.

Activities

- Compiling relevant legal documents, judicial practice and policies in the field of asylum
- Conducting monitoring of functioning of government bodies in the field of asylum
- Organise meeting between stakeholders
- Development of policy proposals and amendments to laws and by-laws
- Providing free legal aid to asylum seekers
- Preparing and holding seminars on asylum
- Publishing a booklet on best practices
- Composing of three country reports/needs assessments
- Preparation and publishing of border monitoring manual
- Preparation and organization of seminars for trainers
- Drafting proposal on border monitoring mechanisms
- Creating a regional website with a corresponding database
- Preparing report on the legislation and practice in the field of asylum in Bosnia and Herzegovina, Croatia and Serbia and Montenegro
- Organising workshops for journalists and youth debates
- Asylum Law Clinic at the Faculty of Law of the University of Zagreb

Results and lessons learned

- Legislative amendments proposed.
- Free legal aid provided.
- Enhanced capacities of actors involved in asylum issues.
- Border monitoring manual produced.
- Trainers trained.
- Data base established.
- Journalists, youth and civil society better informed.
Title: MIGR/2005/103-661
"Strengthening the Protection of Asylum Seekers, Refugees, Victims of Human Trafficking and Persons under International Protection in Bosnia and Herzegovina"

Programme: Aeneas
Year of funding: 2004
Overall budget: € 856,932,56
EC contribution: € 616,562,98
Implementing Partners: Vasa Prava BiH
Location: Bosnia and Herzegovina
Sub-sector: Asylum and protection
Project Duration: 30/12/2005 – 30/12/2007
Beneficiaries: Asylum seekers, refugees and victims of trafficking

Project Summary

Objectives

The overall objective of the project is to improve the national practice in regard to full compliance with the 1951 Convention relating to the Status of Refugees and its 1967 Protocol as well as the European Convention for the Protection of Human Rights and Fundamental Freedoms and other instruments and to ensure maximum protection of rights of asylum seekers, refugees, other categories of persons under international protection (such as persons under temporary protection and persons with temporary residence on humanitarian grounds), victims of human trafficking and refugees returning to BiH from abroad by providing free legal aid and information to these target groups.

Activities

- Providing free legal aid to asylum seekers, recognized refugees, persons under international protection and victims of human trafficking in BiH, and Bosnian refugees returning to BiH from abroad
- Further developing cooperation with relevant authorities, i.e. the Ministry of Security and State Border Service, in line with the Protocol on Cooperation between the Ministry of Security and Vasa Prava so as to ensure that target groups are informed and referred to Vasa Prava for assistance
- Providing comprehensive information aid to the target groups and undertaking public awareness activities to address the problems faced by asylum seekers, refugees, refugees, victims of trafficking and other persons of concern, and enhance intercultural and interethnic understanding
- Developing cooperation with NGOs in order to better assist the target groups and reinforce the civil society synergies in the country and the region
- Contributing to the improvement of national practice in the field of asylum and refugee law
- Promoting the principles of international protection through the establishment of cooperation with universities in BiH

Results and lessons learned

All categories of target groups have improved access to information and legal aid including free legal counselling and representation, and enjoy access to their rights. The physical and legal safety as well as other rights of asylum seekers, refugees, returnees, victims of trafficking and the other target groups is increased. By enabling target groups to exercise their rights, and legal remedies before domestic institutions, the project has contributed to building a viable national asylum system, enabling present and future asylum seekers and refugees to have access to the territory, to a fair and effective refugee status determination procedure and to other rights related to their refugee status in BiH. It has also contributed to finding durable solutions for all persons of concern, in particular refugees from Croatia, persons from Kosovo temporarily admitted in BiH and Bosnian refugees returning from abroad.
Title: MIGR/2006/120-047
Former et créer un réseau institutionnel pour l’identification, l’accueil et l’intégration durable des personnes en retour

Programme: Aeneas
Year of funding: 2005
Overall budget: € 815.553,65
EC contribution: € 652.442,92
Implementing Partners: Associazione centro Europa per la Scuola Educazione e Societaceses
Location: Albania
Sub-sector: Return and Reintegration
Project Duration: 24/12/2006 – 24/12/2009
Beneficiaries: Albanian migration officials, returned migrants

Project Summary

Objectives
Fournir à l’Albanie un système intégré pour l’accueil, l’orientation, la formation professionnelle et l’intégration occupationnelle des personnes en retour, impliquant les institutions albanaises et européennes concernées par le processus d’identification et documentation.

Activities
- Identification, implication et mise en réseau des institutions albanaises et européennes impliquées dans le processus d’identification et documentation.
- Création et mise en commun d’une base de données pour le partage des informations disponibles.
- Alimentation de la base de données.
- Définition du profil professionnel demandé et élaboration du parcours de formation
- Sélection de 20 experts
- Formation des experts à Milan.
- Evaluation des données disponibles et définition d’un parcours adéquat d’accueil, orientation, formation professionnelle et l’intégration occupationnelle des personnes en retour.
- Recherche des partenariats avec le secteur privé.
- Aménagement et équipement des salles.
- Communication aux cibles.
- Démarrage et gestion des activités

Results and lessons learned
- Fonctionnement d’un réseau international pour la mise en commun des données disponibles sur les personnes en retour entre les institutions albanaises et européennes concernées dans le processus d’identification et documentation.
- Formation et emploi de 20 experts pour la formation professionnelle et intégration occupationnelle des personnes en retour.
- Fonctionnement d’un centre pour l’accueil, l’orientation, la formation professionnelle et l’intégration occupationnelle des personnes en retour.
Project Summary

Objectives

**Overall objectives:**
- to develop solutions for refugees, IDPs, returnees and especially vulnerable groups in Serbia facilitating their reintegration into a sustainable legal existence in society;
- to build up a network of local and international actors to support feasible reintegration models;
- to provide information and consultation to refugees, IDPs, returnees and especially vulnerable groups and to support local communities with expert advice and training activities.

**Specific objective:**
The specific objective of the project is to support the durable reintegration of refugees, IDPs and returnees into society by researching solutions enabling them to build up sustainable livelihoods for themselves.

Activities

- Empirical research of the target group and economic factors in Serbia;
- Organisation of high profile round tables to develop model solutions;
- Help-desks in seven cities providing active field support;
- Capacity building with training materials and activities.

Results and lessons learned

- A source of pertinent information for the target group concerning their options for the future, including legal advice, training materials and capacity building;
- A set of model solutions to build up sustainable economic livelihoods and the creation of a social network to support reintegration;
- A strategy paper containing all research results.
Title: MIGR/2006/120-126
Refugee Support Program - Turkey

Programme: Aeneas
Year of funding: 2005
Overall budget: € 732,317.64
EC contribution: € 585,854.11
Implementing Partners: Helsinki Yurttaslar Demegi
Location: Turkey
Sub-sector: Asylum and Protection
Project Duration: 27/12/2006 – 27/12/2008
Beneficiaries: Asylum seekers and refugees; NGOs and professionals; the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR) in Ankara; police and security forces; government social service agencies; and law and policy-makers

Project Summary

Objectives
To improve asylum seekers’ and refugees’ access to international protection by improving reception and detention conditions through the provision of legal and psychological services; public legal education; capacity building for NGOs, professionals and government actors; and lobbying for change in law/policy reflecting refugee rights under EC and international law.

Activities
• Provide legal aid to asylum seekers/refugees;
• Provide psychological counselling to asylum seekers/refugees;
• Provide rights-based training to asylum seekers/refugees;
• Coordinate services of refugee-assisting NGOs;
• Reach out to and monitoring the standards of UNHCR-Ankara;
• Monitor conditions of detained asylum seekers/refugees;
• Conduct skill-building training for NGOs, refugees and government actors;
• Assist trainees develop “collaborative action plans” to improve reception conditions;
• Develop a Refugee Aid Manual, Online Refugee Resource Guide;
• Develop an action plan to lobby law- and policy-makers develop law/policy reflecting refugee rights;
• Develop action plan to expand social services for asylum seekers/refugees;
• Contacting media to ensure awareness raising regarding the situation of asylum seekers/refugees in Turkey.

Results and lessons learned
• 1000 asylum seekers/refugees have received legal aid;
• 100 asylum seekers/ refugees have received mental health counselling;
• 650 asylum seekers/ refugees have received public legal education;
• 10 refugee NGOs representatives have consolidated services and developed policy positions;
• A Standards Report have evaluated UNHCR’s compliance with its own and international standards;
• 100 detained asylum seekers have received legal aid; 100 have completed questionnaires leading to a Detention Report;
• 60 NGO representatives, refugees and government actors in "satellite cities" have been trained on refugee rights leading to the expansion of services and advocacy for refugees;
• 6 Collaborative Action Plans developed by participants and 180 refugees have benefitted from them;
• 60 direct and 300 indirect end-users have benefitted from a Refugee Aid Manual; 300 have benefitted from an Online Refugee Resource Guide; and 500 have benefitted from public legal education materials;
• An Action Plan have been implemented promoting legislation/policy upholding refugee rights (in reception, detention, refoulement, documentation);
• An Action Plan have been implemented promoting institutional expansion of social services for asylum seekers/ refugees;
• Local/national media have produced 20 stories relating to the situation of asylum seekers/refugees in Turkey, RSP’s work and the expansion of refugee rights.
| Title: | MIGR/2006/120-144 Strong Institutions and a Unified Approach in the Asylum, Migration and Visa Management in the Western Balkans |
| Programme | Aeneas |
| Year of funding | 2005 |
| Overall budget | € 1.499.759 |
| EC contribution | € 1.199.807,20 |
| Implementing Partners | Swedish Migration Board |
| Location | Albania, Bosnia&Herzegovina, Fyrom, Serbia and Montenegro |
| Sub-sector | Migration management |
| Project Duration | 1/01/2007 – 31/12/2008 |
| Beneficiaries | Asylum, Migration and Visa Ministries/Services/Agencies |

**Project Summary**

**Objectives**
- To support the development of national policies according to a unified approach in the Western Balkans
- To strengthen the capacities of the national AMV institutions to manage migration issues in line with the EU/Schengen standards.
- To improve regional co-operation in the field of AMV

**Activities**

The activities of the proposed project will be made up of three major components:

- Long-term expert work in support of national AMV services
- Seminars and workshops – on national and regional level
- Study visits

**Results and lessons learned**

- A unified approach has been realised according to the Roadmap policy. Documentation in regional and national guidelines for Unified AMV Management.
- Institutions of the beneficiary countries dealing with asylum, migration and visa issues have improved and strengthened their management capacity. Improved professional and ethical standards of the civil servants. Documentation in: Organisational and administrative guidelines (management, task, reporting and follow-up), internal instructions, regulations and manuals and training programmes in line with EU/Schengen standards. Documentation in «Regional Guidelines on AMV Management in line with EU/Schengen acquis»
- Regional cooperation has been developed and formalised. Documentation in MoU on Regional Cooperation
- Legislative framework in the areas of asylum, migration and visa has developed to meet EU standards.
Project Summary

Objectives

- Establishment of direct support to the returnees for sustainable reintegration through psychosocial, informative, legal and economic assistance
- Capacity building of local authorities and institutions from one side and of the representatives of the population of returnees from another side, to work together on reintegration of returnees and their full inclusion in the development of local communities
- Establishment and maintenance of a database of all the beneficiaries, which will contain usual data about age, gender, economic status as well as specific information regarding their specific skills, vulnerabilities, assistance required and given to them, and evaluation information such as impact that given assistance made in the beneficiaries' lives
- Research, analysis and study with policy paper preparation on reintegration of returnees and their access to rights and services including recommendations
- Overall society awareness building on sustainable reintegration of returnees and their access to rights and services

Activities

- Social support to returnees
- Economic support to returnees
- Capacity building of receiving local communities
- Policy and advocacy work

Results and lessons learned

The combination of legal, informative, economic, and psychosocial support with building partnerships between local authorities and the returnees, and advocacy actions for the conditions for their access to rights and services, will have enabled the beneficiaries to actively participate not only in their reintegration process, but also in the development of local communities.
Objectives
To develop bi- and multilateral communication and information exchange systems and mechanisms on illegal migration between the five countries of the WB region.

Activities
Gaps and Need Analysis:
- Regional seminar/kick off meeting.
- National assessment missions to the five beneficiary countries.
- Review and legal assessment of bi- and multilateral agreements and MoUs.
- Review and legal assessment of relevant data protection legislation.
- Review and assessment of technical infrastructure for information exchange.
- Bi- and multilateral meetings identifying the concrete needs at operational level.

Implementation:
Building upon the results of the gaps and needs analysis, the following activities are envisaged:
- Seminars, workshops and one study trip on the approximation to EU MS requirements and practises regarding communication, information collection and exchange systems on illegal migration.
- Elaboration of potential methods for the bi- and multilateral exchange of information among participating border police authorities (“Catalogue”).
- Drafting of recommendations for amending of the relevant legislation (bi- and multilateral agreements, MoUs, data protection, etc.).
- Drafting of recommendations for upgrading the infrastructure for information exchange.
- Initiating bi- and multilateral negotiations based on agreed methodology, data classification and recommendations.
- Piloting of one/several bilateral information exchange systems.

Results and lessons learned
The communication and information exchange on illegal migratory flows between the five Western Balkan countries will have been strengthened and concrete and tailor-made information exchange mechanisms and systems have been developed for bi- and possible multilateral usage, on the basis of EU systematisation and classification (e.g. CIREFI, Eurostat statistics) and Member States best practises (e.g. ICONET).

One/several pilot information system(s) have been established and will continue to exchange information/data between the countries of the region and EU Member States, respective Eurostat and FRONTEX.
Back to the future – A transnational network for unaccompanied minors

Programme
Aeneas

Year of funding
2006

Overall budget
€ 795,451,80

EC contribution
€ 596,588,85

Implementing Partners
Ministry of Social Solidarity IT, Ministry of Employment and Social Policies of Albania; ANCI (National Association of Italian Municipalities); Municipality of Trento; Municipality of Florence; Municipality of Tirana; Prefecture of Diber; Municipality of Elbasan; Municipality of Shkoder.

Location
Albania

Sub-sector
Irregular migration – unaccompanied minors

Project Duration
1/03/2008 – 28/02/2010

Beneficiaries
Socio-educational practitioners working in the field of social and family hardship as well as juvenile deviance, from the cities of Tirana, Diber, Elbasan and Shkoder, managers of the local and central Albanian public authorities

Project Summary

Objectives
Overall objective: to contribute to the containment of illegal migration flows from Albania and to the prevention thereof, with special reference to unaccompanied minors. Specific objective: to strengthen the mechanisms of transnational cooperation both at the central and local levels for the superintendence of Albanian minors migrated alone towards Italy

Activities
1. Setting-up of the Transnational Social Network (TSN):
   1.1 Establishment of a joint Italian-Albanian Table (MMT).
   1.2 Development of a model of transnational action for the protection of minor migrants by the MMT.
   1.3 Launch of a web site dedicated to the TSN.
   1.4 Organisation of a theoretical and practical training course on family surveys, case-study evaluation, socio-educational and occupational integration, monitoring techniques.
   1.5 Organisation of a training course for 20 public administration managers for the planning of the social action, prevention of social hardship, local networking.
2. Field experimentation of the transnational action model developed by the MMT and implemented by the TSN
   2.1 Completion of 200 family surveys.
   2.2 Selection of 40 minors to whom the option of voluntary and assisted repatriation and stable reintegration will be proposed.
   2.3 Definition of an individualized plan for reintegration.
   2.4 Launch of 20 programmes for repatriation and stable reintegration of minors.
   2.5 Ongoing monitoring activities conducted by the transnational team under the supervision of the MMT.
3. Dissemination
   3.2 Conference in Albania and Italy.
   3.3 Two technical workshops in the Albanian cities, to be identified during the action.

Results and lessons learned
- The development by the MMT of a transnational model of efficient and shared protection of minors, both before and after the departure from their country of origin;
- The setting-up of a “Transnational Social Network” (TSN) for information exchange and collaboration between the central authorities in Italy and Albania and between the social practitioners in the cities of Trento, Florence, Diber, Shkoder, Tirana and Elbasan;
- The training of at least 20 public administration managers and 40 socio-educational practitioners in the cities of Diber, Shkoder, Tirana and Elbasan;
- The completion of 200 surveys of the families of Albanian minors coming from Diber, Shkoder, Tirana and Elbasan and hosted in the Italian cities of Trento and Florence;
- The development of individualized plans for the reintegration of 40 selected minors;
- The selection, repatriation and stable reintegration of 20 minors within the collaboration started by the TSN;
- The dissemination of the TSN model throughout Albania and Italy, with particular reference to the areas predominately involved in minor migration.
### Project Summary

**Objectives**

The specific objective is to develop and integrate efficient information, advice and referral services for migrants to assist their informed migration decisions while fostering local capacity and knowledge in the area of labour migration policy and practice.

**Activities**

1) Provide information, advice and referral to migrants and potential migrants on the risks of illegal migration, legal migration opportunities as well as possibilities for work or skills development at home, & procedural arrangements through individual and group counselling sessions within Migrant Service Centers (MSCs) based in the participating locations, and with the aid of information materials (leaflets, radio and TV advertising etc).

2) Provide on-the-job training (OJT) and gradual handover of the direct assistance to migrants to national authorities, primarily Public Employment Services

3.1) Organise a regional training on labour migration management for government officials and local institutions providing direct assistance to final beneficiaries; translate and disseminate the IOM/ILO/OSCE Handbook on Establishing Effective Labour Migration Policies in Countries of Origin and of Destination

3.2) Conduct country visits and national-level training by IOM/ILO/EU expert groups to all target locations to develop expertise, know-how and exchange information on relevant labour migration management issues tailored to respond to each country’s specific challenges, including on how to regulate and monitor PEA to work alongside PES on migration-related services

4.1) Gather and analyse data/information on migration potential in the Western Balkans, new migration trends, risks of irregular migration and possibilities for legal migration in view of labour market shortfalls in destination countries

4.2) Produce and disseminate a research report on “Legal emigration from the Western Balkans: dream or reality?”

**Results and lessons learned**

1) Migrants and potential migrants assisted with information and advice regarding legal migration opportunities and the risks of irregular migration as well as work/skills development possibilities at home;

2) Officials trained in providing direct assistance to potential migrants;

3) Policy-makers and practitioners sensitised and trained on policy and good practice in the context of current and projected labour market needs;

4) A research report on the migration situation, migrant profiles and potential for labour migration in Western Balkans produced and disseminated.
Title: MIGR/2007/130-158
Italy Albania and Greece against trafficking of women and minors

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Programme</th>
<th>Aeneas</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Year of funding</td>
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<td>Cies - Centro di Informazione e Educazione allo sviluppo</td>
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<td>Implementing Partners</td>
<td>FBSH, TV, OBES, Albanian and Italian Ministries of Interior</td>
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<tr>
<td>Location</td>
<td>Albania, Greece, Italy</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sub-sector</td>
<td>Trafficking</td>
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<tr>
<td>Project Duration</td>
<td>01/01/2008 - 30/06/2010</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Beneficiaries</td>
<td>Institutional operators of the partners countries; social operators of national and local associations and Ngos; children and women victims (or potential) of trafficking.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Project Summary

#### Objectives
- To reinforce international cooperation to consolidate strategies for combating trafficking of minors and women and improve preventive, protection and reintegration measures of the victims.
- To improve the quality of the information addressed to Albanian public opinion on trafficking.

#### Activities
- Exchange of best practices
  - First international seminar in Tirana.
  - Two international seminars in Rome and Athens.
  - Final international seminar/conference.
  - Regional meetings with institutional and social stakeholders.
- Training and Service
  - Two training courses for local operators who work with target groups.
  - Training course for Cultural-Linguistic Mediators and provision of their services.
- Information and public awareness
  - Discussion groups/didactic workshops with the target groups.
  - Interactive exhibition on trafficking of children and young women.
  - Awareness raising campaigning

#### Results and lessons learned
- Increased coordination level among public institutions and operators of private associations.
- Improved professional capacities of the operators working with the target group.
- Increased level of awareness within public opinion on the dangers of illegal migration and the opportunities of legal migration.
3 Eastern migratory routes (Eastern Europe, Russian Federation and Central Asia)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Title:</th>
<th>MIGR/2005/103-475 Informed Migration – An Integrated Approach to Promoting Legal Migration through National Capacity Building and Inter-regional Dialogue between the South Caucasus and the EU</th>
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<td>Location</td>
<td>Southern Caucasus (Armenia, Azerbaijan and Georgia)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Sub-sector</td>
<td>Legal migration</td>
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<td>Project Duration</td>
<td>13/12/2005 – 13/06/2008</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Beneficiaries</td>
<td>Government ministries dealing with migration; NGOs; and the population of each country.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Project Summary

Objectives

The programme aims to deepen the benefits of an existing inter-regional migration and asylum management dialogue (the “Cluster” Process) between the sending and transit countries of the South Caucasus and receiving EU Member States. Furthermore, it aims to establish effective inter-regional practices and policies to prevent irregular migration, facilitate readmission agreements, enable improved reintegration, and promote legal migration within each South Caucasus country and bilaterally with targeted receiving EU member states through dialogue and capacity building.

Activities

- Expansion of the Cluster
- Development of Migration Resource Centre Capacity and Outreach
- Information Dissemination and Exchange
- Data collection and analysis
- Capacity building in legal labor migration for Ministry of labor and social affairs

Results and lessons learned

- Cluster dialogue leads to measurable improvements in return and reintegration, interregional co-operation in combating irregular migration and promoting legal migration enhanced.
- MRCs are sustainable to inform target audience about legal migration
- Quality and outreach of information on migration is improved
- Improved migration and asylum policy based on better information and data collection and analysis
- Targeted migration authorities trained in managing legal economic migration
- Legislation and national practices with regard to asylum protection discussed and enhanced (results of Activity 1)
**Title:** MIGR/2005/103-489  
The Cross-Border Co-operation/ Söderköping Process

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<thead>
<tr>
<th>Programme</th>
<th>Aeneas</th>
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<td>United Nations High Commissioner on Refugees</td>
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<td>Location</td>
<td>Belarus, Moldova and Ukraine</td>
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<tr>
<td>Sub-sector</td>
<td>Migration, asylum and border management</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Project Duration</td>
<td>1/03/2006 – 28/02/2009</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Beneficiaries</td>
<td>National migration, asylum and border management authorities at the central and regional levels together with NGOs active in this field.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Project Summary**

**Objectives**
The overall objective of the action is, through co-operation in asylum, migration and border management issues between Western Newly Independent States (WNIS) and the neighboring newly acceded EU Member States and the candidate country, to further increase the capacity of countries in the region to develop legislation and practices for the establishment of adequate migration management and asylum systems based on international and European standards and rules.

- More specifically, the action aims to facilitate co-operation between Belarus, Moldova and Ukraine and neighboring Estonia, Hungary, Latvia, Lithuania, Poland, Romania, and Slovakia.

**Activities**
The action consists of the three components. The first component is based on a specific theme identified by the target groups; the second component presents an evaluating and steering mechanism; and the third one fosters sub-regional cooperation among the participants of the process. These components are inter-related and are sub-divided into several activities:

- **Component I. Thematic Meetings:**
  - Theme A. Asylum Management;
  - Theme B. Role of the Civil Society in the Cross-Border Co-operation Activities;
  - Theme C. Migration Management;

- **Component II. Annual Senior Level Review Meetings;**

- **Component III. Networking on Thematic Issues.**

**Results and lessons learned**
The relevant authorities in Belarus, Moldova and Ukraine have increased their capacity to develop into safe countries of asylum and align the asylum- and migration-related legislation with EU standards. This has been achieved by the transfer of experience of the newly acceded EU Member States with aligning their legislation, systems/structures and practices with the EU Acquis in the field of asylum, migration and border management to the three partner countries, of harmonisation of good practices in the sub-region, and of further enhancement of regional and sub-regional networking among the participants of the process.
Project Summary

Objectives

The objective of this project is the improvement of the implementation in Western CIS and European Russia of national and international refugee and human rights instruments – leading to increased security and protection for refugees and other vulnerable migrants in the region.

Activities

- The project activities will include:
  - Seminars;
  - Training courses for NGOs, local authorities, border guards and judges;
  - Monitoring;
  - Provision of legal advice for asylum seekers:
  - Advocacy for (improved) legislation;
  - Translation and publication of training materials, legal cases and other relevant texts.

Results and lessons learned

**Improved access to procedures**

- Increased respect for the rights of refugees and asylum seekers at frontiers.
- Adequate reception facilities provided.
- Greater proportion of decisions in accordance with the relevant instruments.
- Support for the integration of refugees and forced migrants provided.
Title: MIGR/2006/120-072
Towards sustainable partnerships for the effective governance of labour migration in the Russian Federation, the Caucasus and Central Asia

Programme
Year of funding
Overall budget
EC contribution
Implementing Partners
Location
Sub-sector
Project Duration
Beneficiaries

Aeneas
2005
€ 2,433,508
€ 1,945,105
International Labour Organisation
Russia, Armenia, Kazakhstan, Kyrgyzstan and Tajikistan
Labour migration
National governments, trade unions, employers’ organizations, NGOs, migrants and their families

Project Summary

Objectives
• To develop practical methods for assessing and forecasting labour market requirements with a view to improving migration governance;
• To promote decent work and enhance the protection of migrant workers’ rights;
• To develop a system of earned regularisation and introduce sound regularisation policies and procedures;
• To contribute to the productive utilization of the region’s human resources by developing systems for the portability of qualifications and reducing bureaucratic obstacles to recruitment; and
• To develop policies that enhance the positive impact of migration on development in origin countries.

Activities
The project combines three principal activity areas.

Workshops, seminars and conferences. The hallmark of these activities will be that they are participatory and planned to develop a process for sustainable dialogue.

Training. These activities will target in particular the administration in each country in order to help develop expertise, strengthen legal systems and improve the performance and sensitivity of immigration officials, police and other enforcement agents.

Research. All research activities will be coordinated through regional research centres, thus contributing to their capacity.

Results and lessons learned
• Concrete proposals for improvements of labour migration governance;
• The establishment of industry advisory boards;
• The establishment of structures for multi-sectoral policy dialogue on migration;
• More policy-oriented research;
• Improved administration of and response to regularisation programmes;
• The incorporation of migration in national development plans;
• Information materials;
• Increased engagement of trade unions, civil society and other institutions in the work of protecting migrant workers’ rights and combating discrimination;
• Increased bilateral and regional cooperation, and
• Development of practical programmes and schemes for enhancing the developmental impact of migration.
### Project Summary

**Objectives**

The Georgian Ministry of Refugees and Accommodation (MRA) capacitated to implement its mandatory function of supporting re-integration of returning migrants, rejected asylum seekers and other displaced groups.

MRA capacitated to take a co-ordinating function on issues related to re-integration of returning migrants and rejected asylum seekers vis-à-vis the relevant Georgian state actors and European Governments engaged in bilateral support to re-integration.

**Activities**

- Training workshops carried out in MRA
- Compendiums and manuals developed for in-house training
- Equipped resource centre in MRA
- 2 study visits
- Expert research study on issue related to Migration between Georgia/EU
- Mapping and analysis of tasks within MRA
- Job descriptions, internal procedure description, filling systems
- Upgraded IT and Internet capacities in MRA
- Analysis of state agencies responsibilities
- Fora for interagency coordination meetings, 7 meetings conducted
- Mapping of existing support structures
- Test cases of referral mechanisms
- International conference on R&R
- Web page with information on R&R provided by MRA
- Information campaign of migration and return
- Monitoring report on return
- Migration survey report

**Results and lessons learned**

- The institutional knowledge on theoretical and practical aspects of return and reintegration within the MRA increased
- Systems and procedures on implementation of responsibilities related to reintegration within the Department for Migration, Repatriation and Refugees in place
- Interface between MRA and other central and decentralised state actors strengthened and an interagency co-operation agreement outlined
- Coordination with EU Member States and other states on return and reintegration support interventions established
- External information dissemination on issues related to readmission and reintegration carried out
- Context-specific knowledge gained through surveys and needs assessments conducted at municipality (rayon) level
- Strategies on return and reintegration formulated and action plan developed
Title: MIGR/2006/120-079
Elimination of human trafficking from Moldova and Ukraine through labour market based measures

Programme
Aeneas

Year of funding
2005

Overall budget
€ 935,615,97

EC contribution
€ 748,492,78

Implementing Partners
International Labour Organisation

Location
Moldova and Ukraine

Sub-sector
Trafficking in Human Beings

Project Duration

Beneficiaries
Government officials, public employment services and private employment agencies, law enforcement services, social partners, victims and potential victims of trafficking

Project Summary

Objectives
The project aims to contribute to the progressive elimination of irregular migration, in particular trafficking in persons, from Ukraine and Moldova.

Specific objective 1: The policy and legal frameworks to promote legal migration and combat trafficking in persons for sexual and labour exploitation will have been improved in Ukraine and Moldova.

Specific objective 2: The capacity of national stakeholders to detect criminal activities related to irregular migration and to prevent trafficking in human beings will have been strengthened.

Specific objective 3: Potential migrants and trafficking victims will make more informed decisions about migration for employment abroad.

Specific objective 4: An increased number of trafficking victims will have received assistance, including socio-economic reintegration measures tailored to their needs.

Activities
- Contribute to a comprehensive anti-trafficking strategy by mobilizing labour market actors to actively participate in implementing the National Action Plans against Trafficking in Persons;
- Support the draft and implementation of coherent laws and policies;
- Advise on the preparation and negotiation of bilateral agreements with main countries of destination for labour migration from Moldova and Ukraine;
- Develop a methodology for data collection in the areas of trafficking and migration;
- Train law enforcement authorities to detect and prosecute all forms of human trafficking and abusive recruitment;
- Raise awareness of human trafficking for sexual and labour exploitation among candidates for migration and social partners;
- Build capacity of PES and PEA services to provide migration-related information/pre-migratory training to candidates for migration, in cooperation with Migration Information Centres, trade unions, employers’ organisations and NGOs;
- Establish cooperation between trade unions in Moldova/Ukraine and in destination countries and build their capacity to protect and support irregular migrant workers and trafficking victims;
- Broaden National Referral Mechanisms to include victims of all forms of trafficking with a special focus on compensation issues;
- Develop and implement reintegration schemes for returning trafficking victims through vocational training and SME.

Results and lessons learned
- National policies and legislation to combat human trafficking and irregular migration will have been revised, adopted and effectively implemented.
- There will be a regular monitoring of the implementation of the NAP, in particular with regards to labour market based intervention measures.
- Law enforcement authorities will have improved skills to detect and prosecute human trafficking cases, including criminal forms of recruitment.
- Candidates for migration will have better access to information and to legal channels of migration, avoiding the risks of illegal migration.
- Victims of trafficking will be referred to assistance services tailored to their needs, obtain legal support for compensation claims and vocational training for a sustainable reintegration.
Title: MIGR/2006/120-135
Complex action for improvement of refugees reception system in St. Petersburg - Russia

Programme: Aeneas
Year of funding: 2005
Overall budget: € 664,856,20
EC contribution: € 502,764,26
Implementing Partners: St. Petersburg Centre for International Cooperation of the Red Cross
Location: St. Petersburg, Russia
Sub-sector: Asylum
Beneficiaries: Refugees, asylum seekers and migrants; NGOs and local authorities of St. Petersburg; local low and middle level police officers

Project Summary

Objectives

Overall objective(s):
- to improve the capacity of St. Petersburg to receive, register, document and integrate refugees, asylum seekers and migrants;

Specific objectives:
- to continue work of the “Refugee House” project;
- to implement educational and cultural integration programs;
- to promote cooperation between NGOs and city authorities;
- to develop administrative expertise of local authorities and NGOs;
- to promote tolerance.

Activities

- Provision of refugees and asylum-seekers with legal, medical, social and educational services via “Refugee House” project;
- Conduct a series of public roundtables for local authorities, NGOs, and mass-media on refugees and asylum seekers, human rights and tolerance;
- Implementation of education program on international refugee law for city Migration Service and local police;
- Conduct of education seminars on refugees and migrants for NGOs and local authorities.

Results and lessons learned

- About 3000 refugees would be supplied with legal aid, 1200 – with medical and social care, 700 would benefit from phone hotline, 40 – with emergency shelter;
- 220 refugees would be provided with language and educational services, 120 – with professional training, 300 would take part in Community centre activities, 100 children of refugees would be provided with kindergarten;
- 120 high-rank city officials and NGO members would take part in open roundtables;
- 120 members of Migration Service staff and regional NGOs would participate in educational seminars,
- 1 000 local low and middle level police officers would have educational course on international refugee law;
- 5 000 information sheets on refugees and asylum-seekers would be disseminated within city population and police;
- 5 000 information materials on tolerance would be disseminated within city population.
- Course methodology would be published and made available.
- The number of violations of human rights of refugees and asylum-seekers by local police officers would decrease by 25%.
Title: MIGR/2006/120-166
Network of free legal counselling centers for forced migrants in the regions of Russia “Migration Rights”

Programme | Aeneas
---|---
Year of funding | 2005
Overall budget | € 2.520.356
EC contribution | € 2.000.000
Implementing Partners | Memorial Human Rights Centre
Location | Russia
Sub-sector | Asylum and Protection
Project Duration | 31/12/2006 – 31/12/2009
Beneficiaries | State officials at all levels, politicians and judges

Project Summary

Objectives

Development of the asylum system in the RF, integration refugees, asylum seekers, stateless persons, IDPs and forced and labor migrants into Russian society.

Specific objectives:

- Provision of forced migrants with accessible legal aid.
- Improvement of the attitude towards forced migrants in the society
- Perfection of legislative and normative acts
- Creation of a positive image of a migrant in the mass media
- Development of professional skills of the lawyers working in the NGO sector

Activities

- Providing legal counselling and support at courts (including the Supreme Court, the Constitutional Court and the European court);
- Expert examination of draft bills and normative acts;
- Conducting trainings, round tables, press-conferences;
- Publishing work.

Results and lessons learned

- More people will be granted asylum, status, citizenship.
- Migrants will receive access to social rights.
- The project is also aimed at the improvement of public attitude towards migrants, mollification of xenophobia, elimination of discrimination.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Title:</th>
<th>MIGR/2006/120-173 Enhancing Capacities in the Area of Protection and Treatment of Refugees and Asylum Seekers in Zakarpattya /Western Ukraine</th>
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<tbody>
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<td>8/12/2006 – 7/09/2008</td>
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<td>Beneficiaries</td>
<td>Refugees / Asylum Seekers, legal Counsellors in the camps, local Migration Authorities, national Migration Authorities</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

Project Summary

Objectives
- Contribute to the improvement of counselling, protection and registration of refugees while being detained and during all phases of their asylum procedure
- Contribute to the establishment of qualified legal counselling and representation before asylum authorities
- Contribute to the improvement of cooperation and exchange of migration authorities and NGOs specialised in the field

Activities
- Six legal counsellors are providing counselling to detainees and asylum seekers;
- Regular coaching (training on the site) of legal counsellors;
- Distribution of food, clothing, shoes, sanitation and hygiene material;
- Medical and psycho-social counselling for detainees and asylum seekers;
- Distribution of bedding to detainees and asylum seekers;
- Establishment of an interpretation service;
- Accomodation of 20 vulnerable asylum seekers during asylum procedure;
- Training courses for social workers, lawyers and legal interns, border guards etc.;
- Training courses for 6 lawyers and 9 legal interns;
- Four Internships for lawyers;
- Training on organisational development;
- Six coordination meetings between Border guards, Migration Authorities, NGOs, UNHCR;
- Two Networking conferences for Laywers, judges, Migration authorities;

Results and lessons learned
- Asylum seekers and detainees have access to asylum procedures, legal protection and free professional and qualified legal counselling
- Detainees and asylum seekers are provided with water, food, sanitation, medical care, interpretation to meet their protection needs.
- Asylum seekers have means of accommodation and subsistence during their procedure in the region
- Asylum seekers are treated in a humane way by social workers working in the camps
- Legal advisers are extensively trained on migration, alien and asylum law and are able to transfer theoretical knowledge into practice.
- Legal advisers are motivated to work with asylum seekers and show a social attitude towards their clients
- Regular contact, exchange and mutual acceptance between legal counsellors and the asylum authorities is established
- Raised awareness of official bodies
- Border officials are equipped with clear guidance on the appropriate standards of treatment of detainees and asylum seekers;
Title: MIGR/2006/120-176
Strengthening Asylum and Protection Capacity in Ukraine by Enhancing the Capacity of Governmental and Civil Society Stakeholders in a Participatory Approach and Cross-sector Co-operation

Programme: Aeneas
Year of funding: 2005
Overall budget: € 534,397,23
EC contribution: € 427,517,78
Implementing Partners: Dansk Flygtningehjälp
Location: Ukraine
Sub-sector: Asylum and protection
Project Duration: 1/02/2007 – 30/04/2009
Beneficiaries: The State Committee of Ukraine on Nationalities and Migration, the regional Migration Services, State Border Service, Ministry of Justice and a number of asylum and refugee organisations.

Project Summary

Objectives
Overall objective(s):
- To ensure that the Ukrainian asylum and refugee system is able to function in a transparent manner and in accordance with principles based on human rights and rule of law and in a participatory approach with civil society capacities

Specific objective:
- To develop and to improve RSD procedures and practices through assistance to relevant authority bodies
- To strengthen the rights and obligations of asylum seekers by enhancing the capacity of relevant NGOs
- To increase awareness of implementation gaps in asylum and refugee protection through authority and civil society dialogue

Activities
Core activities include:
- The secondment of a Danish Refugee Status Determination (RSD) Expert to work within the SCNM and a DRC Civil Society Coordinator to work with the capacity building of a selected number of NGOs.
- In addition, a conference and a number of seminars and meetings will be held for both government agencies and civil society actors to create inter-institutional and civil society-government co-operation thereby enhancing the collected capacity to provide better asylum procedures and refugee protection.
- Finally, a study on the implementation gaps of RSD in Ukraine will be created to support programme activities and raise awareness of the RSD constraints in Ukraine.

Results and lessons learned

Observance of the rights and obligations of asylum seekers and refugees – especially the principle of non-refoulement and the improvement of the capacity of Ukraine to cope with asylum seekers and refugees.
**Title:** MIGR/2006/120-195  
**Strengthening capacities and cooperation in the identification of forged and falsified documents in Ukraine**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Programme</th>
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<td>Beneficiaries</td>
<td>State Border Guards Service, Consular Department, MoFA, Department of Citizenship, Immigration and Registration of Individual Persons, MoI, State Committee for Nationalities and Migration, Security Service</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Project Summary

**Objectives**

To contribute to an increased effectiveness in the fight against illegal migration by the Ukrainian authorities.

**Specific objectives**

- Enhanced cooperation and information exchange between Ukrainian authorities involved in the fight against illegal migration
- Strengthened capacities of the staff of agencies involved in the fight against illegal migration to detect forged and falsified travel documents

**Activities**

**Inception:**

- Assessment Mission and Report, including draft training curricula and manuals;
- Launching Conference;
- Study visit to partner countries;

**Module 1:**

- Workshops on EU good practices and development of an information exchange mechanism;
- Pilot Phase;
- Evaluation of the exchange mechanism

**Module 2:**

- Workshop on training concept;
- Adaptation of curricula and manuals;
- Validation through trainings (train-the-trainers system);
- Publication of finalised manuals after pilot phase;
- Development of educational video on identification of forged/falsified documents;
- Purchase of document control equipment for Border Guards.

**Results and lessons learned**

- More effective control of travel documents by the Ukrainian authorities;
- Effective handling of modern document control equipment;
- Improved cooperation between authorities involved in illegal migration within Ukraine, and also with neighbouring EU countries.
Project Summary

Objectives

- The overall objective of the action is to facilitate the development of the asylum system in Belarus.
- The specific objective is to develop an effective referral system in order to ensure the respect of the principle of non-refoulement.

Activities

- Establishment of a UNHCR - IOM - NGO border monitoring mechanism at all strategic entry and exit points of the country;
- Strengthening of the capacity of two Belarusian NGOs through provision of training and technical assistance;
- Improving of mechanisms for referral of asylum-seekers by border authorities and police to the migration authorities, through provision of training and vehicles to the parties concerned;
- Legal counselling and social assistance to the identified asylum-seekers with a particular emphasis on the needs of the most vulnerable in an age and gender sensitive manner through strengthened NGO networks within the framework and resources of this programme;
- Preparation of training materials and specialized courses on asylum and migration issues at the Academy of the MIA, the Institute of National Security, the Military Academy, where border troops and police officers are trained/retrained;
- Provision of technical assistance to three training institutions for border troops and police, to establish libraries and internet research centres with specialisation on refugee and migration issues;
- Implementation of an Assisted Voluntary Return Programme (AVRP);
- Implementation of public awareness activities, to ensure increased understanding of the relevance of refugee protection, international norms, and the difference between economic migrants and refugees, with a view to improving the protection environment in Belarus.
- Preparation and dissemination of publications.

Results and lessons learned

- Persons seeking asylum have access to the territory, asylum information and procedures at airports and borders.
- Asylum applications are referred from the Border Troops and the police to the responsible authorities and applicants are released from detention.
- Migration policies of Belarus, programmes as well as sub-regional and cross regional exchanges on migration management, implemented by other international organizations, account for human rights and refugee protection issues.
- Processes are developed so that relevant authorities in Belarus, have the tools and knowledge to operate a voluntary return system based on established best practices; to review and further develop practices and processes in the current systems into sustainable, government-managed systems in Belarus, ensuring the rights of migrants willing to participate in AVRP are upheld.
- Xenophobic trends diminish in favour of increased protection and understanding of the public at large of the relevance of refugee protection and the difference between economic migrants and refugees.
Title: MIGR/2006/120-233
Support to Migration Policy Development and Relevant Capacity Building in Armenia

| Programme | Aeneas |
| Year of funding | 2005 |
| Overall budget | € 845,607 |
| EC contribution | € 676,485,60 |
| Implementing Partners | The British Council, International Center for Human Development NGO, Migration Agency of the Ministry of Territorial Administration Armenia |
| Location | Armenia |
| Sub-sector | Migration management |
| Project Duration | 15/12/2006 – 15/12/2009 |
| Beneficiaries | Ministries and Governmental Agencies, policy makers and civil society actors |

Project Summary

Objectives

Stemming illegal migration and developing adequate policies and infrastructure for the management of migration issues.

Activities

- Raising people’s awareness on issues, costs, risks, rights and responsibilities associated with migration; contribute to the development of public demand for an improved legal framework;
- Create a structure responsible for providing advice and reintegration assistance to Armenian nationals returning from abroad. Material help will be envisaged, if at all possible, in order to further minimize the risk of repeated emigration;
- Assisting state agencies in the process of drafting legislation and regulating migration.

Results and lessons learned

- Reduced flow of illegal migration;
- Increased number of returnees;
- Migration laws adopted;
- Comprehensive answers to urgent questions provided via Internet;
- Level of public awareness of migration issues further raised;
- Public provided with accurate information on migration;
- Society and political support to legal reforms created.
Project Summary

Objectives

To help the Moldovan Government develop a sound legal, regulatory and institutional framework, which will enhance the impact of remittances on economic development by facilitating increased investment of migrant resources in SMEs in the Republic of Moldova

Activities

1. Development of a National Remittances Programme
   a. Comprehensive Legislative and Regulatory Framework
   b. Assessment Network Visit the Philippines

2. Capacity Building for the Ministry of Economy and Trade
   a. Human and Infrastructural Resource Development
   b. Establishment of the National Organization for SMEs

3. Improving Remittances Data Collection
   a. Migration & Remittances Survey 2007
   b. Working Group on Migration & Remittances Data

4. Improving Financial Literacy of Migrant Workers and their Families
   a. Development of Information System for Migrant Workers
   b. Fostering Partnerships between Financial Institutions in Destination Countries and Moldova to Promote the Use of Formal Transfer Channels
   c. Entrepreneurship Education and Training
   d. Development of a Business Start-up Almanac

5. Facilitation of Linkages of Remittances with Financial Services
   a. Review of Loan and Deposit Services to Detect Possibilities to Attract Remittances
   b. Institutionalization of a National Referral System on SMEs
   c. Capacity Building of Financial Institutions to Provide Innovative Financial Services

6. Building Bridges with Diasporas
   a. Conference on Diasporas and Remittances
   b. Information Campaign in Moldova

Results and lessons learned

1. The ability of the Moldovan government to implement the overall strategy to utilize remittances for economic growth improved;
2. The institutional, human and infrastructural resource capacities of the Ministry of Economy and Trade strengthened, to implement policy related to SME development;
3. The reliability of migration and remittance data and the capacity of the government to collect, share and apply such data improved;
4. Financial literacy among migrant workers improved;
5. The performance and innovative nature of traditional and non-traditional financial institutions offering services linked to remittances improved;
6. Linkages between the government with its Diaspora strengthened and awareness raised among Moldovan migrants and migrant households on investments opportunities in RM.
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<td>Ukrainian, Moldovan and International Law Enforcement, Legislators and Judiciary and governmental authorities; Civil society</td>
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**Project Summary**

**Objectives**
The project aims at the eradication of trafficking in human beings in Ukraine and Moldova by advancing the efforts of relevant authorities and civil society in addressing protection and socioeconomic reintegration, prosecution and criminalization as well as prevention and advocacy.

**Activities**
- Medical-Rehabilitation Center and Assistance/Reintegration assistance, medical, legal, psychological, etc;
- Support national referral mechanism (NRM) to achieve increased identification of the victims of trafficking and facilitation of sustainable VoT socioeconomic reintegration process through regular monitoring and evaluation;
- Support of 5 regional shelters and 1 transit shelter (phase out);
- Return Assistance to victims of trafficking from countries without return programmes;
- Social Worker Certification of NGO partners working on reintegration;
- Training for Judges and training;
- Capacity building for lawyers of victims;
- Provision of equipment to the new Counter-Trafficking Department in Ukraine;
- Labour Migration Assessment;
- Developing and incorporating educational curriculum on human trafficking into secondary and technical schools programs;
- Awareness raising and engagement of religious workers to combat trafficking in humans.

**Results and lessons learned**
1. Reintegration Assistance to VoTs through partner network, with a minimum of 400 victims of trafficking assisted in Ukraine and 240 in Moldova.
2. A yearly 15% increased number of identified, returned, and referred trafficking victims for assistance in Ukraine.
3. Increased competency of judges and victim lawyers within trafficking-related cases resulting in enhanced protection of the VoTs’ human rights through court procedures resulting in increasing number of successful investigation and willingness to testify.
4. Enhanced capacity and cooperation among judicial and other relevant authorities concluding in increased number of joint investigations and an increase numbers of effectively executed Mutual Legal Assistance requests resulting in an increased number of successful prosecutions.
5. An increase in the number of trafficking-related convictions.
6. Improved ability of Ukrainian law enforcement bodies to effectively counteract the trafficking crime.
7. Increased knowledge on labour migration, its gender dimensions and other characteristics through research.
8. Enhanced general public awareness on trafficking/labour migration issues.
9. Institutionalized trafficking prevention curriculum within Ukraine’s educational system.
10. Improved cooperation and information sharing regarding counter-trafficking activities with partners in countries of destination.
11. Enhanced capacity of the Ukrainian civil society to address trafficking in persons phenomenon aiming at national sustainability.
12. Increased coordination and communication between different partners.
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<th>Title:</th>
<th>MIGR/2006/120-262 Enhancing Development Impact of Remittances and Promoting legal migration in Rural Communities.</th>
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</table>

**Project Summary**

**Objectives**
To enhance the development impact of labour migration and remittances in migrant sending areas through remittance-linked education and investment initiatives as well as promoting legal migration through information dissemination and training of community based entities on reality of labour migration.

**Activities**
- Provide financial education to migrant households to improve their capacity to effectively manage, save and invest their income to meet their household needs;
- Build capacity of local community actors and community based entities to promote legal migration through trainings and consulting.
- Facilitate and enhance the investment of migrant remittances in viable individual and/or collective economic livelihood activities through the provision of micro-credit grants;
- Create Migrant Household Associations (MHA) in fifteen Jamoats (Rural Communities) to help facilitate collective investment of migrant remittances for development projects;
- Set up IP telephony and internet café in each Jamoats under JRCs to improve communications in rural communities through contribution of migrants remittances and donor’s funds incentives.
- Conduct follow-up research “Economic Dynamics of Migrants’ Remittances” in Rasht Valley to supplement the similar research conducted in Khatlon Oblast.

**Results and lessons learned**
- Improved financial literacy among migrant workers and their families. Specifically, increased knowledge about remittance channels and investment opportunities;
- Established community-based mechanism to facilitate the pooling of migrant remittances for local community development projects;
- Promoted legal migration among community residents;
- Established Migrant Household Associations (MHA) in fifteen Jamoats (Rural Communities) to help facilitate collective investment of remittances for community development projects;
- Conducted follow-up research “Economic Dynamics of Migrants' Remittances” in Rasht Valley.
Project Summary

Objectives

- Develop Russian migration authorities' legislative and technical capacity in return management including AVR, and readmission;
- Provide technical assistance and build effective mechanisms for return and readmission to and from the RF;
- Facilitate Russia's dialogue and practical cooperation on return and readmission with relevant countries in the region and with the EU.

Activities

- Review of RF migration legislation, research on irregular migrants;
- IM Law trainings, study tours for migration officials, technical workshop, final seminar on readmission conducted, RA manual CD training module;
- Inter-ministerial and inter-regional consultations;
- Technical assistance to readmission centre and AVR to migrants.

Results and lessons learned

- Report on legislative/technical/administrative needs for RF to implement EU-RF RA.
- Research Report on the profile and scale of the migrant group to be potentially readmitted to the RF under the EU-RF agreement.
- Needs of the pilot/model readmission centre gauged technical assistance provided.
- Greater RF capacity to receive non-Russian returnees for further repatriation.
- 150 RF governmental officials dealing with migration issues are trained in International Migration Law with a focus on return and readmission.
- Training materials developed, including MoI interactive training module, practical manual on readmission, with recommendations on RA implementation.
- At least 100 irregular migrants assisted in voluntary return from EU to Russia and from Russia; support provided to reintegrate 20 vulnerable returnees.
- Info-sharing and operational cooperation between RF and CIS states improved.
- Facilitated process for RA development between RF and regional migration authorities
- Recommendations and plan for continuing dialogue between origin-transit-destination countries agreed during the final regional stakeholders seminar.
Title: MIGR/2007/130-486
ENHANCING ASYLUM CONDITIONS AND INTERNATIONAL PROTECTION IN THE REPUBLIC OF MOLDOVA

Programme Aeneas
Year of funding 2006
Overall budget € 625.000
EC contribution € 500.000
Implementing Partners Save the Children, Migration and Asylum Bureau, MoI; UNHCR Moldova; Charity Centre for Refugees; Society for Refugees.
Location Moldova
Sub-sector Asylum and protection
Project Duration 1/02/2008 – 31/01/2011
Beneficiaries Civil servants, medical staff of the Hospital of the MoI, social workers; asylum seekers and refugees; persons benefiting from humanitarian protection; representatives of civil society and mass media; local communities

Project Summary

Objectives

- Persons seeking asylum have access to proper medical screening and assistance;
- Recognised refugees and persons benefiting from subsidiary protection are provided real possibilities to integrate into Moldovan society;
- Asylum seekers and refugees have access to improved social assistance services provided by the state and non-state social services providers;
- Xenophobic trends diminish in favour of increased protection and understanding of the public at large of refugee protection; increased awareness on subsidiary protection obligations among Government officials.

Activities

- Establishment of a medical laboratory including the procurement of medical equipment to provide medically screen new asylum seekers and to provide adequate medical assistance; training of medical staff;
- A package of measures aimed at facilitating the local integration of recognized refugees:
  - Civic induction training
  - Romanian language training
  - Vocational training, including training to female refugees
  - Job placement support through internship arrangements with public and private companies in Moldova
  - Identification of communities to host recognized refugees / providing in-kind grants to hosting communities
- Documentation of persons benefiting from humanitarian protection;
- Implementation of training activities for social services providers;
- Implementation of a PI/PA campaign, including publications, press conferences and press releases, PI items to increase understanding of the public at large of refugee protection and awareness on subsidiary protection obligations among Government.

Results and lessons learned

1. Medical screening and assistance will be available to all asylum-seekers entering Moldova and eventual medical conditions will be diagnosed at an early staged and managed properly; the NGO-Government efforts will result in partially assuming health care responsibilities in the future; the co-ordination between NGO and government institutions dealing with refugee issues will be strengthened.
2. Refugees will be treated in compliance with international standards and will receive the same treatment as nationals; recognized refugees will be better prepared for integration and self-reliance in Moldova and thus opt to build a future in the country, their dependence on outside assistance will decrease.
3. Enhanced capacity of the government refugee authority to manage socio-economic issues related to asylum seekers and refugees; improved social assistance will be available to all vulnerable asylum seekers and refugees.
4. The Moldovan society at large will display a more supportive attitude towards asylum; persons in need of international protection will have unimpeded access to the territory of the Republic of Moldova and to the asylum procedures.
Title: MIGR/2007/130-367
“Safe bridges for migrant workers”: pilot initiatives in Moldova and Ukraine

Programme Aeneas
Year of funding 2006
Overall budget € 876,517,53
EC contribution € 701,214,02
Implementing Partners Istituto Sindacale per la Cooperazione allo Sviluppo ISCOS-Cisl; Veneto Lavoro/ Veneto Region, Italy; IAL Friuli Venezia Giulia, Italy; CSRM Moldovan Trade Union, Moldova; Federation of Trade Unions of Ukraine (FPU), Ukraine; Free Trade Union Confederation of Ukraine (KVPU), Ukraine
Location Moldova and Ukraine
Sub-sector Labour migration
Project Duration 15/02/2008 – 14/02/2011
Beneficiaries Trade Union operators in Moldova and Ukraine, civil society and NGO actors, actual and would-be migrant workers

Project Summary

Objectives
Overall objective: Contributing to the development of legal and sustainable labour migration channels among the countries concerned, and preventing consequences of trafficking and exploitation of migrant workers.

The specific objective consists in creating an innovative information and orientation system for actual and would-be migrant workers from Moldova and Ukraine to Italy.

Activities
• Elaboration and Production of Training Materials;
• Setting up 1 Web Portal;
• Setting-up of the Distance Training tool to provide training courses on Italian language and on labour skills selection methodology;
• Selection of training participants;
• Delivery of 2 Training courses at local level, in Kiev and in Chisinau;
• Delivery of Long-Distance training;
• Carrying out 6 Pilot Actions (3 in Moldova and 3 in Ukraine);
• Elaboration, Production and Dissemination of leaflets publicizing the setting-up of info-points;
• Follow up and on-going assistance/monitoring
• Organisation of 1 Awareness-Raising Seminar in Moldova;
• Organisation of 2 Awareness-Raising Seminar in Ukraine;

Results and lessons learned
• Training materials for training sessions and for on-line (WBT) training elaborated and produced;
• 1 Web Portal elaborated and set up;
• Distance training tool elaborated and set up;
• 2 Training Courses delivered at local level
• Long-Distance training delivered;
• 6 Pilot Actions (3 Info-Points in Moldova and 3 Info-Points in Ukraine) carried out;
• Leaflets publicizing the setting-up of info points elaborated, produced and disseminated;
• Monitoring and Follow up assistance provided: 2 field missions
• 1 Awareness-Raising Seminars organized in Moldova;
• 2 Awareness-Raising Seminars organized in Ukraine;
Title: MIGR/2007/130-131
Regulating labour migration as an instrument of development and regional cooperation.

Programme: Aeneas
Year of funding: 2006
Overall budget: € 1.199.578,45
EC contribution: € 959.662,76
Implementing Partners: ILO, ILO International Training Centre Turin (ITC)
Location: Kazakhstan, Kyrgyzstan, Tajikistan
Sub-sector: Labour migration
Project Duration: 1/03/2008 – 28/02/2011
Beneficiaries: Ministries of Labour of Kazakhstan, Kyrgyzstan, Tajikistan and other concerned Ministries and Agencies; Planners and policy makers; Employers’ and Workers’ Organisations; NGOs concerned with migration issues; Migrant Associations; Migration Researchers and Institutes; Regional Organizations: the CIS and regional dialogue initiatives.

Project Summary

Objectives
Overall objective: To ensure the development of a more comprehensive strategy for labour migration and more effective regulation of migration flows in Central Asia.

Specific objective: To develop shared policies, legislation and administrative tools for the management of labour migration in Kazakhstan, the Kyrgyz Republic and Tajikistan, building on participation and engagement of relevant stakeholders at the country and regional levels.

Activities
- 9 national studies completed on 3 labour migration topics;
- 3 sub-regional comparative studies compiled, encompassing the topics addressed in the national studies from a regional integration perspective; 6 final studies are published, as part of ILO Migration Paper series;
- Overall 3 National Seminars and 3 Sub-Regional Seminars organised in 3 years;
- Focal points are designated at the national and regional levels among different stakeholders (government, employers and workers) and form Tripartite Committees;
- National Tripartite consultation mechanisms are conveyed;
- National Tripartite Committees issue recommendations for the National and Regional thematic consultations on labour migration;
- Specialised advisory packages and targeted training sessions;
- Specific consultations on harmonisation of labour migration policies are held at the sub-regional level, involving Tripartite Constituents;
- Constituents participating to the sub-regional consultations formulate proposals/recommendations on harmonisation of labour migration policies, legislation and practices.
- 1 interactive Central Asia website on labour migration is designed and developed;
- 1 CD-Rom containing all the studies and related publications is produced for wide dissemination to different stakeholders;
- Data on Central Asia are integrated into the global International Migration Database for facilitated interaction with other concerned origin, transit and destination countries.

Results and lessons learned
- Support is provided to the Ministries of Labour in each country for the establishment/strengthening of working units capable of elaborating, applying and administering national labour migration policy.
- Recommendations and commitment to implement the harmonisation of labour migration policies and practices in Kazakhstan, Kyrgyz Republic and Tajikistan are formulated through tripartite regional consultative mechanisms.
- Stakeholders’ engagement and co-operation both at the national and at the regional levels are consolidated through formalisation of ‘social dialogue’ tripartite mechanisms on labour migration.
- Awareness and capacity of stakeholders at the national and regional levels are enhanced to enable their competent and sustained engagement in policy formulation, monitoring and evaluation.
- Production, updating and sharing of labour migration data, knowledge and normative standards are enhanced, both at the national and at the regional level.
MIGR/2007/130-082
GDISC Ukraine – Capacity Building and Technical Support to Ukrainian authorities to Effectively Respond to Irregular Transit-Migration (ERIT). A comprehensive and complementary approach to migration management support in Ukraine

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Project Summary

Objectives

Overall objective: 
To improve the Ukrainian end-to-end migration management system.

Specific objectives:
• To enhance the initial reception capacities
• To improve asylum management capacities
• To enhance the country-of-origin information management capacities
• To improve the long-term detention conditions for illegal migrants
• To strengthen capacities in return management
• To enhance capacity in visa management (in line with EU standards)

Activities

• Preparatory planning missions
• Capacity-building through training, followed by State-to-State transfer of expertise from GDISC migration officials to their Ukrainian counterparts (‘coaching’ and ‘twinning light’ concept)
• Study visits to partner countries
• Support for strategies (development of a visa action plan and an operations manual on return)
• Upgrading of equipment (for screening and detention centres)

Results and lessons learned

• Enhanced capacity in:
  • a) screening asylum seekers and illegal migrants;
  • b) asylum procedures, including access to an international pool of interpreters;
  • c) collecting and applying country-of-origin information;
  • d) managing detention centres;
  • e) dealing with return and
  • f) visa management

• Upgraded screening centres and improved detention conditions for illegal migrants
• Reviewed policies and support tools, such as a visa action plan and an operations manual on return
BrainNet-working Programme

Year of funding: 2006
Overall budget: € 1.164.851,93
EC contribution: € 931.881,54

Applicant: UNIVERSITÀ DEGLI STUDI DI ROMA ‘LA SAPIENZA’ – Dipartimento di Studi Politici
Implementing Partners: C.R.S. Caritas of Rome, Province of Rome, AURIS (Italy), E-Laborando (Italy); University of Madrid (Spain); Civic Action (Moldova); University of Moldova, Municipality of Chişinău; International Charitable Foundation, Caritas Ukraine, Equilibre Solidarity (Russian Federation)
Location: Moldova, Ukraine, Russia
Sub-sector: Labour migration
Project Duration: 8/12/2007 – 8/12/2009
Beneficiaries: Local employment centre of Chişinău (MO), Employment Centres in East-Europe

Project Summary

Objectives
To create an effective and sustainable support programme aimed at the reintroduction of Eastern European migrants in their countries of origin after an experience of on-the-job training in the EU, enhancing capacity building and creating a transnational cooperation framework in support of employment centres’ activities and international labour mobility.

Activities
- Data collection, analysis and database publishing;
- Preparation of legal framework for the traineeship programme and Labour Windows;
- Creation of Labour Windows, including training, network, experimentation of 2 operative pilot structures, 3 feasibility studies;
- Creation and realisation of two editions of Traineeship Programme, including technical assistance in selection of trainees, training and 5 months stage on the job;
- Placement of returned trainees in home country Moldova;
- Dissemination Activities, including website, local sensitisation actions and final transnational Conference in Chişinău;
- Scientific evaluation.

Results and lessons learned
(i) Start-up of Network of Labour Windows;
(ii) Two operative Labour Windows - one in Italy and one in Moldova;
(iii) Adequate contractual frameworks for temporary migration from Moldova, Ukraine and Russia to the EU;
(iv) Operative and evaluated auto-sustainable trainee-programme, with feasibility studies for duplication in other countries;
(v) 40 trainees trained in EU and reintroduced in their country of origin.
Title: MIGR/2007/130-518
Enhancing Asylum Conditions and International Protection in the Republic of Belarus

Programme: Aeneas
Year of funding: 2006
Overall budget: € 625.000
EC contribution: € 500.000

Applicant: Borders troops Faculty of the Military Academy of the Republic of Belarus
Implementing Partners: State Border Troops Committee; Ministry of Internal Affairs; Academy of the Ministry of Internal Affairs; Warrant Officers’ School in Brest; Frontier Research Centre of the Border Troops; Minsk Air Border Unit; Brest Border Unit; Grodno Border Unit; Pinsk Border Unit; Gomel Border Unit; UNHCR Belarus.

Location: Republic of Belarus
Sub-sector: Asylum and protection
Project Duration: 20/12/2007 - 20/12/2009

Beneficiaries: State, academic and research institutions involved in asylum and refugee protection in the Republic of Belarus; civil servants; border and police cadets; border and police students; border and police officers; representatives of civil society; mass media.

Project Summary

Objectives
The overall objective of the project is to further develop and improve the asylum conditions in Belarus in line with international standards.

The specific objectives of this project are:
- Asylum–relevant institutions become more effective and independent of external support and the cooperation between them and the relevant educational institutions is strengthened
- Persons seeking asylum have improved access to the territory and asylum procedures
- Increased awareness on the protection needs of asylum seekers among government officials and students.

Activities
- Support to establish computer class rooms and English language laboratories in three border guards educational institutions;
- Establishing an Internet Centre to study and analyze problems related to asylum seekers and refugees, develop teaching materials, publications, guidelines and practical recommendations;
- Technical assistance for five selected border units and educational institutions;
- Technical assistance support to the Academy of the Ministry of Internal Affairs to train and raise the level of professional skills of officials working with foreigners and stateless persons seeking asylum;
- Support to the Academy of the Ministry of Internal Affairs to conduct researches in the field of migration, study and analyze migration trends in the Republic Belarus, develop recommendations on effective migration control, as well as collect, process and structure the Country of Origin Information.
- Implementation of a training programme to raise the level of professional skills of border and police officers.
- Implementation of a PI/PA campaign to increase the awareness on the specific protection needs of asylum seekers and refugees.

Results and lessons learned
- Cooperation between the government and educational institutions dealing with migration and refugee issues will be promoted and strengthened;
- Government and educational institutions will have more advanced skills to deal with asylum seekers and refugees; they will become aware of the difference between economic/irregular migrants and asylum seekers;
- Targeted technical assistance and training to border, migration and asylum authorities will enhance their independence of external support; relevant authorities will become better equipped to deal with migrants, refugees and asylum seekers;
- Representatives of government and educational institutions, students and public at large will become more receptive to the protection and solution needs of refugees;
- Persons in need of international protection will have improved access to the territory of Belarus and to the asylum procedures.
4. Southern and Eastern Asia migratory routes

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Title:</th>
<th>MIGR/2005/103-522 Enhanced Capacity Building in Migration Management to Support Effective Return and Sustainable Reintegration of Returnees to Sri Lanka</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Programme</td>
<td>Aeneas</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Year of funding</td>
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<tr>
<td>Overall budget</td>
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<tr>
<td>EC contribution</td>
<td>€ 1.873.464</td>
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<tr>
<td>Implementing Partners</td>
<td>International Organisation for Migration</td>
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<tr>
<td>Location</td>
<td>Sri Lanka</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sub-sector</td>
<td>Return and Reintegration</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Project Duration</td>
<td>13/12/2005 – 12/09/2008</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Beneficiaries</td>
<td>200 unsuccessful asylum seekers or irregular migrants, Government migration management personnel and policy makers</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Project Summary

Objectives
The overall objective is to enhance capacity in Sri Lanka to promote and assist the voluntary return and the sustainable reintegration of unsuccessful asylum seekers and irregular migrants and to implement the readmission agreement.

Specific objectives:
- To enhance the capacity of the Government of Sri Lanka to manage migration with a particular focus on return migration.
- To enhance measures to assist in the sustainable reintegration of returning migrants.
- To promote the voluntary return of unsuccessful asylum seekers and irregular migrants stranded either en route to, or in member states of the European Union.
- To increase capacities to manage migration effectively at entry and exit points.
- To support inter-agency cooperation and exchange of information with a focus on readmissions.

Activities
The project will facilitate the return and reintegration into Sri Lanka of 200 adult returnees. Special attention will be devoted to returnees’ accompanying children. The following activities will support this:

- Ensure that logistical arrangements and funding for returnee services are available at the pre-departure stage.
- Provide return travel and arrival assistance to returnees.
- Provide post-arrival support and implement and develop the livelihood assistance programme.
- Support socio-cultural reintegration into communities.
- Increase GOSL technical capacity to detect false papers including breeder documents.
- Improve the veracity of travel documents, including passports.
- Establish data collection and reporting mechanisms and enhance data analysis capacity; improve cooperation and exchange of data between relevant Government institutions; and improve internal operational policies.
- Ascertaining the need for institutional restructuring and provide recommendations.

Results and lessons learned
200 voluntary returnees from Europe and/or stranded in transit while en-route to European destinations, including their accompanying children as applicable return and reintegrate in Sri Lanka through the project.
Project Summary

Objectives

The overall objective of the project is to contribute to the promotion of rights and gender-based governance of labour migration and the protection of Asian migrant workers from exploitative and abusive treatment.

Activities

- Research and Policy Studies
- Analysis of the Gendered Impacts of Trade Agreements on Migration
- Development of Case Studies
- Principles and guidelines for a Regional Framework for Managing Labour Migration
- Asian Sub-Regional Tripartite Dialogues on Labour Migration
- Support to national migration policy development
- Asian Regional Dialogues on Labour Migration
- Pilot projects on: Good practices in migration management, Enhancing tripartism in migration policy, Awareness raising on impact of trade on migration, Enhancing capacity of women migrant workers, Social security scheme for migrant workers

Results and lessons learned

- Officials of Ministries of Labour will be better informed of policies and practices in other parts of Asia, as well as in other parts of the world, especially on how to better organize the migration of workers in keeping with good practices elsewhere, including ensuring that workers have the required travel documentation and permits to work, employment contracts that meet minimum standards, are aware of their rights and responsibilities, and are not the victims of fraudulent recruitment or trafficking.

- Officials of various other ministries and other duty bearers will have become more familiar with the implications of labour migration for their respective functions and responsibilities.

- Workers’ organizations will have become more aware of the problems and issues facing migrant workers as well as the country of origin as a whole, and what they can contribute to the protection of their migrant workers abroad such as through soliciting the cooperation of affiliate organizations abroad, providing information to departing migrant workers, taking part in campaigns to report and prosecute traffickers, etc. They will also have acquired the information and knowledge to participate meaningfully in debates on migration policy and to render advice to the Government.

- Employers’ organizations will have become more aware of the impact and consequences of migration not only on enterprises but more importantly for the country and economy as a whole. They should be in a better position to take part in tripartite dialogues on migration and to render advice not only on policy but also on improving the efficiency of its administration.

- Advocates and intermediaries will have enhanced services and better information regarding employment opportunity overseas, access to resources and benefits at all stages of the migration process.
| Title: | MIGR/2005/103-523  
Regional Dialogue and Program on Facilitating Managed and Legal Migration Between Asia and the European Union (EU) |
<table>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Programme</td>
<td>Aeneas</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Year of funding</td>
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<td>Overall budget</td>
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<td>EC contribution</td>
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<tr>
<td>Implementing Partners</td>
<td>International Organisation for Migration</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Location</td>
<td>Asia, with focus on Bangladesh, India and Philippines</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sub-sector</td>
<td>Legal migration</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Project Duration</td>
<td>13/12/2005 – 12/12/2008</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Beneficiaries</td>
<td>Officials in 10 ministries responsible for overseas employment, private recruitment agencies, NGOs, migrant workers</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Project Summary**

**Objectives**

- To enhance government and private sector capacity to place workers legally in the EU and in occupations which are in shortage there (while surplus in the country of origin), as well as to foster regional cooperation efforts among major Asian labour sending countries and with the EU in promoting legal labour opportunities and reducing irregular migration.
- To have potential migrants well informed about legal labour migration opportunities and procedures, and the risks of resorting to irregular migration, with regards to the EU member States as a destination.

**Activities**

- Training in administering an overseas employment programme with special reference to market research and marketing
- Training and information dissemination on labour migration opportunities and procedures in selected EU Member States
- Establishment of national overseas employment market research focal points
- Update national manpower and skills profile in relation to foreign employment demand
- Enhance quality of education and certification process
- Build capacity of private sector in placing workers through training and networking and strengthening legal and administrative framework to prevent recruitment abuses
- Organise a senior officials and Ministerial consultations among labour sending states and main destination countries in the EU
- Implement pilot action for the placement of workers in existing schemes in the EU
- Building the capacity of national partners as migrants’ resource centres for provision of advice to potential migrants.
- Undertaking information campaigns with national partners to inform potential migrants of the risks of irregular migration including illegal recruitment, regular migration options and regulations of both receiving and sending states
- To introduce and strengthen pre-departure orientation programmes

**Results and lessons learned**

- Enhanced capacity in ten countries/labour ministries and 30 officials and technical personnel trained in Ministries of labour who will be able to further impart training themselves at the national level.
- Enhanced capacity in ten countries/50 recruitment agencies.
- Enhanced cooperation between ten Asian labour sending countries and the EU and at least five countries of destination in the EU on the management of labour migration between the two regions.
- Three hundred workers placed.
- Over 5000 workers benefit from Europe specific pre-departure orientation
| Title: | MIGR/2005/103-671  
2005/2006(a) - MIGRAMACAU (Migration Macao) |
<table>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Programme</td>
<td>Aeneas</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Year of funding</td>
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<tr>
<td>Overall budget</td>
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<td>EC contribution</td>
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<td>Implementing Partners</td>
<td>Cabinet of the Secretariat for Security issues in the Macao special administrative region</td>
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<tr>
<td>Location</td>
<td>China; Macao Special Administrative Region</td>
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<tr>
<td>Sub-sector</td>
<td>Migration management</td>
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<tr>
<td>Project Duration</td>
<td>20/12/2005 – 20/12/2007</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Beneficiaries</td>
<td>Police officers of the Macao Public Security Police, staff of the Identification Bureau, prosecutors and personnel of the Legal and Judicial Training Centre.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Project Summary

**Objectives**

The aim of the MIGRAMACAU action is to ensure a more effective management in all aspects of migration flows, including the prevention and combating of illegal migration and trafficking of human beings through the cooperation with countries in the region and the coordination with the EC.

**Activities**

**Migration perspective:**
- To plan and implement training courses, conferences and visits;
- To boost cooperation by promoting regional dialogue with other countries and regions on the basis of multilateral and bilateral agreements;
- To exchange data (on migration flows, etc.) especially with the regions and countries where the migrants are originated;
- To participate in working groups, meetings, conferences and symposiums.

**Asylum perspective:**
- To assist the needy legal immigrants depending on the demand of the labour market;
- To form social integration projects in the areas of education, health, and social security;
- To grant temporary access to centres where basic necessities, medical and educational services are provided.

**Common Perspectives**
- To continue cooperation with the departments of the regions and countries where the migrants are originated;
- To maintain official contacts;
- To exchange information and data especially with the regions and countries where the migrants are originated.

**Results and lessons learned**

Through this action, the personnel of the Macao Security Police and the staff of the Identification Bureau have better knowledge of the trends of migration movements, the security features of the travel documents of other regions and their measures to combat and prevent illegal migration. As for the prosecutors and the personnel of the Legal and Judicial Training Centre, their capacities in the area of policies and legislation is improved.
Title: MIGR/2006/120-244  
Capacity Building For Migration Management in China

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Programme</th>
<th>Aeneas</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Year of funding</td>
<td>2005</td>
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<tr>
<td>Overall budget</td>
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<tr>
<td>EC contribution</td>
<td>€ 1,999,639,08</td>
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<tr>
<td>Implementing Partners</td>
<td>IOM, ILO</td>
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<tr>
<td>Location</td>
<td>China</td>
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<tr>
<td>Sub-sector</td>
<td>Migration management</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Project Duration</td>
<td>1/01/2007 – 31/12/2008</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Beneficiaries</td>
<td>The activities will mainly target law enforcement officials, migration management officials, diplomatic/consular staff involved in migration processes in the PRC and selected EU MS, Chinese and European business actors in EU MS and potential migrants.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Project Summary

Objectives
- To contribute to the reduction of illegal migration from, into and through the PRC, including to the EU
- To support the enhancement of the national capacity for migration management in the PRC
- To contribute to building a sustainable and viable network of partnerships and cooperation in the area of migration between the administration of the PRC and EU MS
- To increase mutual understanding and knowledge of respective approaches to migration and migration management between the PRC and the EU

Activities
1. Development of a Comprehensive Approach to Migration Management through a set of workshops on Chinese migration laws, policies and regulations
2. Improvement of Migration Management Operational Systems through capacity building activities to relevant PRC ministries, in the form of three training workshops on travel document security, biometrics and risk profiling and identification of potential trafficking victims, & one ToT and training on document inspection equipment
3. Highly structured study tours for PRC officials to EU MS and exchange visits for EU MS officials to the PRC to share expertise and continue to build and strengthen networks between the administrations, particularly on technical and operational cooperation, and a one day technical meeting on Chinese unaccompanied minors (UAMs).
4. Building upon existing studies undertaken by IOM and ILO, IOM will conduct research on Chinese migration to Europe with particular focus on current trends of illegal migration and an assessment of the effectiveness of EU MS policies on stemming illegal migration.
5. Promoting international cooperation on basic approaches to stemming illegal migration based on a comparative review of Chinese and selected EU MS legislation on stemming illegal migration with a capacity building workshop for PRC and EU MS legal experts to share expertise and establish common ground.
6. Capacity building of the PRC to effectively license and monitor recruitment agencies based on ILO’s manual on monitoring recruitment agencies, and a 2-day training seminar targeting Chinese and European labour recruitment agencies on self-regulations and promotion of ethical recruitment.
7. Awareness-raising campaigns, emphasising the considerable risks of illegal migration, targeting potential migrants in the high-risk regions of north-east and south-east China.
8. Three meetings in EU MS, involving European and Chinese businesses, researchers and EU MS law enforcement officers, to address the demand side of illegal labour migration and discuss viable options.

Results and lessons learned
- Enhanced sharing of expertise between PRC and EU MS administrations;
- PRC officials and EU counterparts equipped with updated knowledge on irregular migration flows and patterns, and the policy implications for future cooperation;
- Shared assessment between the PRC and EU MS of respective laws, regulations, and identified areas for improved cooperation in order to stem illegal Chinese migration;
- Heightened awareness of risks of illegal migration amongst potential migrants in PRC;
- Increased capacity to license and monitor recruitment agencies by PRC and increased self-regulation of recruitment agencies;
- Dialogue between EU law enforcement officials and Chinese and European business actors on possible viable alternatives to illegal labour migration from China.
Title: MIGR/2007/130-599
Improving Knowledge of Remittance Corridors and Enhancing Development through Inter-Regional Dialogue and Pilot Projects in SE Asia and Europe (Special Focus on the Philippines and Indonesia)

Programme: Aeneas
Year of funding: 2006
Overall budget: € 1.061.989,00
EC contribution: € 849.591,20
Implementing Partners: International Organization for Migration
Location: Indonesia and the Philippines
Sub-sector: Labour Migration
Project Duration: 01/02/2008 - 31/07/2009
Beneficiaries: Migrants from South-East Asia (SEA) countries; remittance recipients in SEA countries; government institutions dealing with migration, remittances and development issues in concerned EU and SEA countries; SEA diaspora groups.

Project Summary

Objectives

- Enhance national development planning in Indonesia and the Philippines through the generation of new remittance data in important corridors within SEA and those linking SEA to Europe which are understudied and/or difficult to measure;
- Provide a forum for inter-regional dialogue, information exchange and cooperative development planning;
- Strengthen the capacity of government, civil society, diaspora groups and other main actors in SEA and EU to engage more effectively in development-enhancing initiatives in SEA;
- Improve remittance transfer services, promote remittance transfers through formal financial institutions and support initiatives which enhance savings and/or investment in productive projects which promote development in SEA.

Activities

- **Data Collection:**
  - Mapping of remittance corridors for the Philippines and Indonesia;
  - Collection of extended data in primary SEA/Europe remittance corridors and in important regional SEA corridors, with focus on the following corridors: from the EU to South East Asia:
    - Italy to the Philippines,
    - the Netherlands to Indonesia,
    - Informal flows from Malaysia to the Philippines and Indonesia.

- **Policy Dialogue:** Convening of a Euro-Asian Remittance & Development Dialogue with policy makers and government officials, financial institutions, civil society and diaspora and other stakeholder organizations from the Philippines and Indonesia, together with relevant remittance-sending countries in Europe.

- **Pilot Projects:**
  - Provision of information to Filipino and Indonesian migrants on remittance transfer options and costs;
  - Provision of capacity building and support to Filipino and Indonesian diaspora organizations in SEA and EU host countries (Italy and the Netherlands), to increase capacity to contribute to development projects in their home countries via philanthropic donations and other forms of investment.

Results and lessons learned

Increased ability of participating governments and appropriate organizations, stakeholder entities and agencies, to execute respective efforts in using remittances as a tool to enhance national development.
Title: Promotion of Rights, Capacity Building Measures and Initiatives to Curb & Temporary Migration including Human Smuggling & Trafficking (C-PRISM)

Programme Aeneas
Year of funding 2006
Overall budget € 1.387.565,23
EC contribution € 1.110.052,18
Implementing Partners Action Aid Co ltd
Location PAKISTAN; The action in Pakistan will be focused in four geographical areas; Karachi (Sindh), Peshawar (NWFP), Quetta (Balochistan) and in Rahim Yar Khan (Punjab)
Sub-sector Smuggling and Trafficking on human beings
Project Duration 10/12/2007 - 10/12/2009
Beneficiaries The direct beneficiaries will be approx. 500 Community Organisations (COs), 250 senior level members of the law enforcing agencies and relevant decision makers/stakeholders. The final (and indirect) beneficiaries are over 4.5 million vulnerable migrants, illegal immigrants, victims of human smuggling and trafficking.

Project Summary

Objectives

To contribute to bringing about wide-spread awareness on the prevalence of the issues of Illegal Migration, Human Smuggling and Trafficking, and, through this process support national and international initiatives to reduce and prevent the occurrence.

Activities

- Establishment of Community Organisations that will act as focus organs in awareness building, reporting and counselling on the issues;
- Capacity building of Community Organisations (including basic training in organisational formulation, management and reporting) and wherever necessary of the second tier partners and like-minded NGOs;
- Coordination and liaison with Government Organisations and Law Enforcement Agencies directly and indirectly concerned with the issue sets addressed by the project;
- Review of existing laws and policies that have a direct bearing on the proposed action and issue set;
- Organising seminars on existing policy and on coordinated and symbiotic actions with government agencies in Pakistan, Afghanistan (mainly) and with other countries affected by the issue set;
- Promotion of the action by visibility actions that highlight the issue set and create wide-spread awareness on who to deal with the issues of illegal migrants particularly to Europe and other countries, human smuggling & trafficking;
- Supporting the existing government actions and creating a sustainable network of like-minded NGOs.

Results and lessons learned

- Increased awareness and support for issues related to illegal immigration, temporary migrants, illegal aliens;
- Enhanced understanding of COs towards the reasons and steps to check human smuggling and trafficking;
- Enhanced awareness and understanding of the law enforcing agencies towards the subject matter including their cognizance towards rights of victims of human trafficking and smuggling;
- Collective application of measures for reintegration of temporary migrants.
Title: MIGR/2007/130-512
Creating a Legal and Sustainable Environment for Trafficked Humans from and in Cambodia (CETHCam)

Programme | Aeneas
Year of funding | 2006
Overall budget | € 2,499,998.06
EC contribution | € 1,999,998.45
Applicant | ICCO (Interchurch Organisation for Development Cooperation)
Implementing Partners | NGO Coalition to Address Sexual Exploitation of Children in Cambodia (Lead Partner) and Ockenden Cambodia, Chab Dai
Location | Cambodia
Sub-sector | Trafficking; reintegration
Project Duration | 01/01/2008 - 31/12/2010
Beneficiaries | Trafficked or (irregular) migrated humans, in particular children and youth; NGO and Government staff; local leaders and community activists; law enforcers and court officials.

Project Summary

Objectives
- Strengthen institutions, procedures and systems to reduce trafficking in and smuggling of human beings, in particular children and youths, in order to protect and enable trafficked and migrated individuals and families to return to their homes;
- Generate sustainable income through decent work; and reintegrate fully in to their community.

Activities
- Strengthening institutions, systems and procedures to facilitate law enforcement and protection, return and reintegration of trafficked and irregular migrated persons, in particular children and youth.
- Capacity building to assist and empower trafficked and migrated persons in need of recovery and rehabilitation support for reintegration.
- The establishment of a national coordinated system for protection and victim assistance.

Results and lessons learned
- A better adjusted and improved legal framework to facilitate the return of trafficked and migrated persons and families and their sustainable reintegration into society.
- Apprehension and prosecution of traffickers and exploiters will have been increased through an improved legal framework and better law enforcement.
- A core of studies describing and analysing the situation of the beneficiaries before and after reintegration.
- Awareness of and capacity to deal properly with migrant issues will have been enhanced.
- Mechanisms and procedures will be in place on a national scale to target and select trafficked and migrated persons in need of support for reintegration and to document their former and future situation and welfare;
- A national coordinated system of skill building and social readjustment will be established to increase the capacity of beneficiaries to re-enter society and find decent and sustainable income sources;
- A national coordinated system of services will be introduced with sufficient resources to assist selected beneficiaries to find employment, to be self-employed or start a micro-enterprise resulting in at least a total of 2,500 persons who remain successfully reintegrated after one year (success rate about 80%).
Title: MIGR/2007/130-548
Capacity Building of Filipino Migrant's associations in Italy and Spain and Philippine Government institutions to promote development

Programme: Aeneas
Year of funding: 2006
Overall budget: € 736,332,66
EC contribution: € 580,230,14
Applicant: Scalabrini Migration Centre
Implementing Partners: Commission on Filipinos Overseas - CFO (Philippines), Fondazione per le Iniziative e gli Studi sulla Multiethnicità - ISMU (Italy) and University of Valencia – UV (Spain)
Location: Philippines, Italy, Spain
Sub-sector: Migration and Development
Project Duration: 22/12/2007 - 22/12/2010
Beneficiaries: Leaders of migrants’ associations in Italy and Spain; policymakers and key staff of national and local government agencies in the Philippines.

Project Summary

Objectives

- to advance the understanding of the migration-development nexus among migrants’ associations and in Philippine institutions as a key factor in promoting national and local development;
- to promote cooperation between migrants’ associations and national and local institutions in the Philippines.

Activities

- Research activities: data concerning Filipino migrant’s associations and Filipino migrants' transnational practices will be collected in Italy and Spain; information concerning programs and initiatives to involve overseas Filipinos in development programs in the Philippines, examples of good practices and cooperation with overseas Filipinos will be collected in the Philippines. A country report will be produced per research site;
- Training activities: training materials will be developed and produced. There will be two sets of training materials: one set for the capacity-building of migrants’ associations; another set for the capacity building of policymakers, development and migration officers. Training programs will be implemented;
- Implementation of workshops/forums and dissemination activities

Results and lessons learned

- Filipino migrants’ associations in Italy and Spain identified, listed and profiled
- Transnational practices of Filipino migrants in Italy and Spain, diaspora-supported projects, and potential interest in partnering with Philippine institutions collected and analyzed
- Data on diaspora-supported projects in the Philippines, good practices and models of cooperation, knowledge and views of Filipino policymakers, development and migration officers about the migration-development nexus, and potential interest in partnering with migrants’ associations collected and analyzed
- Filipino migrant leaders in Italy and Spain and policymakers in the Philippines have completed the training programs
- The results of the action documented and widely disseminated in Italy, Spain and the Philippines for wider discussion and for possible replication
Title: MIGR/2007/130-550
Prevention of trafficking in children, youth and women in Myanmar and support for the return and reintegration of trafficked victims.

Programme: Aeneas
Year of funding: 2006
Overall budget: € 673,024
EC contribution: € 538,419,20
Applicant: World Vision UK
Implementing Partners: University Christian Work (Myanmar SCM), The Myanmar Council of Churches, Yangon Kayin Baptist Women’s Association
Location: Myanmar
Sub-sector: Trafficking; reintegration
Project Duration: 30/11/2007 - 30/11/2010
Beneficiaries: Women, children and youth who are vulnerable to be trafficked in the targeted areas; trafficked victims from China, India, Malaysia and also internally trafficked persons.

Project Summary

Objectives
- To strengthen collaboration and cooperation among government and non-government agencies working on trafficking at community level.
- To enhance capacity of staff and local partners to enable them to more effectively combat trafficking.
- To protect returned trafficking survivors from the situation which my lead them to be trafficked again and to successfully reintegrate them into their communities.
- To prevent vulnerable populations from becoming victims of trafficking by engaging them in vulnerability reduction programmes and to educate them on how to protect themselves from being trafficked en route or upon arrival at their destinations.

Activities
- Form coalitions with partners to share information and lessons learned for use in developing local anti-trafficking initiatives.
- Develop capacity building initiatives to address trafficking; Identify, form and train suitable community-based groups; Community based groups conduct awareness raising activities in their community; Conduct situational analysis annually to keep on top of trends and patterns of trafficking in order to develop effective trafficking prevention strategies; Develop and disseminate communication materials and educational materials that engage communities and partners in combating trafficking in their sphere of influence.
- Provide return and reintegration support to trafficked survivors; Provide assistance to trafficked victims involved in prosecution procedure; Sensitise community members on the causes and consequences of trafficking as a result of demand factors in order to reduce stigma on trafficked victims.
- Identify trafficking vulnerability factors and root causes of trafficking and develop action to address those developed; Different vulnerability reduction activities benefit vulnerable groups and individuals who choose to remain in their home locations; Develop and implement migrant focused initiatives that aim to prevent migrants from trafficking.

Results and lessons learned
- Coalitions formed with partners to share information and lessons learned for use in developing local anti-trafficking initiatives.
- Capacity building initiatives developed, suitable community-based groups identified, formed and trained, awareness raising activities in communities, situational analysis conducted annually, communication materials and educational materials developed and disseminated.
- Return and reintegration support to trafficked survivors provided, assistance provided to trafficked victims involved in prosecution procedure and community members sensitised on the causes and consequences of trafficking.
- Trafficking vulnerability factors and root causes of trafficking identified and action to address those developed, vulnerable groups and individuals who choose to remain in their home locations benefited from different vulnerability reduction activities and migrant focussed initiatives that aim to prevent migrants from trafficking developed and implemented.
Combating trafficking and debt bondage of Indonesian migrants in South East Asia: piloting a replicable demonstration model for international cooperation

Programme: Aeneas
Year of funding: 2006
Overall budget: €1,270,681.10
EC contribution: €978,424.45
Applicant: ASBL INTERNATIONAL CATHOLIC MIGRATION COMMISSION - EUROPE
Implementing Partners: Indonesian State Ministry for Women’s Empowerment (Kementerian Negara Pemberdayaan Perempuan - KPP); Tenaganita of Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia.
Location: Indonesia, Malaysia
Sub-sector: Trafficking
Project Duration: 07/12/2007 - 07/12/2009
Beneficiaries: Legislators, government administrators, law enforcers, civil society activists; survivors of trafficking; vulnerable Indonesian women and girls most at risk of trafficking.

Project Summary

Objectives
To curb the extensive trafficking of Indonesian women and children to the Malaysian State of Sabah, aided and abetted by debt-bondage, through a replicable demonstration programme for bilateral cooperation.

Activities
- Conduct situation analysis in six Indonesian provinces on eastern trafficking route to Sabah and in six municipalities in Sabah
- Conduct workshops and develop materials that utilize situational analysis results to raise awareness, build political will, educate and motivate stakeholders to combat trafficking of persons along the eastern trafficking corridor to Malaysia.
- Build capacities of legislators, administrators, police, prosecutors and civil society to enforce new Indonesian anti-trafficking law and currently available Malaysian laws.
- Initiate and support the establishment of district, municipal and cross-border counter-trafficking task forces as mechanisms for information exchange and coordination of action to combat trafficking.
- Provide training and technical assistance to district and municipal governments to develop and implement strategic plans to combat debt bondage and trafficking
- Local initiatives will be started in sending provinces for strengthening capacities of extremely vulnerable women and girls to resist traffickers; and in Sabah and two transit provinces, for shelters, counselling, and livelihood options for survivors
- Workshops will be conducted to build capacity of CBO / NGO collaborators
- Develop, publish and profile a “How to Manual” programme manual, endorsed by the cross-border task force, Government Agencies of Malaysia and Indonesia.

Results and lessons learned
- Focussed research on trafficking abetted by debt bondage is available on six targeted Indonesian provinces and six Sabahan municipalities
- Municipal, district, provincial and national administrators, legislators, law enforcement, and Civil Society Organizations (CSOs) demonstrate increased understanding of trafficking and express political will for action in their local areas.
- Government, law enforcement and CSO personnel demonstrate increased knowledge of relevant anti-trafficking (AT) legislation and accordingly apply knowledge to establish counter-trafficking task forces (CTTFs), prosecute traffickers and give legal recourse to survivors
- Local and / or national governments commit financial and /or in-kind resources to AT action plans developed
- People at risk of trafficking in six Indonesian source provinces provided with options and information that mitigate the risk of debt bondage and trafficking/re-trafficking
- Survivors of trafficking on Indonesia’s eastern trafficking route have access to and benefit from a coordinated network of protection, recovery and reintegration services.
- The number of persons trafficked from the six selected Indonesian provinces to the primary destinations in Sabah decreases by 20 percent annually.
- A demonstration programme model developed and profiled for replication in other key regions between Indonesia and Malaysia and other source and receiving countries.
5. Latin American and Caribbean routes

Title: MIGR/2006/120-130
Model for the optimization of immigrant remittances: Trans-national network actions to improve remittance use.

Programme: Aeneas
Year of funding: 2005
Overall budget: € 942,152.23
EC contribution: € 753,721.78
Implementing Partners: Union de Cooperativas Madrilenas de Trabajo Asociado Asociacion
Location: Ecuador
Sub-sector: Migration and Development - Remittances
Project Duration: 27/12/2006 – 27/12/2008
Beneficiaries: Ecuadorian immigrant population residing in Spain and the recipients of their remittances in Ecuador (families and communities)

Project Summary

Objectives
To generate and validate a sustainable model for cooperation that, based upon the strengthening and creation of networks (mainly of social economy), is able to generate an efficient use of the remittances that immigrants send to their countries of origin, guaranteeing that some of these flows are used to generate self-employment and to support social development projects.

Activities
- Development of a trans-national network to design the Remittance Optimization Model: participative workshops with Development NGOs, Spanish banks, companies and individuals from Andean countries residents of Spain, Immigrant organisations.
- Network development in Ecuador.
- Design of the Model: protocols, communication system, support etc.
- Meetings and agreement with the Spanish banking sector to offer better saving, loan and remittance conditions to Ecuadorian residents.
- Research in Ecuador to identify a bank of ideas within two fields: business ideas and solidarity projects.
- Implementation of the model through the WEB page and network actions.
- Dissemination campaign in Spain among the Ecuadorian population to foster the use of the model, specially targeted to young people and immigrant relatives in order to prevent illegal migration and favour investment in the country.
- Technical assistance to 12 micro-enterprises. Support to 50 solidarity projects.
- Trans-national dissemination and transferability.

Results and lessons learned
- The Model itself that will be published in English and in Spanish (1500 prints);
- The WEB page of the project that will contain the model and its protocols and tools;
- A bank of ideas with business ideas and solidarity projects (published in paper format-1000 prints- and on the WEB page);
- A trans-national protocol of technical assistance to support company creation (published in paper format-1000 prints -and on the WEB page);
- 12 micro-enterprises created, 50 local projects (Ecuador) supported by Andean nationals resident in Spain, and transferability in Spain and Italy.
Title: MIGR/2006/120-228 (EC) COLOMBIAN - ECUADORIAN MIGRATION MONITORING SERVICE (SCEM) Establishing a Colombo Ecuadorian Observatory of International Migration and strengthen relevant policies, and preventive actions concerning migration. (OCEMI)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Programme</th>
<th>Aeneas</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Year of funding</td>
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<td>Overall budget</td>
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<td>Location</td>
<td>Colombia and Ecuador</td>
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<td>Sub-sector</td>
<td>Migration management</td>
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<tr>
<td>Project Duration</td>
<td>28/12/2006 – 28/06/2009</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Beneficiaries</td>
<td>National, departmental and local governmental authorities and NGOs</td>
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</table>

Project Summary

Objectives
To influence the public policies on human rights and development in migratory contexts both in Colombia and Ecuador.
To contribute to strengthen relations between Colombia and Ecuador regarding migration issues.

Activities
- Observation and knowledge of migratory dynamics and development of proposals and policies in Colombia and Ecuador.
- Information dissemination and awareness on migration issues in Colombia and Ecuador.
- Offering information, guidance and advice to migrant populations.
- Promotion of public debate on migratory policies in the departments of the Valle del Cauca, Antioquia, Cundinamarca and Bogota D.C. in Colombia and Cuenca, Guayaquil and Quito in Ecuador.
- Sponsoring and co-financing local initiatives for development in municipalities of high migratory impact.

Results and lessons learned
- Joint initiatives on the migratory situation between Colombia and Ecuador implemented;
- A rule of law project on migration presented to the Congress of Colombia and Ecuador;
- Studies on the areas of investigation by the proposed Colombo-Ecuadorian Entity to Monitor International Migration (OCEMI) published;
- Increased awareness through various communication strategies;
- Consultations provided by the Center of Information to Migrants of Colombia (SENIM) and by the Center for Migrants in Ecuador (CAM).
- Four projects for local development formulated in participation groups. At least two projects for local development co-financed by the Project, the migrant community and/or the national, departmental or municipal governments of Colombia.
Project Summary

Objectives
Provide Spain and Colombia with a consolidated, improved and replicable model to effectively regulate temporary labour migration and support the generation of wealth in both countries.

Activities
a) Document, analyse, systematize and standardize the model and its effects on regular migration in countries of origin and destination;
b) Promote the use of the TCLM in Colombia and Spain to facilitate regular migration;
c) Implement information and sensitisation campaigns of the model including information on irregular migration and its consequences;
d) Promote, discuss and disseminate the benefits of the TCLM model among different stakeholders for its consolidation and replication;
e) Provide technical cooperation to the legislative body in Colombia in the design and implementation of public policies on migration;
f) Follow up on implementation of the new legislation;
g) Provide technical assistance to labour migrants on how to link remittances to local development;
h) Promote, review and adjust current legislation and regulations as well as credit criteria;
i) Train labour migrants in project design, administration, financial aspects and entrepreneurial concepts;
j) Follow up on implementation of business plans and projects;
k) Facilitate the exchange of experiences and knowledge between host countries and countries of origin;
l) Generate data collection on remittances flows, including formal and informal remittance channels, usage patterns, transfer mechanisms, good practices and attitudes and preferences regarding savings and investment schemes.

Results and lessons learned
a) Deeper knowledge and improved understanding of migration flows;
b) Prevention of irregular migration;
c) Respect for the human rights of the labour migrants in the country of origin and the host country;
d) Optimisation of human and financial resources;
e) Public policies designed taking into consideration the TCLM model;
f) Labour migrants trained in Colombia and in host country;
g) Co-development initiatives in the host country optimised and complemented in the country of origin;
h) Social, human and economic capital benefiting labour migrants’ families and communities of origin and the society in general;
i) Improved data collection of remittance flows and spending patterns;
j) Increase in remittances invested in social and income generating projects.
### Project Summary

#### Objectives

**Overall objectives**
- To foster the improvement of border management and related data collection in Bolivia.
- To promote the enhancement of Bolivian travel documents, including the securisation of their issuance process.
- To support the return and reintegration process of illegal and stranded Bolivian migrants willing to return voluntarily.

#### Activities

- **Strengthening border management.** This entails undertaking a comprehensive border assessment of key border points, with detailed recommendations on short to medium term improvement. Specific focus will be put on enabling and enhancing data capture and sharing, inclusive of biometrics, at 3 selected sites, with data collection and sharing piloted at these sites.
- **Technical support to travel document issuance.** Provision of technical and financial support to assess and secure the issuance system through the capture of biometrics images (facial and fingerprints) at the issuance site. This will be complemented by training on travel document inspections and securing the issuance process.
- **Voluntary return** of 100 irregular Bolivian migrants stranded within the region and particularly in European countries, coupled with socio-economic assistance for reintegration. This will include an assessment of the potential returnee caseload within the host countries to assess their return and reintegration needs, motivations and to further inform activities that support the sustainability of return.

#### Results and lessons learned

1. Detailed recommendations to improve border management, with a specific focus on data capture and sharing.
2. 3 key border points supported to capture, store and share exit and entry border data, including of biometrics. This will be supported by staff training on relevant operational system (150, 50 on the 3 sites), and provision for infrastructure upgrade at 10 border posts.
3. Bolivian travel document assessed and a secure issuance process promoted through the use of ICAO compliant biometrics images to ensure one identity per applicant, thus reducing fraudulent access to the Bolivian passport.
4. Up to 300 government staff of SENAMIG and UPACOM trained in travel document inspection and securing the issuance process.
5. 100 stranded migrants from Europe and within the region assisted to return voluntarily and provided with support to reintegrate into their communities of origin in Bolivia.
6. Detailed recommendations provided on voluntary return migration management, on the sustainability of voluntary return.
Title: MIGR/2007/130-609
Prevention of illegal migration and abuses of asylum system from Colombia.

Programme: Aeneas
Year of funding: 2006
Overall budget: € 636,066,73
EC contribution: € 508,853,38
Applicant: COMISIÓN ESPAÑOLA DE AYUDA AL REFUGIADO (CEAR)
Implementing Partners: Gobernación del Valle del Cauca, Comité Permanente por la Defensa de los Derechos Humanos - Cali (CPDH), Universidad Santiago de Cali (Centro de Derechos Humanos), Asociación Nacional de Ayuda Solidaria (ANDAS) seccional Valle del Cauca.
Location: Colombia
Sub-sector: Irregular migration
Project Duration: 20/12/2007 – 20/12/2009
Beneficiaries: Entities and organisations in the country of origin and destination that play an important role in the way on how migratory processes are originated and develop: international organisations, national and local authorities, private entities and organisations of the civil society

Project Summary

Objectives
Contributing to prevent migration, which has origin in illegal channels, as well as trafficking of women; contributing to the effective application of the Right of Asylum; Contribution to guarantee the respect form migrants rights.

Activities

1.1. Training the trainers at public and private entities on the national realities on asylum and migration (exchange of professionals)
1.2. Training professionals of public and private entities on alien law, asylum and migration.
1.3. To adapt technical documentation on alien and asylum legal frames
2.1. To ease the centralization of information on migration
2.2. To train and provide information to potential migrants
2.3. To adapt and improve practical documentation on migration
3.1. To undertake a public awareness campaign on dangers and consequences of using irregular immigration channels.
4.1. To train on national realities in relation to causes of migratory movements and its consequences (exchange of professionals)
4.2. To investigate on Human Rights situation (causes, characteristics, means used by Colombian migration and its consequences, including cases and testimonies)
5.1. To strengthen the cooperation among public and private entities in the area of migration

Results and lessons learned

1. Increased knowledge and analysis on behalf of professionals of public and private entities on the national realities on migration and asylum.
2. Potential migrants informed on legal channels for migration, rights and obligation of migrants, regulations and general conditions in the reception country.
3. Awareness of potential victims about dangers and consequences of using irregular migration channels.
4. Increased knowledge and analysis on the causes, characteristics and jeans used by Colombian migration (Valle del Cauca) and consequences.
5. Strengthened information exchange and transactional cooperation mechanisms in relation to migration flows.
Project Summary

Objectives
Strengthen national and Central American capacities in the formulation and implementation of policies and programmes that improve understanding of international migration, contribute to reducing the risks of migration while taking advantage of opportunities for human development based on the ties the migrants maintain with their families and places of origin.

Activities
- Design, purchase, set up and training of migration management platform
- Central American Demonstration of Integrated Technological Platform
- Applied research, workshops and conferences on migration key issues
- Planning, implementation and systematization of pilot local experiences
- Workshops and trainings for students, professors and members of the media on migration and human development.
- Implementation of three regional research projects

Results and lessons learned
- Technological platform for the integrated management of migration functioning and producing quality data to be used for public policy analysis
- Nine concrete policy proposals concerning migration and human development
- Pilot projects in three municipalities impacted by migration lead to policy proposals and replicable models to promote sustainable local development
- Skills improved among academics, in universities and research institutes, and among members of the press to influence public opinion and policymaking.
6. Global initiatives

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Title:</th>
<th>MIGR/2005/114-838 Promoting Innovative Migrant Remittances in Africa, Asia, Eastern Europe and Middle East</th>
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<td>Beneficiaries</td>
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Project Summary

Objectives
To support innovative remittance services that are cost-effective, easily accessible, and that widen the economic opportunities of the rural poor. This will be achieved through a Financing Facility for Remittances (FFR) that initiates a demand-driven, competitive process to select the strongest project proposals. The FFR aims to stimulate partnerships between credit unions, postal networks, banks, international money transfer and local financial service providers.

Activities
Creating a Financing Facility for Remittances (FFR) based in Europe to select and fund innovative remittance proposals outside Latin America;

Supporting the second phase of the IFAD and IADB/MIF in Latin America and the Caribbean region with a special focus on EU/LAC remittances corridors, while creating strong coordination mechanisms, synergies and cross-learning between the two facilities.

Possible types of actions that may be financed under the proposed initiative includes:
- Market research and analysis and feasibility studies;
- Identification, design, pilot testing or up-scaling of remittance services;
- Development of innovative partnership/linkage models;
- Training/capacity building to enhance the capacity of financial intermediaries to provide money transfer services;
- Critical investment in financial infrastructure to improve remittance services; and,
- Identification, testing and up-scaling of community investment schemes.

Results and lessons learned
- Increased access to remittances, by enabling local financial institutions to provide this service directly or act as the agent of commercial banks and remittance operators;
- More efficient access to remittances together with the provision of diversified financial services (e.g., linking remittances to saving mobilization, loans, insurance);
- Strengthened resource-base of local financial institutions through the management of remittance flows;
- Creation of more formal remittance systems, as opposed to informal systems; and,
- Expansion of strategic partnerships between formal financial institutions (e.g., commercial banks, cooperatives banks) and microfinance operators in order to facilitate access to remittances and other financial services by the rural poor.
Institution and capacity-building in asylum in North Africa Algeria, Morocco, Tunisia, Libya, Jordan, Lebanon and Syria

Programme: Aeneas
Year of funding: 2006 (Targeted project)
Overall budget: € 5.000.000
EC contribution: € 4.000.000
Applicant: UNHCR
Implementing Partners:
Maghreb: Main partners in North Africa will be the Governments of Morocco, Libya, Tunisia, and Algeria, as well as UN agencies, the UN Country Teams (UNCTs), the EU, IOM, ICMPD, international and local NGOs, civil society and refugee representatives. Mashrek: In Jordan, the implementing partners will be the Ministry of Health, the Ministry of Education, Caritas Jordan, the Mizan Law Group and the Jordan Hashemite Charity Organization; in Lebanon, Caritas Lebanon; and in Syria, the Ministry of Education, the Syrian Red Crescent, Caritas Syria, Ibrahim El Khalil Convent, and El Rai-Saleh Convent.
Location: Global
Sub-sector: Asylum and protection
Project Duration: 1/01/2007 – 31/12/2008
Beneficiaries: Refugees and asylum-seekers; National Governments, civil society, and in a broad sense all migrants moving through North Africa

Project Summary

Objectives
- Within the context of the migration-asylum nexus, strengthen protection mechanisms for asylum-seekers and refugees and support national capacity building in protection sensitive migration management (Maghreb).
- Strengthen the protection mechanisms in Jordan, Syria and Lebanon, with particular focus on Iraqi refugees and asylum-seekers (Mashrek).

Activities

Maghreb: Establishment of an efficient and fair asylum-system in all four countries, and support to national capacity building for comprehensive migration management (collaboration of key partners, data collection and analysis, protection-sensitive entry management, reception, profiling and referral, differentiated processes and procedures and search for durable solutions for refugees, addressing secondary movements, return arrangements and alternative migration options for non-refugees and development of information strategies).

Mashrek: Sensitization of authorities to the plight of Iraqi refugees, systematic registration and documentation of Iraqis approaching UNHCR, Refugee Status Determination activities for persons with specific protection needs, community-based assistance projects, resettlement for recognized refugees, systematic monitoring of places of detention, provision of legal services through NGOs and bar associations, organization of two conferences/workshops.

Results and lessons learned

Maghreb: The foundations of a functioning national migration and asylum management system based on human rights principles, are put in place. UNHCR will manage the asylum procedures in all countries, with the overall goal to hand-over these responsibilities to national Governments. As for the management of the non-refugee component of the flows, partners will take responsibility for the various groups and the responses to be given.

Mashrek: The Governments of Syria, Lebanon and Jordan will continue to provide temporary protection (TP) for Iraqi refugees. The deterioration of the protection climate will halt, and refugees in need of protection will receive UNHCR assistance. The most vulnerable refugees and asylum-seekers will have access to basic services.